<u>Title:</u> Budgetary Considerations Underlying Potential Merger of the RBHS Subunits Robert Wood Johnson Medical School and New Jersey Medical School into One Medical School

<u>Description:</u> Investigate any relevant financial issues that will emerge if there is a proposed merger of RWJMS and NJMS. Make necessary recommendation to the Senate.

Committees being charged: Budget and Finance Committee Issued

Jan 6, 2023 Executive Council Meeting

Charge Status: Pending Due Date: May 24, 2023

Note: A complementary Senate Ad Hoc Committee (Ad Hoc Committee on Continued Assessment of Ongoing Merger Process of New Jersey Medical School and Robert Wood Johnson Medical School) was created after this charge was issued to continue to investigate the broader questions relating to the merger of the medical schools. An initial report of the Senate Ad Hoc Committee to Review Proposal for Merger of the Medical Schools was presented to the Senate on March 29, 2023.

The present charge was issued in January, 2023, prior to the July, 2023 Board of Governors' vote on the proposed medical school merger. This charge was specifically aimed to understand the budgetary issues of the merger, with the goal of providing transparency of this process to the Rutgers community. The BFC aims to continue to work collaboratively with the Ad hoc committee to complete this important work.

### **Resolution:**

Be it resolved: the Rutgers University Senate recommends:

- 1) Detailed information about fiscal concerns, including costs relating to the administrative structure and branding be provided to the Senate.
- 2) Annual reports be made available to the Budget and Finance Committee (BFC) regarding contracts relating to the merger, including consultants, branding, transportation, new administrative staff, and extensive time commitment from faculty. These should be provided without the need to file OPRA requests.
- 3) Sources of funding for new projects aimed at providing equivalent services to the two schools be identified and disclosed.
- 4) Reports be made to BFC on new fund-raising directed towards the merged medical schools and student tuition/fellowships.
- 5) Transparency should be provided about clinical faculty, revenue, and compensation between the two campuses/schools.
- 6) A copy of this document be sent to the Chair, Vice Chair and ranking member of the NJ Higher Education committee of the State Senate and Assembly for their consideration in preparation of budgetary outlays in the coming fiscal years.

The Senate concludes that costs of the proposed integration are not defined and may be significant. Providing transparency and openness about these costs is prudent and responsible to safeguard the best interests of the University.

### **Executive Summary:**

The Senate Budget and Finance Committee (BFC) pursued charge S-2302 in the expectation that transparency and candor would be provided by those responsible for the proposed merger. In the course of our work, however, no detailed plans for financial and other important aspects of the proposed merger have been provided to the BFC. In July of 2023, The Board of Governors (BoG) approved a concept of a merger, with explicit recognition that a plan would need to be created in the next five years. The BFC expected that there would be a fiduciary interest by the BOG and Rutgers University prior to approval of a merger.

### **Chronological Background:**

- 1. 2020: Concept and Senate questions (See appendix).
- On Feb. 21, 2020, Chancellor BL Strom introduced the concept of merging Rutgers' medical schools at a Rutgers University Senate meeting in Camden. Since that time, the Senate solicited over 300 questions from constituents concerning the proposed merger. The Senate BFC actively participated in this process, and assembled a panel of questions related to the proposed cost, budget, and planning of this merger. The list of questions was condensed, creating a *short list of financial and other questions* (attached in Appendix).

### 2. 2022: Consultants hired to address Senate questions

- In September of 2022, Rutgers Biological and Health Sciences (RBHS) officials engaged ECG Management Consultants (ECG: costs attached) to address questions from the University Senate. Quite remarkably, none of the groups assembled by ECG for input addressed questions relating to budget or finance.
- This point was raised on Dec. 19, 2022, at the single Town Hall held by ECG to discuss the merger. Prior to that meeting, ECG had stated that budget would be discussed; although a break-out group named "Administration" was provided, *the Town Hall included no discussion of budget*.
- 3. Jan, 2023: Chancellor's Report to Senate: "Merger Light"
- On Jan. 31, 2023, Chancellor Strom submitted a report to the Senate entitled, "Envisioning the Future of Academic Medicine." A copy of this report is included in the Appendix. In this report, issues of budget were limited to the following points:
- "Other key considerations: Determine the budget for and implementation costs of the proposed medical school merger, including any incremental administrative requirements."
- Question: "What is the anticipated cost of integrating the medical schools?"
- <u>Answer:</u> "A key objective in developing an integrated model will be to avoid any unnecessary duplication of administrative infrastructure already being provided by the medical schools, RBHS, or university. **As such, we do not expect the costs of the proposed integration to be significant** [Ed. Emphasis]. The only elements of integration with direct costs known to date are the hiring of consultants (ECG and Dr. Janis Orlowski) to facilitate and coordinate the development of this report. Potential future costs may include additional external assistance in certain planning and implementation activities, LCME and other accreditation related expenses, the possible implementation of transportation options between campuses, and the expense of rebranding once the schools are merged."

- <u>Question:</u> "Will each school/campus budget be held harmless and receive comparable funding once integrated as in prior years?"
- <u>Answer:</u> "Yes. There are no anticipated budget changes for each campus post-integration. Each campus would maintain its own budget and accountability for its own operational and financial performance."
- <u>Question:</u> "What are the budget, revenue, revenue cycle, and funds flow models for an integrated medical school?"
- <u>Answer:</u> "Because we do not expect the budgets of NJMS and RWJMS to merge, these processes/models (i.e., budget, revenue, revenue cycle, and funds flow) would also not be expected to change and would remain locally managed at each campus."

A key point to note is that these answers are not associated with any actual numbers. Neither specific costs nor cost-savings are identified. The BFC and the Senate expected that a quantitative analysis of costs would be provided.

- 4. Interactions of Senate with President Holloway, Chancellor Strom and BoG
- **July 7, 2023**-Special Executive Council meeting. Discussion of the Response to S-2303: Review Proposal for Merger of the Medical Schools. The EC passed a <u>Resolution on Postponing the Board of Governors' Vote on the Medical Schools Merger</u>, indicating a vote was inconsistent with post practices at Rutgers.

In response, Chancellor Strom sent additional documents related to the merger on the evening of Friday July 7, inappropriate timing for a response with a BoG meeting scheduled the following Monday morning. The Senate had been waiting for a response from Chancellor Strom since April 28, 2023.

**July 9, 2023**. The President of the University is supposed to provide the Senate with reasonable time to present its views. The Executive Committee presented this to President Holloway on July 9, 2023 in the Response to Additional Documents Sent by Chancellor Strom.

### July 10, 2023: BoG vote:

Chancellor Strom was provided with an opportunity to present the merger plan during regularly scheduled BoG sessions. Rather than doing so, he inserted a merger presentation into a special BoG meeting that was convened to discuss tuition, on July 10, 2023. The Senate had no place on the agenda or opportunity to raise concerns.

The BoG was presented only with a concept, to be developed in five years:

- "...WHEREAS, the specific implementation of the various aspects of the envisioned medical schools integration will still require more detailed planning about admissions, curriculum, campus culture, accreditation, residency placements, fiscal matters, administrative structure, governance, nomenclature, branding, and faculty affairs practices, as well as application to the Liaison Committee on Medical Education (LCME) of the Association of American Medical Colleges and the American Medical Association, which will require additional planning up to and including faculty committee work, consultations with LCME in anticipation of a LCME site visit, followed by a LCME site visit, all of which require a commitment to initiating the above mentioned synergies"...
- "...BE IT RESOLVED by the Board of Governors of Rutgers, The State University of New Jersey, upon the recommendations of the Committee on Academic and Student Affairs and the Executive Committee [that] the forgoing recitals are hereby incorporated by reference into this Section ... as if fully restated herein and are hereby ratified and confirmed."

- It is important to stress that this is not a developed merger plan. Despite previous precedents, where the Senate was allowed to provide approval of a merger after all aspects of the plan was synthesized, the BoG in this case approved the merger in the absence of a developed plan. There is no additional provision for a Senate or BoG approval of the realized merger plan, which would include analysis of budget and finance.
- July 21, 2023, Rutgers University Senate Executive Committee adopted a resolution asking President Holloway to pause the establishment of the Rutgers School of Medicine that the Board of Governors approved on July 10, 2023, for reasons including the lack of budget information (Resolution on Remediating University Policy Violations Related to the Proposed Medical School Merger. Chair Best responded to the resolution on July 27, 2023.).
- **Sept 8, 2023,** Executive Council meeting. Vote to reconvene the Ad-Hoc Committee on Reviewing Proposal for the Merger of the Medical Schools
- **September 22, 2023:** Senate Vote of no confidence for President Holloway, including the lack of shared governance in the merger process.
- 5. Oct, 2023: Vote of no-confidence for Chancellor Strom by the RBHS-FC.
  In a reflection of concern by RBHS faculty for the planned merger, on Oct. 19, 2023 the RBHS Faculty Council (RBHS-FC) voted no confidence in Chancellor Strom. The RBHS-FC represents 8 medically related schools with 32 elected members. The lack of financial documentation for the merger was one of the concerns included in this vote:
- "WHEREAS: The proposal to merge the medical schools has no actual concrete plan, financial or otherwise to do so; and has not been shown to have a net benefit for anyone within the RBHS community ..."

### 6. Nov, 2023: Medical School deficits

On Nov. 17, 2023, Senior Vice Chancellor for Finance & Administration K. Bramwell gave a presentation to the Senate BFC. Vice Chancellor Bramwell's presentation slides (Appendix, slide 3), include net positions for the medical schools in 2023 and 2024, both of which are in deficit by millions of dollars. In 2023, the combined net positions of NJMS and RWJMS are - 7,412,027; this deficit is projected to grow in 2024 to -19,561,423.

The BFC recognizes that a portion of the RWJMS deficit will be absorbed into the Barnabas agreement; nevertheless, the budgetary management of the medical schools is an ongoing concern.

### **Discussion and Considerations**

The Senate Budget and Finance Committee investigation into charge S-2302 was multipronged and included invited guests to the committee meetings, OPRA requests for current and previous costs, and estimates of projected costs, as follows.

### 1. Meeting with Rutgers' Chief Financial Officer

The BFC met twice with Executive Vice President - Chief Financial Officer & University Treasurer J.M. Gower. At the first meeting, EVP Gower explained that *there is no financial analysis of the merger because there is no plan to analyze*.

### 2. Meeting with Rutgers' Chief Financial Officer and Vice Chancellor for Finance

A second meeting with EVP Gower, on Nov. 17, 2023, was also attended by Senior Vice Chancellor for Finance and Administration, Kathy Bramwell. Questions specifically dealing with costs of the merger were provided to the invited guests prior to the meeting. By this time, consultants ECG and J. Orlowski (an authority in Liaison Committee on Medical Education (LCME) accreditation) had been paid by Rutgers to address Senate questions. Notwithstanding \$562,340 allocated to these consultants (contracts provided in Appendix), limited **responses to financial questions were provided**. These included the invoiced expenses through 11/2023 and a limited prediction of a need for a communications company and a new administrator in the future.

In the Bramwell report (slide 6) the amount allocated \$562,340 and invoiced \$393,216 for the merger was included. Orlowski allocated \$58,800, invoiced \$11,200 (10/20/22-01/31/2023 (3 months). Other expenses \$600.

Footnote: Excludes cost of \$50,000 for Mercury to assist in communicationsNew Administrator-TBD compensation of \$65,000 and benefits @ 71.6%=\$46,541=\$111,540

### 3. Meeting with Vice President for Institutional Planning and Operations

On Feb. 17, 2023, the BFC met with Rutgers' Vice President for Institutional Planning & Operations – Business Services, H. Velez. Chancellor Strom had previously remarked that a shuttle bus system could be provided to transport students between Newark and New Brunswick campuses: this was particularly important to accommodate differences between curricula at the two schools.

VP Velez provided an estimate of the cost to run the shuttle service, emphasizing that, "Keep in mind these figures and assumptions are preliminary and just illustrative options for consideration at this time. They are scalable up or down depending on need and would require

a deeper analysis based on anticipated needs." Additional concerns include the variation of travel times between Newark and New Brunswick due to traffic. The annual estimates were as follows:

Cost of 2 buses between campuses: \$833,404 Cost of 4 buses between campuses: \$1,666,808.

### 4. Open Public Records Act (OPRA) requests

In the absence of financial information from the University, OPRA requests were made for:

a) The costs of the ECG contracts for the merger: \$392,000 for 3 months, b) Contracts for Janet Orlowski, LCME expert: \$58,800 for 3 months,

c) Cost of billboards on turnpikes from Interstate: \$2000 per month, per billboard

e) Cost of branding, estimate from prior contract with

Simpson-Scarborough Higher Education Marketing \$97,000 for 4 months

### 5. Meeting with Dean of Robert Wood Johnson Medical School (RWJMS)

In a meeting with Dean A. Murtha of RWJMS stated that ECG would be hired again to address future medical school issues. This is a concern to the BFC for two reasons.

- a) The prior ECG engagement did not produce substantive responses to explicit Senate questions.
- b) The ECG report on the merger indicated a lack of familiarity with the medical school system. For example, a simple web search will confirm that Rutgers' MD/PhD program includes *three* schools: Princeton, RWJMS, and NJMS. Yet on page iii of the ECG report appears the topic, "Enhancement of MD/PhD programs,":

"Over time, the individual programs could be combined, taking advantage of the scientific strengths of **both** [Ed. emphasis] schools..."

### 6. Additional costs and risks:

Faculty have identified additional costs and risks of the proposed merger that include:

- a. Losses of faculty productivity due to required planning and execution of the proposed merger have not been assessed.
- b. If the schools have a single LCME review, as is required by current rules, additional visits will be required – certainly during the initial stages of a merger, and likely thereafter. Each LCME site visit entails multiple hours of numerous faculty and staff to prepare. We have seen no budgetary or productivity analyses: will additional funds be provided to take on the extra burden of additional LCME reviews?
- c. Student-faculty ratios differ between the medical schools: will more faculty be hired, or will faculty be cut to align the schools?
- d. Three curricula will need to be implemented at the same time: students currently admitted to NJMS, students currently admitted to RWJMS and students admitted to the newly generated Rutgers Medical School. How will this be accomplished, and what will it cost?
- e. Equivalent facilities between campuses are required to meet LCME standards. Again, how will this be accomplished, and what will it cost?
- f. How will scholarship funds be allocated to support equivalent diversity at RWJMS and NJMS?
- g. Will equivalent core support facilities be created at both schools?
- h. The Medical Sciences Building at NJMS has been estimated to cost \$27 million for the first 3 phases (OPRA document NJMS+MSB\_Renovation\_22\_27\_23). Additional costs

and funding to complete the project have not been determined.

Statements from Chancellor Strom indicate that the costs for Newark are not linked to the merger, however letters from Mayor Baraka to the Star Ledger (08/06/2023 versus that in 2020) indicate that monetary promises to Newark from BoG President William Best and Chancellor Strom had been made (Appendix). How will this factor into merger costs?

### Summary

- The BFC had hoped to contribute an informed assessment of the medical school merger plan. However, multiple attempts to acquire information from multiple responsible officials have made clear that that there is no detailed plan for the merger. The BFC expected that there would be a fiduciary interest by the BoG and Rutgers University prior to approaval of a merger. At this point, the BoG has approved a concept of a merger in the hope that a plan would emerge over the next 5 years.
- This, however, is a hope, not a plan, and we find it irresponsible to approve a merger of multi-billion dollar institutions without any financial analysis of costs. We emphasize that serious operational questions that may have far-reaching consequences have not been analyzed.
- Because of an ongoing lack of budgetary transparency, the Senate is severely constrained in effectively performing its responsibility as a thoughtful and committed collaborator in shared governance. Likewise, we are concerned that the Board of Governors is similarly handicapped by this lack of transparency, and so cannot fulfill their oversight responsibility. These are issues that cut to the heart of the integrity and workability of the university operation, and we cannot express more strongly the risk to the institution if the Senate and the BoG are not provided with transparent budgetary information needed to perform due diligence.
- Even without full budgetary information, the BFC has identified clear costs associated with this merger, including consultants, branding, transportation, new administrative staff, and extensive time commitment from faculty. Consulting costs alone exceed \$100,000 monthly based on prior contracts, and it is not clear from which budgets these costs will be paid. It is only stated that future fundraising will cover these costs.
- In closing, we note that Chancellor Strom is required to report back to the BoG every six months on the progress of the merger. We urge the President, and the BoG, to insist on concrete and quantitative analyses of costs and risks relating to this merger.

### Senate Charge S-2302 Appendix, Feb. 8, 2024

Cost of MEB Renovation, Stages 1-3

Filename: CostNJMS\_MEB\_Renovation\_2023-11-17 at 2.36.21 PM

Cost of billboards

Filename: Interstate\_Out-of-Home

Estimated costs of Shuttle between Newark & New Brunswick

Filename: Newark to New Brunswick Shuttle

Aug. 4 2020 article on Mayor Baraka's statement re. med school merger

Filename: Mayor Baraka StarLedger\_2020

Aug. 6, 2023 oped by Mayor Baraka re. required investment for med school

Filename: Mayor Baraka StarLedger\_2020

Amendment to agreement between Rutgers and ECG Management Consultants

Filename: Multi-Specialty and Multi-Professional Faculty Practice Plan (1)

Condensed list of questions re. med school merger

Filename: RBHS Short List Qs

Statement of work for rebranding

Filename: Rebranding\_SimpsonScarborough2019

Nov. 17, 2023 presentation to Senate by Vice Chancellor Bramwell

Filename: RU Senate\_Finance-and-Budget-Com\_20231116 FINAL

Jan 31, 2023 presentation to Senate by Chancellor Strom

Filename: Rutgers University Senate Report - EFAM Jan 2023

Sept. 21,2022 Statement of Work by ECG Management Consultants

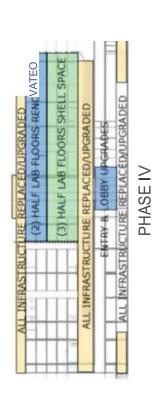
Filename: Rutgers\_Medical\_Schools\_ECG\_Proposal\_9-20-22.docx\_Redacted

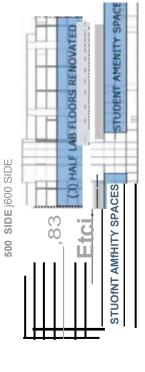
Jan 31, 2023 Statement of work by Dr. J. Orlowski

Filename: Statement of Work Form Janis Orlowski\_1\_Redacted

# New Jersey Medical School - Medical Science Building Renovation

500 SIDE /600 SIDE





**FUTURE PHASE** 

500 SIDE \600 SIDE



OFFICES/SUPPORT SPACES RESEARCH I.ABS/OFFICES (3) HALF LAB FLOORS RENOVATED

**FUTURE PHASE** 

## **FUTURE PHASE**

# Renovation Phases:

Life Safety Infrastructure Approved BoG	
<ul> <li>Phase I</li> </ul>	Dec 2019

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Design Development Approved BoG		Pre-Construction Review by F+F
Phase II	June 2021	Phase III

Rutgers Day Product

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Out-of-Home Media Contract

Herb Barry

Piscataway, NJ 08854

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(848) 932-7318

Periods	1.00	1.00
Period Type Periods	4-Weekly	4-Weekly
End Date	4/26/2020	4/26/2020
Start Date	3/30/2020	3/30/2020
Qty Facing	North	South
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Size	14' × 48'	14' x 48'
Description	E/S NJ Turnpike, 1 Mile N/O Exit 9	E/S NJ Tumpike, 1 Mile N/O Exit 9
Unit #	456A	457C
Media Type	Digital Bulletins	Digital Bulletins
Market	New York DMA	New York DMA

\$4,000.00 **Total Net Amount** 

### Special Instructions:

1 (0:08) spot each. Client to provide digital file. Payment Terms: Net 45 Days Photo Required: Yes Send Photo To: mb1197@echo.rutgers.edu

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Advertiser DocuSigned by:	Signature M. Lice Plat.	Title	Printed Name	Date
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Nothing herein contained relating to the payment of billings by Agency will be construed so as to relieve Advertiser of, or diminish Advertiser's liability for, breach of its hereunder and Company will look solely to Agency for the payment thereof, unless and until Agency becomes delinquent in its payments to Company, or insolvent, at from time to time. 3.6 The Company will ensure that the Digital Display or Digital Network, whichever is applicable, shall be available, active and operable for no less to be displayed on behalf of Agency within the applicable billing period. 4.0 Fees, Payments and Taxes 4.1 In consideration of the services provided by Company to promptly reimbursed Company's for collection costs, including reasonable attorneys' fees, if any, plus a monthly service charge at the rate of 1.5% of the outstanding use, privilege and excise and similar taxes, and all agency commissions. 4.2 Unless otherwise expressly set forth on the Contract Cover Sheet, all rates are for use approval. 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If Agency does not so request, Company is hereby granted the right, at its sole option, to dispose of the Advertising the parties and such matters shall be governed by the terms of this Contract. 4.3 Company will, from time to time at intervals following commencement of service, which time, without relieving the Agency of liability until Company is paid in full, Advertiser will be liable jointly and severally to Company on all unpaid billings. 4.5 Company within thirty (30) days after the date of the invoice. If Agency fails to pay any invoice when due, in addition to amounts payable hereunder, Agency shall Advertising Content as it deems fit for Company's own archival purposes. 3.0 Obligations of Company 3.1 If the approved Advertising Content is timely delivered, Company will complete execution of the display of the Advertising Content in accordance with the terms of this Contract. 3.2 If applicable, all Advertising Content bill Agency at Agency's address set forth on the Contract Cover Sheet. Other than as otherwise expressly set forth on the Contract Cover Sheet, Agency will pay basis set forth therein. All rates and adjustments are computed on the periodic basis set forth therein. The Fee Rate amounts shall be net of all applicable sales, received in physical form will be kept in good condition throughout the term of this Contract. 3.3 If Advertising Content is delivered timely but Company cannot display in accordance with the applicable timetable, the Company will promptly inform Agency and available substitute dates or times will be offered for Agency's make any alterations in the Advertising Content without the consent or approval of Agency. 3.5 The Company will provide Agency a proof of performance report offsets, abatement, deductions or demand in advance upon receipt of invoice. The Fee Rates set forth on the Contract Cover Sheet are payable on the periodic Content at any time after such sixty (60) day period following the last display date of the Advertising Content, provided, however, that Company may keep such of advertising space and time only and do not include charges for creation, design, production and/or delivery of Advertising Content. All additional charges in

OUTSIDE PARTY:

NTERSTATE:

905 North Kings Highway | Cherry Hill, NJ 08034 | P (856) 667-6620 F (856) 482-6195



Rutgers Day

Agency/OSP Product

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R-Comm Rutgers University Docu Sign Envelope ID: 3B78724B-2E7A-49D8-B800-974A50739F12 Advertiser

**Product** 

Rutgers Day

Agency/OSP

Melissa Blake Attention

96 Davidson Rd. Address

Date

Contract No.

1/6/2020 28966

Account Executive(s)

Herb Barry

Piscataway, NJ 08854

Phone / Fax

(848) 932-7318

**Terms and Conditions** 

charges attributable directly to Company's property or business for which Company shall be responsible, Agency will be responsible for any and all federal, state and local taxes, fees or similar charges with respect to this Contract or the services provided hereunder. 5.0 Representations, Warranties and Indemnification 5.1 accrued charges hereunder will immediately become due and payable and Agency will pay, as liquidated damages, a sum equal to seventy five percent (75%) of the shall hold Agency and Advertiser harmless against all direct damages actually incurred but not punitive damages or consequential damages, i.e., lost profits, revenue or advertising opportunity, but including claims, demands, debts, obligations or charges, together with reasonable attorney's fees and disbursements, arising out of a represents and warrants that it has the authority to act and is acting as agent for a disclosed principal, being the Advertiser named on the face hereof. 5.2 Company Company represents and warrants to Agency that it has the power and right to enter into and perform its obligations as set forth in this Contract. Agency represents Content; (iii) the Advertising Content does not infringe, violate or misappropriate any trademark, patent, copyright, trade secret or any other intellectual property right consumer fraud, product liability, tort, breach of contract, injury, damage or harm of any kind to any third party; or (e) is subject to any fees, royalties, licenses or any date of execution by Company's authorized representative in the space provided on the Contract Cover Sheet and continue for the duration set forth therein, unless any other intellectual property right of any third party; (b) is or contains any material or information that is obscene, defamatory, libelous, slanderous, or that violates other payments to any third party. Agency shall not enter into any settlement or compromise of any such claim, which settlement or compromise would result in any any time upon (i) a material breach of this Contract by Agency, or (ii) in the event Agency fails to make timely payment of any amounts including Fee Rates or other the Advertising Content or any material presented by Agency pursuant to this Contract (a) infringes in any manner any copyright, patent, trademark, trade secret or iability to Company, without Company's prior written consent. 6.0 Term; Termination and Loss of Service 6.1 The term of this Contract shall be effective from the give Agency notice of and no less than five (5) days to cure such breach. Upon termination of this Contract by Company pursuant to this Paragraph 6.2, all unpaid, of any third party; (iv) the Advertising Content does not contain any libelous material; (v) it has the right and authority to enter into and perform all obligations under expense, shall indemnify, defend and hold harmless Company and its employees, representatives, agents and affiliates against any claim, demand, action or other proceeding brought by any third party against Company to the extent that such claim, demand, action or other proceeding is based on, or arises out of, a claim that renew or extend this Contract upon expiration hereof. 6.2 In addition to any other termination rights under this Contract, Company may terminate this Contract at Fee Rate amount which would have been payable hereunder, which is a reasonable approximation of the actual damages from such breach that the Company will charges amounts under this Contract, or any part thereof, provided, that, in the case of Agency's failure to make monetary payments to Company, Company shall this Contract; and (vi) Agency and all Advertising Content shall comply with all applicable laws, statutes, ordinances, rules and regulations. Additionally, Agency obligations hereunder, and all rights of the Company are reserved and no rights of the Company are waived. 4.6 Other than personal property taxes, fees or similar breach of Company's representations and warranties under this Contract or performance by Company of this Contract. In no event shall the Company's liability under this Contract exceed the amount paid to the Company by the Agency in the last 30 days in accordance with the terms of the Contract. Agency, at its own any law or regulation; (c) violates any rights of any person or entity, including, but not limited to, rights of publicity, privacy or personality; (d) has resulted in any earlier terminated pursuant to the terms of this Contract. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Contract, Company expressly reserves the right not to and warrants to Company that (i) it has the right to grant the rights and licenses granted herein; (ii) Advertiser is the rightful owner or licensee of the Advertising

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Rutgers Day **Product** 

Agency/OSP

Melissa Blake Attention

96 Davidson Rd. Address

Contract No. Date

Account Executive(s)

Herb Barry

1/6/2020

28966

Piscataway, NJ 08854

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(30) days to cure such breach. Upon such termination of this Contract by Agency pursuant to this Paragraph 6.3, Company will pay as liquidated damages, and not as a 6.4 With respect to Paragraphs 6.2 and 6.3 above, neither party will have any liability to the other incur. 6.3 Agency may only terminate this Contract upon material breach by Company, provided that Agency shall give Company notice of and not less than thirty Advertising Content hereunder which was not displayed.

penalty, a sum equal to the actual non-cancelable out-of-pocket costs necessarily incurred by Agency prior to the date of termination for production and delivery of the presence, medium, unit or similar presence (i.e., bulletins boards, poster boards, LED displays, etc.) upon or through which the Advertising Content are displayed (the beyond the Agency's or Company's reasonable control, as shall be applicable, will not constitute a breach of this Contract, provided, that the affected party shall notify the other promptly, and, in the case of Company, Agency will be entitled, at Company's election, to service having a value based on circulation reasonably equivalent expressly subject to and subordinate to the terms and conditions of any applicable ground lease, license, permits and other similar underlying agreements and rights held by Company and to applicable federal, state and local laws and regulations. 7.2 The parties acknowledge and agree that the advertising structure, space, whatsoever, including, without limitation, those set forth in Paragraphs 7.1 and 7.2 below, Company will, at its option and if available, offer Agency a location or other Agency may terminate this Contract and Company will pay Agency a sum equal to the actual non-cancelable out-of-pocket cost necessarily incurred by Agency prior "Company Advertising Display Assets or Asset") shall at all times be the sole property of the Company, and Agency hereby disclaims any rights whatsoever to make whatsoever to approve or control the form or content of any other unrelated advertising content or materials on the Company Advertising Display Assets. 7.3 If any Company Advertising Display Asset or an applicable location or the inability to use the Company Advertising Display Asset or the applicable location for any reason action at law or in equity is necessary to enforce or interpret the terms of this Contract, the prevailing party shall be entitled to reasonable attorney's fees, costs and any claim against such medium or property. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Contract, Company shall have the right to undertake such renovation, updating, refurbishment, improvements, overhaul or similar activity on Company Advertising Display Assets as Company shall deem appropriate from time to time upon breach or termination, except as provided in Paragraphs 6.2 and 6.3, and none of the parties shall seek specific performance or any other equitable remedy related to this Contract. 6.5 When any Company Advertising Display Asset (as defined below) specified in the Contract is no longer available due to a loss of the reasonable approval of Agency. In the event that Agency approves this location or Company Advertising Display Asset, the term of this Contract will be extended Company Advertising Display Asset of approximately equal advertising value, which location or Company Advertising Display Asset will be subject to the prompt, Company to perform hereunder as a result of force majeure, labor dispute, law, government action or order, acts of terrorism or results thereof, or similar causes to the date of termination for production and delivery of the Advertising Content hereunder which was not displayed. 6.6 Any delay or failure by either Agency or after the expiration date of this Contract for a period equal to the time during which the Advertising Content was not on display. If Agency does not approve the location or Company Advertising Display Asset or there are no alternatives that Company is able to offer in its reasonable sole opinion, then either Company or to the lost service or terminating the Contract. 7.0 Miscellaneous 7.1 The parties hereby acknowledge and agree that Company's obligations hereunder are without any liability to Agency. Other than Company's obligations to display the Advertising Content as set forth in this Contract, Agency shall have no right expenses, in addition to any other relief to which such party may be entitled. 7.4 Agency and Company are independent parties with respect to this

Contract. Nothing in this Contract shall be deemed to create or construed as creating a joint venture or partnership between the parties. Neither party is, by virtue of

OUTSIDE PARTY:

NTERSTATE:

OUTDOOR ADVERTISING, LP.

Rutgers Day

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INTERSTATE, OUTDOOR ADVERTISING, LP.

Out-of-Home Media Contract

DocuSign Envelope ID: 3B78724B-2E7A-49D8-B800-974A50739F12 **To:** Advertiser R-Comm Rutgers University

Product Rutgers Day

Agency/OSP

Attention Melissa Blake

Address 96 Davidson Rd.

Date Contract No. Account Executive(s)

1/6/2020 28966 Herb Barry

Piscataway, NJ 08854

(848) 932-7318

# **Terms and Conditions**

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total or in part, in accordance with the terms of the Contract, the parties agree to submit the same to binding arbitration by neutral arbitrator that is mutually acceptable this Contract or otherwise, to be considered the agent or representative or the other party. Neither party shall have the right to bind the other contractually in any respect whatsoever. 7.5 In the event of a dispute arising under or concerning the terms of this Agreement, other than a failure of the Agency to make payment, whether in to all parties. Any such arbitration shall be held in the State of New Jersey, or such other place as is mutually acceptable and convenient for all

laws of the State of New Jersey. 7.7 This Contract contains the entire understanding between the parties and cannot be changed or terminated orally. Company wil not be bound by conditions printed or appearing on order blanks submitted by or on behalf of the Agency. When there is any inconsistency between these standard relinguishment or waiver of that or any other provision. All notices hereunder will be in writing, deemed given on the date of dispatch, and addressed to Agency and parties. Costs of arbitration, other than travel costs, shall be borne by all the parties equally. 7.6. This Agreement shall be governed by and construed according to the conditions and a provision on the face hereof the latter will govern. Failure of either party to enforce any of the provisions hereof will not be construed as general the Company at the addresses on the face hereof.

Negotiations for these terms and conditions were agreed upon on April 18, 2019 and will apply going forward.

ADVERTISER:  $\mathcal{M}_{\mathcal{B}}$ 

OUTSIDE PARTY:

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		1,352.00	1,378.00	1,352.00	1,352.00	1,352.00		6,786.00			
	Total Hours	52	53	52	52	52	261		\$36,117.11	\$797,287.14	\$833,404.25
	# of Days	26.00	26.00	26.00	26.00	26.00		Hours	Fuel Cost	Service Total	Total
/ Brunswick Estimate 2 Buses	Hours										
Rutgers Newark to New Brun	Day	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday					

Monday - Friday Service 261 days

ROUTE		Route	DAY	HOURS OF SERVICE	FREQUENCY
	Newark to New Brunswick Shuttle	Bus 1	MONDAY-FRIDAY	MONDAY-FRIDAY 6:00 A.M 7:00 P.M. 60 MINUTES	60 MINUTES
		Bus 2	MONDAY-FRIDAY	MONDAY-FRIDAY   6:00 A.M 7:00 P.M.   60 MINUTES	60 MINUTES

120 MIN 120 MIN 120 MIN

Rutgers Newark to New Brunswick Est	Estimate 4 Buses			↔
	Hours	# of Days	Total Hours	
Monday		52.00	52	2,704.00
Tuesday		52.00	53	2,756.00
Wednesday		52.00	52	2,704.00
Thursday		52.00	52	2,704.00
Friday		52.00	52	2,704.00
			261	
	Hours			13,572.00
	Fuel Co	ost	\$72,234.21	
	Service Total	Total	\$1,594,574.28	
	Total		\$1,666,808.49	

Monday - Friday Service 261 days

ROUTE		Route	DAY	HOURS OF SERVICE FREQUENCY	FREQUENCY
<u>~</u>	lewark to New Brunswick Shuttle	Bus 1	MONDAY-FRIDAY	MONDAY-FRIDAY 6:00 A.M 7:00 P.M. 30 MINUTES	30 MINUTES
		Bus 2	MONDAY-FRIDAY	MONDAY-FRIDAY 6:00 A.M 7:00 P.M. 30 MINUTES	30 MINUTES
		Bus 3	MONDAY-FRIDAY	MONDAY-FRIDAY 6:00 A.M 7:00 P.M. 30 MINUTES	30 MINUTES
		Bus 4	MONDAY-FRIDAY	MONDAY-FRIDAY 6:00 A.M 7:00 P.M. 30 MINUTES	30 MINUTES

120 MIN 120 MIN 120 MIN 120 MIN 120 MIN

### Estimated Transportation Fu

Contracted Base line Fuel Cost	\$2.85
Estamated Fuel Cost	\$3.80
Subtracted Difference	(\$0.95)

Find Percent Increase of fuel (\$0.95)

\$2.85

-0.333333333

Hourly Cost Per Hour \$117.49
Percent Fuel Burned 13.59%
Cost Per Hour for Fuel \$15.97

(\$5.32)

Estimated Yearly Hours 6,786.00

**Total Fuel** 

Cost (\$36,117.11)

**Estimate** 

### Fuel Escalation/De-escalation Provision

The escalation/de-escalation provision will be utilized in the event of a ten percent (10%) increase/decrease in fuel, based on the index listed below, which will be evaluated every Cale The

"baseline" price for fuel to be utilized for the duration of the contract period is \$2.85 per gallon

If the price of fuel, as indicated by the previously specified index, should escalate/ de-escalate by 10 percent (10%) or more during one of the CY quarterly evaluation periods, the diff monthly invoice for reconciliation and processing purposes.

### **Example:**

Baseline Diesel Price = \$1.86 per gallon

Average price (based on the index) for the first ninety (90) day evaluation period = \$2.47 (33% esca Rate per revenue hour (includes diesel fuel cost per hour) = \$40.00

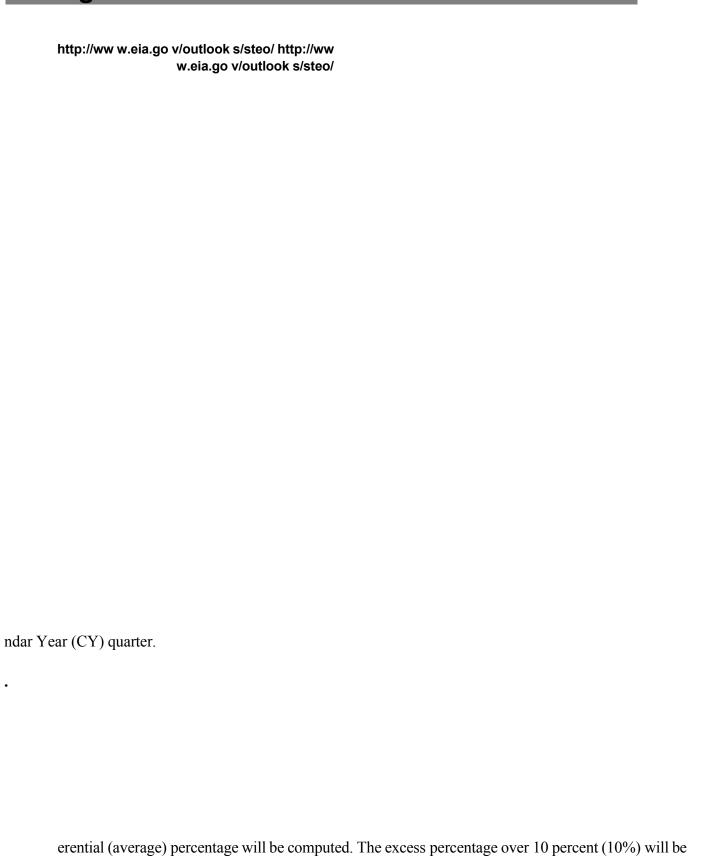
Rate per revenue hour  $40.00 \times 5\%$  (Proportionate amount of fuel to total cost in contractor's propo  $2.00 \times 23\% = .46$  per revenue hour

In the example cited above \$.46 per revenue hour would be reimbursed to the contractor for the number of revenue hours performed during the previous CY quarter period.

Updated information is published each Monday at 4:00 PM Eastern Standard Time and may be obtained via telephone by calling 202-586-6966 or www.eia.doe.gov on the Internet.

http://wwww.eia.gov/outlooks/steo/

### I Budget NB FY 2021-2022 First Transit Bus Servi



lation)

sal) = \$2.00



multiplied by the proportionate % amount of fuel cost contained within the total cost breakdown that f









### **Estimated Transportation Fu**

Contracted Base line Fuel Cost \$2.85 Estamated Fuel Cost \$3.80 Subtracted Difference (\$0.95)

Find Percent Increase of fuel (\$0.95)

\$2.85

-0.333333333

Hourly Cost Per Hour \$117.49
Percent Fuel Burned 13.59%
Cost Per Hour for Fuel \$15.97

(\$5.32)

Estimated Yearly Hours 13,572.00

**Total Fuel** 

Cost (\$72,234.21)

**Estimate** 

### Fuel Escalation/De-escalation Provision

The escalation/de-escalation provision will be utilized in the event of a ten percent (10%) increase/decrease in fuel, based on the index listed below, which will be evaluated every Cale The

"baseline" price for fuel to be utilized for the duration of the contract period is \$2.85 per gallon

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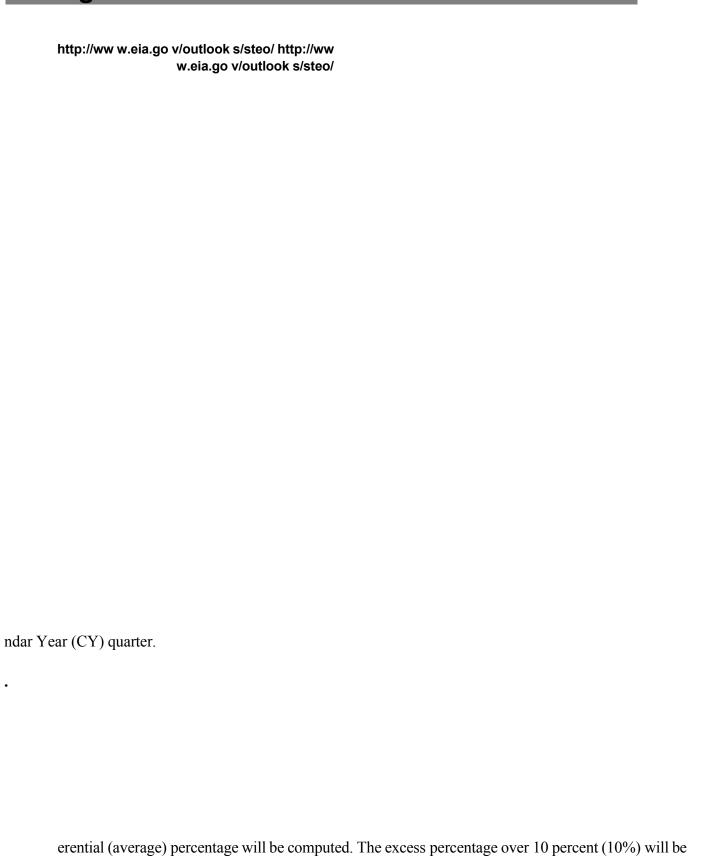
Rate per revenue hour  $40.00 \times 5\%$  (Proportionate amount of fuel to total cost in contractor's propo  $2.00 \times 23\% = 46$  per revenue hour

In the example cited above \$.46 per revenue hour would be reimbursed to the contractor for the number of revenue hours performed during the previous CY quarter period.

Updated information is published each Monday at 4:00 PM Eastern Standard Time and may be obtained via telephone by calling 202-586-6966 or www.eia.doe.gov on the Internet.

http://wwww.eia.gov/outlooks/steo/

### I Budget NB FY 2021-2022 First Transit Bus Servi



lation)

sal) = \$2.00



multiplied by the proportionate % amount of fuel cost contained within the total cost breakdown that f









Route: Rutgers Newark & Rutgers New Brunswick

Roundtrip: 2 hours; 2 buses every 60 minutes Service Hours: 6:00 AM until 7:00 PM

Bus #1 6:00 AM to 7:00 PM Bus #2 7:00 AM to 7:00 PM

Newark Campus: Bus Stop: TBD
New Brunswick: Bus Stop: TBD

### Proposed Schedule/Timetable:

NEWARK OUT	NB IN		NB OUT	NEWARK IN
1 Bus#1	6:00 AM	7:00 AM	7:00 AM	8:00 AM
2 Bus#2	7:00 AM	8:00 AM	8:00 AM	9:00 AM
3 Bus#1	8:00 AM	9:00 AM	9:00 AM	10:00 AM
4 Bus#2	9:00 AM	10:00 AM	10:00 AM	11:00 AM
5 Bus#1	10:00 AM	11:00 AM	11:00 AM	12:00 PM
6 Bus#2	11:00 AM	12:00 PM	12:00 PM	1:00 PM
7 Bus#1	12:00 PM	1:00 PM	1:00 PM	2:00 PM
8 Bus#2	1:00 PM	2:00 PM	2:00 PM	3:00 PM
9 Bus#1	2:00 PM	3:00 PM	3:00 PM	4:00 PM
10 Bus#2	3:00 PM	4:00 PM	4:00 PM	5:00 PM
11 Bus#1	4:00 PM	5:00 PM	5:00 PM	6:00 PM
12 Bus#2	5:00 PM	6:00 PM	6:00 PM	7:00 PM
13 Bus#1	6:00 PM	7:00 PM		

Bus # 1 start Newark Bus # 2 start Newark

Bus # 2 end Newark
Bus # 1 end New Brunswick



### Eleventh Amendment to Professional Service Provider Agreement dated 08/36 /2608 And Furchase Order Number 428078

The Professional Service Provider Agreement dated Nevember 12, 2015 between Rutgers, The State University of New Jersey (Rutgers) and ECG Management Consultants (Service Provider) is extended to 12/31/2019.

The total fee to be paid by Rutgers to Service Provider for the services outlined below shall not exceed \$12,125,227. (PO amount \$11,883,227, additional work of the NJMS Call Center \$242,000)

Service Provider shall perform the following additional services as set forth in their attached proposal dated August 16, 2018.

All other terms and conditions of the original Professional Service Provider Agreement remain in offset.

SAGNATURE ANEXNAME

Kathlees Branwell

8/30/2018

DATE

Christopher Collins 8/30/2018
SIGNATURE OF INDIVIDUAL OR COMPANY OFFICIAL AND NAME DATE

University Procurement Services

Docusigned by:

Life in the control of the control

Service Prigades

10/9/2018 ) 10:57:50 AM EDT

J. Michael G!'e"

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### Curriculum

Curriculum (n=27 hits)

- 7. What would be the advantage to reconciliating the curriculum of the two schools?
- 8. How would you reconcile the curriculum of the two schools?
- 28. What are the factors that are inhibiting the Chancellor from accomplishing enhanced funding, better curriculum, and better coordination (which ultimately should lead to higher rankings) between these two medical schools without integrating them?
- 38. What are the assumptions in the assertion that our ranking will be higher? For example, does the Chancellor believe that the ranking agencies would move up the ranking just by combining research dollars without real improvements in academic quality (curriculum, number of high-quality faculty, quality of students)?
- 41. How would integration benefit or improve the curriculum offered on each campus, and how would it be ensured that the curriculum on both campuses would be of equal quality?
- 42. Currently, the curriculum is quite different in each location. What kind of work would be needed from the administration, the faculty, and the staff) to combine and improve these two very different curricula?
- 70. It does not seem to address changing the curriculums at RWJMS and implementation.
- 113. What are the estimated costs and timelines for unitizing the curriculums of the 2 campuses?
- 120. The restructuring effort will require an enormous effort and as indicated in the reply to question 38, the manhours for the restructuring process would come "from faculty and staff [participating] in the necessary deliberative process to envision the future potential of a combined medical school and design a transformational curriculum." As faculty are already under significant time and effort pressures to increase clinical and research productivity, "buy-in" from the faculty will be essential. Have the faculty been directly polled to determine their level of support for the merger?
- 150. It is stated in the FAM report (page 25): "Currently both schools have the number and quality of faculty they need to support their curriculum. Enhanced collaboration and/or integration would leverage existing talent across the two schools and make it easier to address emerging needs due to retirement and departures." Does "leverage existing talent" mean asking faculty to teach on two different campuses?
- 153. With regard to curriculum and the education mission, the report: asks (page 19): "What would a cross-campus curriculum look like? What would the benefits
- be from a student and faculty standpoint?" At medical schools around the country, the curriculum reflects LCME requirements and demands of licensing exams, complements by locally unique situations: rural medicine, urban medicine, researchbased medicine etc. From a student or faculty member's standpoint, wouldn't it be beneficial for each campus to develop its curriculum in a way that capitalizes on each school's uniqueness?
- 214. In response to question 38, What are the costs involved in the restructuring, Dr. Strom replied "The costs involved in the proposed restructuring process primarily involve the time commitment from faculty and staff to participate in the necessary deliberative process to envision the future potential of a combined medical school and design a transformational curriculum. The implementation of that new curriculum could require investment, depending on its details, as detailed in the FAM committee report."
- 215. Provide a detailed analysis of the estimate for the following: Time commitment from faculty and staff to participate in the necessary deliberative process to envision the future potential of the combined medical school and design a transformational curriculum. Include the total time, total cost of salary plus fringe benefits (FTE), whether release from clinical obligations will be granted for participation in this analysis, and the source of the funding. Remember that in answer to S-1604

- question 42, 45, and 46, it is stated that it is not contemplated that budgetary reserves will be utilized to restructure the medical schools and that funds are not being transferred from another budget, and that budgetary impact...is not anticipated to be material to the operations of RWJMS and NJMS. If faculty are pulled away from their already designed responsibilities, who will cover for them?
- 229. The bylaws though do address many issues, including committees including the Admission and Curriculum committees. What is the vision of the Chancellor of having two schools (whose name apparently will stay the same) and yet have two separate Admissions, curriculum committees' school wide competencies? How will this be one unified medical school? Outline all of the changes to the school individual bylaws that would need to be modified in order for this merger to proceed. Provide a mock-up of the individual school bylaws that would need to be addressed prior to considering merger.
- 247. The FAM report states on page 35: "It is not the scope of this Committee's work or the purpose of this report to document the significant systemic and infrastructure limitations, but we strongly recommend that these, along with plans to remedy them, need to be part of any planning process for the future." Infrastructure limitations have limited recruitment of new faculty, which are essential to the vitality of any medical school including delivery of curriculum and clinical care, but, significantly, the ability to secure research dollars. How will those infrastructure limitations be addressed in the future if there is one school or two? What significant systemic limitations have precluded investment in the medical schools at this point?
- 258. What are the related curriculum issues and how will these be addressed?
- 287. The cooperative steps strongly recommended by the FAM report would need to be accomplished before a merger could happen. These steps would be less expensive than a full merger and could be accomplished fairly quickly if we put our minds to them. They would allow stakeholders at the two schools to work together on many issues such as research collaboration, curriculum, and clinical placements. Why should we not move forward aggressively on these recommendations, which would allow the sentiment for a merger to come about more "organically", rather than being imposed? Also, this would allow other issues in flux, such as the RWJ Barnabas Health integration and the arrival of a new president, to become more settled.
- 316. Merging schools would mean that at least one and likely both schools would need to change their curriculum. A change in curriculum usually entails running 2 different curricula simultaneously, which causes a temporary (1-3 year) marked increase in resource utilization. Where would these curricular and clinical resources come from?
- 334. The FAM committee did NOT recommend pursuing a merger in the absence of an infusion of a transformative level of new resources, so did not recommend "next steps" toward a merger. Greater cooperation across the campuses was recommended by the committee for the "expansion of learning opportunities" of our students. However, this increased cooperation would not require a full merger, simply alignment of academic calendars and cooperation on curriculum and scheduling.

### Budget, Expense, Costs, Financial Financial (n=15 hits)

- 3. In answer to Question 39 of the completed questionnaire ("What are the financial benefits if any?), the response was "Increased research funding, potential for large philanthropic or naming gifts." Why is it assumed that this would be the outcome?
- 30. The RWJ brand is very well-known and is highly valued both as a brand and for the attraction of financial resources. Accordingly, what would be done not to lose the brand after integration?

- 32. Is the timetable for the possible integration of the two medical schools being driven by the current financial health of both medical schools? Why not wait a few years until we actualize the flow of funds from our health system partner. RWJBH?
- 100. How would a merger benefit RBHS and Rutgers financially or would it save money?
- 124. As suggested in response to question 39, potential financial benefits from combining the 2 medical schools would be increased research funding and large philanthropic gifts. What metric or study can be cited showing that an individual grant proposal, such as an NIH R01, is more likely to succeed because the school submitting the proposal was ranked higher?
- 131. The LCME does a deep dive into finances when they accredit schools. At the last RWJMS Executive Council meeting, it was reported that RWJMS is on track of having a large deficit. Is this accurate? What is the projected financial status of both RWJMS and NJMS for the fiscal year 2020- 2021?
- 223. Assuring a financial base for the missions of any medical school is the responsibility of the Dean. How would a Dean of two co-equal campuses utilize these resources? Could clinical revenue generated through the effort of faculty affiliated with one campus be utilized to support development of the academic mission on another campus?
- 254. From a strict financial perspective, how does RBHS justify this proposed merger?
- 321. The financial flows of the two schools are currently quite different. How will this be reconciled? In particular, the perception is that "NJMS departments currently keep their indirect, while at RJWMS much of the indirect flow to the administration, which weakens our ability to attract and retain faculty and chairs at RWJMS." Another very specific faculty question was, "Why does the Administration want to increase the Dean's Tax for NJMS ENT (verified by OPRA)."
- What are the expected financial impacts of the long-awaited integration of our clinical enterprises with the RWJ Barnabas Health system? This might have major negative effects on clinical income going to the schools and the deployment of faculty responsible for most of our clinical education. Has the Chancellor's team mapped out the likely consequences of this integration from a financial and clinical education resources point of view?
- 323. A robust and transparent financial analysis of the costs, resources, and potential savings regarding a merger should be done and made public. What plans exist to do and publicize such an analysis?
- 326. In multiple questions about financial impact you state there will be no costs to the merger. Can you provide the actual data used to make these conclusions?
- 344. The financial elephant in the room is the affiliation between RBHS and the RWJ Barnabas Health system. It remains unclear at least to most of us what effect this will have on clinical income to the university and the distribution of clinical faculty effort. When will this clinical integration happen?
- 347. In multiple questions about financial impact you state there will be no costs to the merger. Can you provide the actual data used to make these conclusions?

### Cost

- 14. Please address how and why the urgency of this proposed merger outweighs the need for a detailed plan. There seems to be no detail in the proposed merger, with regard
- 19. Infrastructure integration is not free; how will this be effectively implemented? What is the breakdown of costs associated with various aspects of the integration?
- 26. What would be the detailed time frame to accomplish the possible integration and what would be the costs associated with each stage? Please provide as much detailed budget information as possible.

- 29. It has been estimated that renovating the Medical Science Building in Newark will cost \$500 million. When will this renovation take place and how will it be funded?
- 39. If an integration would simply result in an RMS-RWJ campus and RMS-Newark Campus, would the benefits of a rise in the ranking compensate for the potential costs, faculty and student concerns, and other disruptions?
- 76. Major school mergers have proved to be expensive in many instances at many universities. I am not completely satisfied with the way in which the question of costs has been answered in the material we received. I would like a much more specific cost accounting for the merger, including acknowledgements of potential hidden costs. And, I would like a clear commitment that funds will not be taken from the budgets of the various schools of the university for the merger.



### STATEMENT OF WORK

### THIS COMPLETED FORM SHOULD BE SUBMITTED WITH AN RU MARKETPLACE SERVICE REQUEST FORM AS AN

**EXTERNAL ATTACHMENT** 

will begin the project by getting completely up to speed on Rutgers - current and desired profile, academic offerings, and experiences of fundraising, and marketing activities. Market Research: Market rese REPIS's key marketing messages addressing a variety of areas. Re- gauge the effectiveness of messages, and establish brand benchmark.	or Rutgers MB and RBP-IS. Decovery & Kickelf: Simpson Scarsborough New Brunswick and RBP-IS, building on understanding of the institutions' your stakeholders as well as current envolvment, engagement, stech will be designed to guitter data that will inform Rutgers MB and research instruments will be designed to measure strength of both brands, into the evaluate success of campus/dyssen brands as well as ROI of strategy valid numeral data and project mouts. The creation of sampling
Start Date of Engagement, 06/12/2019	End Date of Engagement: 10/11/2019
RUTGERS BUSINESS UNIT: R-Comm CONTACT NAME: About Lerner PHONE: (848) 445-1915 EMAL: Alexis Jemen@rutgers.edu	SUPPLIER NAME: Simpson Scarborough CONTACT NAME: Ronne Duly PHONE: BRIDGE EMAIL:
Name(s) and contact information for the Rutgers' personnel responsible for accepting the deliverables:	Name(s) and contact information for the Supplier's personnel responsible for performing the services:
Provide the detain regarding the proposed Statement of Work (SUM) "see attached" in each appropriate section below, and attach the do	<ol> <li>If all or part of the details are provided on Supplier's letterhead, indicate sumeristion hereto, which shall be incorporated herein.</li> </ol>

Review of planning documents, marketing strategy/collateral, and recent research. Project kickoff meetings. Quantitative research with prospective traditional undergraduate students, prospective gradiprofessional students, and the general public/consumers. Sampling plans, Instrument Development, Programming and Testings, Data Collection, Analysis of Data, Final Reporting of all information and recommendations.

### **FEES & EXPENSES**

Rubbers agrees to pay Supplier a fee, detailed below, the total amount due upon completion of all Services and acceptance of all deliverables, unions the Pleties agree to a payment schedule detailed below. If all or part of the details are provided on Supplier's letterhead, indicate "see affected" in each appropriate section below, and attach the documentation horeto, which shall be incorporated herein.

TO BE PAID:	\$ 97000	
	Payment Sched	ule (if applicable)
	Due Date: 00/14/2019	\$97,000
	Due Date	- Province
	Due Date:	\$
hall provide Rutip	ers with the expense detail, including	original receipts for reinbursement of actual expenses incurred, it
hall provide Rutip	ers with the expense detail, including	original receipts for reimbursement of actual expenses incurred, a
	DO 7 (19) 17 (1,19) (1,19) (1,19) (1,19) (1,19) (1,19) (1,19) (1,19) (1,19) (1,19) (1,19) (1,19) (1,19) (1,19)	
ravel less are est	imales at \$350-750/visit.	
	OR stigers agrees to hall provide Rutig coordance with ap ic.) and entimated	Due Date: 00/14/2019 Due Date: Due Date:  Utgers DOES NOT AGREE to separately remburse Suppli OR  utgers agrees to nemburse Supplier for the reasonable a





### PRESENTATION TO THE UNIVERSITY SENATE BUDGET AND FINANCE COMMITTEE

November 17, 2023

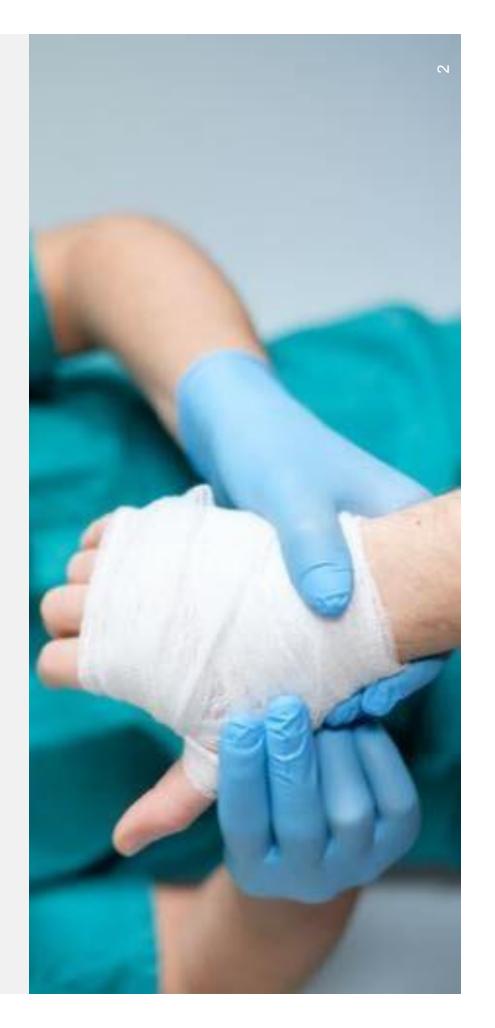


Senior Vice Chancellor of Finance & Administration, RBHS Rutgers, The State University of New Jersey Kathleen F. Bramwell, MBA



## FY 2023 ACTUAL & FY 2024 BUDGET

COSTS ASSOCIATED WITH PLANNING THE RUTGERS SCHOOL OF MEDICINE





## Fiscal Year 2023 Financial Performance - Actual

FY 2023 ACTUAL FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE	SMCN	RWJMS	TOTAL	LAL
Revenues				
HEALTHCARE & AFFILIATED/HOUSESTAFF	273,450,200	345,3	345,339,692	618,789,892
GRANTS & CONTRACTS (DIRECT & F&A)	103,534,060	74,3	74,393,103	177,927,163
STATE APPROPRIATIONS/FRINGE BENEFITS	63,185,000	65,7	65,769,330	128,954,330
STUDENT TUITION, FEES, AID	34,994,048	308	30,820,757	65,814,805
CONTRIBUTIONS & GIFTS/ENDOW/MENTS	3,566,892	4,6	4,651,088	8,217,980
OTHER EDUCATIONAL & GENERAL REVENUES	9,777,284	7,8	7,859,686	17,636,971
Total Revenues	488,507,485	528,8	528,833,656	1,017,341,141
Expenses				
SALAKY & WAGES/FKINGE BENEFILS	362,546,251	383,8	383,862,107	746,408,358
NON-PERSONNEL EXPENSES	72,434,528	79,8	79,811,713	152,246,241
Total Expenses	434,980,779	463,6	463,673,820	898,654,599
Increase before Transfers & Cost Pools	53,526,706	65,1	65,159,835	118,686,542
Transfers & Cost Pools				
TRANSFERS	(14,846,509)	£,	1,318,117	(13,528,392)
COST POOLS	65,861,326	72,3	72,360,440	138,221,766
Operating Balance	2,511,889	(8,5	(8,518,721)	(6,006,832)
PLANT FUND TRANSFERS	(447,336)	(1,6	(1,670,000)	(2,117,336)
PY NA USAGE	712,141		0	712,141
Net Position	2,776,694	(10,1	(10,188,721)	(7,412,027)



## Fiscal Year 2024 Financial Performance - Budget

Revenues			Į.;;).
HEALTHCARE & AFFILIATED/HOUSESTAFF	277,338,922	368,198,404	645,537,326
GRANTS & CONTRACTS (DIRECT & F&A)	100,451,441	64,667,384	165,118,825
STATE APPROPRIATIONS/FRINGE BENEFITS	66,972,380	75,677,951	142,650,331
STUDENT TUITION, FEES, AID	35,794,089	31,560,601	67,354,690
CONTRIBUTIONS & GIFTS/ENDOWMENTS	3,404,833	4,000,178	7,405,011
OTHER EDUCATIONAL & GENERAL REVENUES	6,803,052	2,535,347	9,338,399
Total Revenues	490,764,717	546,639,865	1,037,404,582
Expenses			
SALARY & WAGES/FRINGE BENEFITS	376,872,247	426,700,249	803,572,496
NON-PERSONNEL EXPENSES	55,740,951	66,912,022	122,652,973
Total Expenses	432,613,198	493,612,270	926,225,469
Increase before Transfers & Cost Pools	58,151,518	53,027,595	111,179,113
Transfers & Cost Pools			
TRANSFERS	(5,393,827)	(2,928,272)	(8,322,099)
COST POOLS	66,374,703	73,280,890	139,655,593
Operating Balance	(2,829,357)	(17,325,024)	(20,154,381)
PLANT FUND TRANSFERS	0	0	0
PY NA USAGE	300,000	292,958	592,958
Net Position	(2 529 357)	(17 032 066)	(19 561 423)





### Fiscal Year 2024 Financial Performance Total RBHS **Budget**

)		
FY 2024 FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE - RBHS TOTAL BUDGET	BHS TOTAL BUDGET	
Revenues		
HEALTHCARE & AFFILIATED/HOUSESTAFF	1,079,113,916	916
GRANTS & CONTRACTS (DIRECT & F&A)	448,021,226	226
STATE APPROPRIATIONS/FRINGE BENEFITS	427,378,460	460
STUDENT TUITION, FEES, AID	220,560,540	540
CONTRIBUTIONS & GIFTS/ENDOWMENTS	23,972,445	445
OTHER EDUCATIONAL & GENERAL REVENUES	24,979,159	
Total Revenues	2,224,025,746	746
Expenses		
SALARY & WAGES/FRINGE BENEFITS	1,547,201,121	121
NON-PERSONNEL EXPENSES	398,647,970	
Total Expenses	1,945,849,091	091
Increase before Transfers & Cost Pools	278,176,656	929
<u> Iransters &amp; Cost Pools</u>		
TRANSFERS	5,524,685	685
COST POOLS	262,790,646	646
Operating Balance	9,861,324	324
PLANT FUND TRANSFERS	(199,673)	673)
PY NA USAGE	4,690,984	984
Net Position	14,352,635	635



# Costs Associated with Planning the Rutgers School of Medicine

	Description	<b>2</b> 0	Maximum PO/Encumbered Amount		Invoiced	Maxi as 9 Oper (NJM	Maximum Amount as % of FY 2023 Operating Revenue (NJMS + RWJMS)	Maximum Amount as % of FY 2024 Operating Revenue (NJMS + RWJMS)	Maximum Amount as % of FY 2024 Operating Revenue (TOTAL RBHS FY2024 BUDGET)
Consultants	ECG Orlowski, J.	392,000 58,800	00	376,581 11,200	581 00				
0.04%	Subtotal Consultants <sup>(1)</sup>	€	450,800	₩	387,781	0.00044	_	0.00043	0.00020 6 0.02%
Other Expenses	ses aunications				700	c			
Travel (NB/Newark)	wark)				858	) m			
Meeting Expenses	, inses				2,777	7			
New Admin - TBD <sup>(2)</sup>	TBD <sup>(2)</sup>		111,540	C					
Other Expenses	ses				009	0			
Subtotal Other Expenses 0.01%	r Expenses	<b>↔</b>	111,540 \$	<b>⇔</b>	5,435	ю	0.00011	0.00011 0.01%	0.00005
Total Expenses	ies	s	562,340	\$	393,216		0.00055	0.00054	0.00025
%90.0								0.05%	0.03%

<sup>(1)</sup> Excludes a cost of up to \$50,000 for Mercury who will be engaged to assist with communications. This engagement has not yet been finalized.

 $<sup>^{(2)}</sup>$  To be determined; Estimated compensation @ \$65,000 and benefits @ 71.6%, \$46,541



# BIOMEDICAL AND HEALTH SCIENCES



### Envisioning the Future of Academic Medicine

Report to the Rutgers University Senate

JANUARY 31, 2023





p. 973-972-4400 f. 973-972-4429

Brian L. Strom, MD, MPH Chancellor Executive Vice President for Health Affairs

HEALTH SCIENCES

To: From: Date: Adrienne Simonds, Chair, University Senate

**Subject:** Brian Strom, MD, MPH, Chancellor, Rutgers Biomedical and Health Sciences January 31,

2023

Envisioning the Future of Academic Medicine at Rutgers University

Since the inception of Rutgers Biomedical and Health Sciences (RBHS) in 2013, we have focused on collaborations and cooperation between and among our schools and institutes to build an academic health community focused on excellence and accomplishment in research, scholarship, education, patient care, and community engagement. As we near our ten-year anniversary as the health care and biomedical research unit of Rutgers University, we would like to embark on our second decade with a renewed commitment to achieving excellence in all of our mission areas. With the prompt from the RBHS strategic planning process, the University Senate's series of questions, and a request from University senior leadership and governance bodies to come to some resolution, we would like to continue the dialogue on the optimal structure for Rutgers' medical schools with the University Senate initiated in 2020.

We provide the University Senate with the collective work product of numerous faculty, staff, students, community members, and administrators of the New Jersey Medical School (NJMS) and the Robert Wood Johnson Medical School (RWJMS) responding to the series of questions posed by your members concerning the potential integration of Rutgers' two medical schools.

By way of background, NJMS and RWJMS were originally designed by Dr. Stan Bergen to compete with each other. That model, to foster rapid regional growth and development, was apt for its time. We have succeeded in many areas under this model. Our students are consummately prepared for residency and achieve placements in top programs across the nation. Our research portfolio has been expanding rapidly, and in some areas such as infection and inflammation, microbiome, and cancer, we can claim national leadership status. Clinical programs like the liver transplant unit, trauma centers, etc. are highly regarded for providing world-class care equal or superior to regional competitors. For some world-class initiatives we have built institutes to cut across our schools successfully, e.g., cancer, clinical research, infection/immunology, and neuroscience.

Brian Strom, MD January 31, 2023 Page ii

However, we must recognize that the delivery of health care continues to change and become more complex, and institutions that train the next generation of health care workers must not only be attuned to these changes but be nimble enough to adapt to more changes yet to come. These dynamics, coupled with an ever-increasing health care worker shortage, represent the foremost reason why RBHS should evaluate the current educational structure of the medical schools to ensure it is positioning its students to meet the demands in this decade and beyond. In addition, New Jersey continues to export its newly trained physicians to other markets. Further, many of the patients in our state travel elsewhere for certain types of care. By re-evaluating our education structure, we can perhaps identify opportunities that will allow us to better retain our top talent to work on behalf of all the citizens of New Jersey.

The inquiry into the optimal structure of medical education at Rutgers began in January 2019 with the appointment of the Committee on the Future of Academic Medicine, containing faculty from both Rutgers medical schools. It continued with the January 2020 report of the Committee on the Future of Academic Medicine, specifically the examination of the "optimal level of integration and cooperation" between NJMS and RWJMS. In response to this report, the University Senate developed a set of questions spanning a variety of topics and issues related to the potential integration of NJMS and RWJMS, which it subsequently forwarded to me. That process halted with the Covid-19 pandemic, when all in healthcare were mobilized to support this public health emergency.

In October 2022, the leadership of RBHS, including Robert Johnson, MD, (Dean of NJMS), Amy Murtha, MD, (Dean of RWJMS), and me, revived this discussion. The initial set of 350 Senate questions were reduced, in collaboration with the Senate leadership, to 42, as some of the original questions were duplicates, overlapped with other questions, and in some cases were related to topics timely only for 2020. The 42 questions were then organized into four groupings, three to be addressed by committees of faculty, staff, students, health system colleagues, and community representatives. The fourth set of questions on administration and research was to be answered by RBHS leadership. RBHS engaged ECG Management Consultants and Janis Orlowski, MD, to provide logistical and analytical support, meeting facilitation, and content expertise for the committees, and a web site was developed to ensure the university community was transparently apprised of the process, the progress, and engaged in the process.

During the past three months, committees related to admissions, culture, and curriculum met to address the questions on this topic from the University Senate (please refer to appendix A for their charge, list of questions, and committee members), while additional input was provided from internal and external community members through a town hall-style "Conversation with Our Communities" and an online survey. The answers provided, unedited, are attached. One of the most prevalent comments from faculty, staff, students, community partners, and other stakeholders, however, was a

- desire to understand RBHS's rationale for considering a potential merger of the medical schools, especially since any merger will inevitably entail work and disruption.
- It is worth noting that what is being envisioned is a "merger light," where there would be a single accreditation but in most other ways the schools would function separately, at least for now, as two equal campuses of one school.
- The remainder of this memo summarizes the reasoning for and potential benefits from an integrated medical school model, as identified by RBHS leadership. We look forward to working with the University Senate as it begins its deliberative process.
- **Impact on Educational Mission** closer collaboration on the educational mission offers a broader scope and scale of teaching talent, learning content, and clinical experiences that will benefit educators and learners.
- Attracting and keeping talent An enhanced reputation and national prominence (see below) will help to attract and retain the best students and trainees.
- Broader and more consistent educational experiences The best medical schools give their students experiences in a university hospital, private hospital, and safety net hospital. With a merger, medical students will have access to a wider array of clinical clerkships/electives and types of patient experiences, without the current administrative barriers to crossing over the two schools. Graduate Medical Education (GME) will also be integrated to form larger, stronger, and more uniform programs that are able to offer broader clinical experiences to trainees.
- More convenient learning opportunities Many students have adapted to lectures via live or recorded video, a process which began long before the pandemic. A broader array of lectures (and lecture topics) will be available from faculty at both campuses, but discussion sections may remain regionally defined.
- **Enhancement of MD/PhD programs** Over time, the individual programs could be combined, taking advantage of the scientific strengths of both schools, higher prestige, and access to more faculty and funding, and thereby becoming more nationally visible and more competitive for grants.
- Developing and sharing best practices There will be an enhanced opportunity for innovation in education across both campuses, comparing approaches, and subsequently sharing and implementing innovations from one campus to the other.

Impact on Research Mission — leveraging our tremendous capacity as an integrated medical school will more accurately reflect our growing impact on clinical, translational, and basic

## biomedical research placing Rutgers at the forefront of the innovation economy attracting more federal and industry funding.

- Elevation in rankings The impact of an integrated medical school on research rankings is substantial, whether looking at the ranking of individual departments or the medical school overall, and across all types of funding (e.g., federal and state funding among others), and this impacts other ranking systems (e.g., USNWR). For example, our federal fiscal year (FFY) 2021 NIH funding institutional rankings¹ among 143 US medical schools are:
- RWJMS at #62 with \$68 million.
- NJMS at #74 with \$51 million.
- Combined RWJMS/NJMS at #47 with \$119 million.

The potential impact on our research rankings across the medical schools of the Big 10 is noted in a later section on reputational considerations.

- The sum is greater than the parts Combining complementary strengths, expertise, and resources from both schools will make the integrated medical school more competitive for external research and training grants. Similarly, a larger Rutgers-oriented patient base will make us more competitive for clinical trials.
- Attracting and keeping talent An enhanced reputation and national prominence will help to attract and
  retain the best research faculty and trainees.

**Impact on Clinical Mission** — A single medical school has the potential to expand our portfolio of tertiary and quaternary services and launch new services to a wider patient base this platform will help us save lives, maintain health, improve outcomes and patient satisfaction, reduce health care inequities and disparities, and create competitive fellowship programs.

- when compared with New York or Philadelphia, making it impractical to offer as wide an array of specialized services. Additionally, our current service lines are too fragile, with the departure of one faculty member often hampering the ability to continue to offer a clinical service at the involved school. An integrated medical school provides the opportunity for greater breadth, depth, and coordination of services. This will increase our ability to offer the most specialized care, establish regional and national clinical destination programs, and better compete for market share locally and regionally.
- Improved service to our communities Increasing our ability to offer the most specialized clinical services
  will better serve our communities, as patients will not need to travel to New York or Philadelphia to
  receive them. This minimizes, if not eliminates, barriers related to inconvenience, and expense (e.g., outof-network care is much more expensive to the patient and the state). It

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> FFY 2022 rankings will be available in March 2023.

also helps to address health inequities, as the most needy in our communities cannot afford to make such trips and pay for such care.

- Access to clinical trials A larger Rutgers-oriented patient base, combined with a burgeoning research
  ranking and reputation, will make us more competitive for clinical trials and gain access for our patients to
  more cutting-edge treatments, therapeutics, and procedures.
- Attracting and keeping talent An enhanced reputation and national prominence (see below) will help to
  attract and retain the best clinical faculty and trainees.

**Reputational Considerations** – an integrated medical school strongly identified with Rutgers University has the potential to broaden the recognition of the excellent medical education programs and growing research portfolios than each school has individually.

- Connection to Rutgers brand Potential faculty and students and the public may not necessarily associate
  NJMS and RWJMS with Rutgers. An integrated medical school provides the opportunity to tie more closely
  to and benefit from the stronger, nationally recognized Rutgers brand.
- Alignment with more common medical school organizational models Excluding large university systems (e.g., University of California and University of Texas), we know of only four universities in the country that have more than one autonomous medical school (i.e., Rutgers, University of South Carolina, New York University, and University of Arizona), and at least one of those (University of Arizona) is reconsidering its organizational model.
- Advancement within the Big 10 Each of our schools now is small, relative to other schools. In part for this reason, of the 14 Big 10 medical schools (Rutgers' individual schools are counted separately), Rutgers now ranks only #12 (RWJMS) and #13 (NJMS), above only Michigan State University's medical school. A combined medical school would rise to #9 in the Big 10 and be more closely comparable to the University of Iowa and Ohio State University.
- Improvement in other rankings Published rankings are driven substantially by research, and while NJMS and RWJMS are already artificially combined in Blue Ridge's NIH rankings, US News and World Report (USNWR) evaluates schools separately based on their individual accreditations (which also divides and weakens the rankings of clinical and basic science departments). It is recognized that many institutions (e.g., Columbia, Harvard, Mt. Sinai, University of Pennsylvania, and Stanford) have decided to discontinue their participation in the USNWR medical school rankings, given concerns about how those rankings are determined. Our expectation is that the rankings will continue, as the public desires them, and we hope that USNWR will revise its formulae to address some of the objections (as it has done for its law school rankings). At the least, they may be based more on publicly available metrics, which would make NIH funding even more important.
- More philanthropic support Enhanced national prominence is more likely to garner philanthropic gifts to support scholarships, selective research efforts, and endowed professorships.

# Efficiency and Effectiveness of Administrative Infrastructure – processes and systems that inhibit faculty productivity and employee satisfaction can be streamlined.

- Increased simplicity Structures and processes will be simpler and more straightforward, after an anticipated transition period. Examples include:
- Faculty appointment processes will not need to be repeated for someone to teach at the other campus.
- Best practices from one campus can be identified and applied in the other.
- There will be a single accreditation process.
- RBHS will not need to start new centers/institutes simply to foster inter-medical school programs.
- Limiting duplication Combining the medical schools will identify and remove redundancies in many administrative structures, mobilizing personnel and other resources to enhance the school's primary missions.

\* \* \* \* \* \*

The outcomes of the committees' work and other activities related to this initiative during the past three months are another step in a multi-step journey, which entails additional evaluation, analysis, and planning, as well as the continued involvement of and input from faculty, staff, students, affiliated partners, and community members. I would like to acknowledge the contributions made by each of the members of the three committees and thank them for their time and effort. Their responses are thorough and thoughtful and have greatly enhanced the quality of the work product we provide to the Senate. As always, I welcome your questions and feedback on this document.

Brian Strom, MD January 31, 2023 Page vii

### Appendix A

### **Chancellor's Charge to Committees**

As you begin your work to answer questions from the University Senate about the future of academic medicine, I would like to provide you with the following guidelines and historical context.

### Historical Context of Medical Schools

New Jersey Medical School and Robert Wood Johnson Medical School were originally set up by Dr. Stan Bergen to compete with each other. That model, to foster rapid regional growth and development, was apt for its time. We have succeeded in so many areas under this model: Our students are consummately prepared for residency and achieve placements in top programs across the nation. Our research portfolio has been expanding rapidly and in some areas we can claim national leadership status like infection and inflammation, microbiome, and cancer. Clinical programs like the liver transplant unit, trauma centers, etc. are highly regarded for providing world-class care equal or superior to regional competitors. For other world-class initiatives we have built institutes to cut across our schools successfully, e.g., cancer, infection/immunology, and neuroscience.

### Changes in Academic Medicine Today

Is our current model sustainable in today's health care climate? Today, the health care payer and provider markets are consolidating rapidly and across much wider swaths of geography than were contemplated at the inception of medical education in New Jersey. Our competition is not from within, but from other New Jersey hospital systems, newer local medical schools, and aggressive and expansive academic health centers based in New York, Philadelphia, and in some instances even farther afield. Patients are leaving NJ to get the most advanced care, as too often it is not available in NJ. This out-of-network care is much more expensive, and especially hurts patients who cannot afford to go elsewhere for such care.

Telemedicine is erasing local licensing restrictions; previously unimaginably large data sets move instantaneously across the world; dissections can be virtual; lectures are asynchronous and can be (and are) played by the students at double speed; and diagnostics, monitoring, and follow ups are no longer exclusively dependent upon the physical presence of patients at clinical sites. Medical care is shifting from inpatient sites to outpatient sites, with important implications as well to the future of medical education.

We also are in the fortunate situation with substantial investment newly available for major capital construction, in both cities, and for broad-based faculty recruitment. Given this, our immediate task is

Brian Strom, MD January 31, 2023 Page viii

to develop responses to the questions posed by the University Senate in the areas designated for each committee.

### Committees' Charges

The three committees will focus on:

- Admissions: Would the admissions processes in the schools need to change at all, recognizing that medical school admission processes of course naturally evolve over time?
- Curriculum: Would the curriculum in the schools need to change at all, recognizing that medical school curricula of course naturally evolve over time?
- Culture and Identity

I ask you to contemplate a hypothetical administrative structure where New Jersey Medical School and Robert Wood Johnson Medical School can attain the maximum level of cooperation and coordination, i.e., if they were placed under one LCME accreditation, while still maintaining their unique campus identity and culture.

Let me set a few parameters on how I envision this:

- I do not envision a future for the medical schools where one is ever subordinate to the other.
- I do not envision a scenario that results in the loss of jobs (union or otherwise) among the faculty or staff, at either school; rather I see growth and investment in clinical care, research, and educational opportunities.
- I do not envision a scenario where either school will be expanding its student body, since the inpatient clinical capacity could not sustain that.
- I do see that each campus will benefit from the hands-on presence of a local dean working collaboratively with a colleague similarly situated 26 miles away.
- I do see a scenario where we can offer new tertiary and quaternary services at Robert Wood Johnson University Hospital in New Brunswick and University Hospital in Newark to meet more of our patients' needs within the State of New Jersey.

My hope is that our medical students will be able to take advantage of the best educational opportunities that each school can offer and pursue their interests and ambitions seamlessly across schools without undue impediments. How can we achieve this and maintain our high admissions standards across the two schools, and enroll classes that reflect our state's diversity? How can we provide a thorough and comprehensive curriculum to meet the needs of our future physicians and their patients? How can we retain the unique and valuable contributions and culture that distinguish and enhance the faculty, staff, student, and patient experience at each school, which is and will continue to be reflective of their principal teaching hospital?

Brian Strom, MD January 31, 2023 Page ix

If you can, contemplate these questions with the hypothetical construct that NJMS and RWJMS will in some way integrate their operations and activities more closely than we do today.

### **Next Steps**

Dean Johnson, Dean Murtha, and I will also be developing responses to those questions that are administrative in nature, and we will be working with the RBHS Office of Research to answer those questions particular to research. In addition, we will be setting up a web-based survey instrument to collect comments from across the medical schools and across the state.

ECG will collect and distribute all the responses and we will share this document with you, our medical schools, the community, and the University Senate for their review. We plan some forums in each city to obtain input from our host communities and local leaders. Following the Senate review a formal proposal will be drafted for President Holloway and the Boards to review.

We all seek a medical education program that best delivers on the promises made to our communities, the people of New Jersey, our professions, and our patients. I welcome your thoughts, perspectives, experience, and knowledge as we contemplate a structure that will optimally deliver on our missions.

### **Admissions Committee Membership and Assigned Questions**

Name	Title	Institution
H. Liesel Copeland, PhD (cochair)	Assistant Dean of Admissions	RWJMS
George F. Heinrich, MD (cochair)	Associate Dean of Admissions	NJMS
Gloria A. Bachmann, MD	Associate Dean of Women's Health	RWJMS
Natalia L. Kellam	Student	RWJMS
Payal V. Shah	Student	NJMS
Carol A. Terregino, MD	Senior Associate Dean of Education and Academic Affairs	RWJMS
Joshua M. Kaplan, MD	Associate Professor of Medicine	NJMS
Sonia C. Laumbach, MD	Assistant Dean of Student Affairs	RWJMS
Maria L. Soto-Greene, MD	Executive Vice Dean	NJMS
Danitza M. Velazquez, MD	Assistant Professor, Pediatrics	NJMS

#1 – How would an integrated medical school handle student applications, admissions, tuition, and fees?

#2 – Will student enrollment increase?

#3 – What are the metrics for success in a proposed integration?

### **Culture Committee Membership and Assigned Questions**

Culture Committee Membership and Assigned Questions					
	Name	Title	Institution		
	Charletta A. Ayers, MD MPH (cochair)	, Associate Professor, Obstetrics, Gynecology an Reproductive Sciences	d RWJMS		
	Melissa B, Rogers, PhD (cochair)	Associate Professor, Microbiology, Biochemistry and Molecular Genetics	NJMS		
	Shareif Abdelwahab	Student	RWJMS		
	Bill Arnold	President and Chief Executive Officer (CEO)	RWJ University Hospital		
	Detlev Boison, PhD	Professor, Neurosurgery	RWJMS		
	Alison L. Clarke	Program Coordinator	RWJMS		
	Dr. C. Roy Epps Brunswick	President and CEO	Civic League of Greater New		
Carmen L. O McLau	Guzman- ghlin, MPH	Senior Director, Administration	NJMS		
George Ha	ampton Ret	red Vice President	versity of Medicine ntistry of New Jersey		
Michael Kel	ly, MD	Associate Dean, Graduate Education	RWJMS		
	Neil Kothari, MD	Associate Dean, Graduate Medical Education	n NJMS		
M. Chiara N	⁄lanzini, PhD	Associate Professor, Child Health Institute of New Jersey	RWJMS		
Mary Map	les, JD Inte	rim President and CEO Univers	ity Hospital		
	Ana M. Natale-Pereira MD, MPH	Associate Professor, Department of Medicine	NJMS		
	J. Patrick O'Connor, Ph	D Associate Professor, Orthopedics	NJMS		
	Jon L. Oliver	Assistant Dean of Information Technology	Rutgers School of Communication and Information		
	Timothy Pistell	Student	NJMS		
Nikolaos Py	rsopoulos, MD, PhD	Professor and Chief, Gastroenterology and Hepatology	NJMS		
Arnold Ra	bson, MD, PhD Dire	ector, Child Health Institute of New Jersey RWJM	S		
Frank Sonn	enberg, MD	Chief Informatics Officer	RWJMS		
	Ian Whitehead, PhD	Professor, Microbiology, Biochemistry, and Molecular Genetics	NJMS		

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- #1 How will the medical schools' integration ensure that the campuses are coequal?
- #2 Will school departments be integrated under single chairs, or will each campus retain a local chair?
- #3 What will the impact of an integrated medical school be on our relationships with our primary hospital affiliates, University Hospital, and the RWJ Barnabas Health (RWJBH) system?
- #4 How will each campus retain its unique identity and strengths? #5 How will faculty governance be implemented?
- #6 What are the metrics for success in a proposed integration?

### **Curriculum Committee Membership and Assigned Questions**

	Name	Title		Institution
	Maria L. Soto-Greene, MD (cocha	ir) Executive Vice Dean		NJMS
	Carol A. Terregino, MD (cochair)	Senior Associate Dean of Education and Academic Affairs	F	RWJMS
	Rashi Aggarwal, MD	Vice Chair, Residency Training Director	١	NJMS
	Alla Fayngersh, MD	Assistant Professor, Department of Medi	cine N	NJMS
	Meigra (Maggie) Myers Chin, MD	Associate Professor, Emergency Medicine	F	RWJMS
	Amir George	Student	١	NJMS
	Brooke K. Phillips	Student	F	RWJMS
	Archana Pradhan, MD	Associate Dean for Clinical Education	F	RWJMS
	Monica Roth, PhD	Professor, Pharmacology	F	RWJMS
	Michael E. Shapiro, MD	Professor, Surgery	N	NJMS
Ranita Sha	erma, MD Execu	tive Vice Chair, Residency Program tor	RWJMS	
Christin Tra	ba, MD	Associate Dean for Education		NJMS

- #1 What is the vision for a transformational undergraduate medical education curriculum/program?
- #2 How would integration of the two medical schools align, reconcile, or reimagine the curriculum? #3 How will an integrated medical school address clinical placements, pre-clerkship rotations, and clerkships?
- #4 Will students be able to enroll in core classes and/or electives across campuses? #5 Will there be a greater emphasis on distance or remote learning?
- #6 Will students be expected to travel between campuses?
- #7 How would an integrated medical school impact the current MD/PhD program? #8 What are the metrics for success in a proposed integration?

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Introduction and Process
Overview

### Introduction and Process Overview

Rutgers, The State University of New Jersey, is a leading public research university and a member of the Association of American Universities. Rutgers comprises three main regional locations and the state's largest academic health center, Rutgers Biomedical and Health Sciences (RBHS), with over 1,500 faculty members and 6,700 students across eight schools. Two of the institutions included within RBHS are New Jersey Medical School (NJMS), located in Newark, and Robert Wood Johnson Medical School (RWJMS), located in New Brunswick. NJMS and RWJMS are allopathic schools of medicine that are separately accredited by the Liaison Committee on Medical Education (LCME). A university-based health sciences center with two separate and distinct schools of medicine is a unique model in the current medical education landscape, with only one other truly comparable example. Furthermore, excluding large university systems (e.g., University of California and University of Texas), there are only two other universities that have more than one autonomous medical school.

In January of 2019, the RBHS Chancellor, Brian Strom, MD, MPH, convened a special Committee on the Future of Academic Medicine (FAM) at Rutgers, charging it to "fully assess the pros and cons of a wide range of options for medical education at Rutgers from maintaining the status quo, to fostering greater strategic collaborations, to a full restructuring and integration." After a 12-month evaluation and planning process, the FAM Committee issued its final report to the chancellor in January of 2020. In response to the report, the University Senate developed a set of questions spanning a variety of topics and issues related to the potential integration of NJMS and RWJMS, which it subsequently forwarded to Dr. Strom. However, the onset of the COVID pandemic in March of 2020 halted any further substantive discussions regarding the findings and recommendations of the FAM Committee. Then, in January 2022, as part of a very broadbased reboot of the RBHS strategic plan, the topic was raised again, but the Senate's questions had never been answered.

In the fall of 2022, Dr. Strom, along with Robert Johnson, MD, FAACP (Dean of NJMS) and Amy Murtha, MD (Dean of RWJMS), decided to revive the examination of the "optimal level of integration and cooperation" between the two medical schools, identifying as an immediate next step the development of responses to the questions from the University Senate, with targeted submission to this body in January or very early February 2023. Given this aggressive timeline, RBHS leadership undertook the following:

- Collaborated with University Senate leadership to streamline the list of questions and categorize them into the following five topic areas (many others were duplicative or no longer relevant):
- Administration/Leadership
- Admissions

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The University of Arizona (UA) Health Sciences includes two LCME-accredited colleges of medicine (UACOM-Tucson and UACOM-Phoenix), and its two-COM model is being re-evaluated.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> University of South Carolina (separately accredited medical schools in Columbia and Greenville) and New York University (separately accredited medical schools in New York City and Long Island).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Source: Chancellor Strom's email announcement to RBHS community on the committee's formation, December 20, 2018.

- Culture and identity
- o Curriculum
- Research
- Convened three committees in November 2022 (one each for admissions, culture and identity, and curriculum), including many representatives from the Senate and other faculty governance organizations, and charged them with developing responses to the related questions from the University Senate.
- o Refer to exhibit I for a listing of committee membership.
- Refer to exhibit II for Dr. Strom's charge to the committees.
- Engaged ECG Management Consultants and Janis Orlowski, MD, an expert in LCME accreditation, to provide logistical and analytical support, meeting facilitation, and content expertise for the committees.
- Developed a website (<u>Envisioning the Future of Academic Medicine | RBHS (rutgers.edu)</u>) to provide background, updates, and other key information on this initiative so it would be completely transparent to the Rutgers community and the public, as well as serving as an online survey portal for anonymous feedback.
- Organized a virtual "Conversation with Our Communities" event in December 2022 for RBHS faculty, staff, students, and other stakeholders to gather additional comments and perspectives. (Notes from the breakout rooms related to their specific topics were provided to each of the committees.)
- Requested various individuals within the RBHS leadership structure for feedback on the remaining administration/leadership and research questions to develop attendant responses.

The remainder of this document provides unedited syntheses of the committees' discussions regarding and responses to the assigned questions as well as RBHS leadership's responses to questions that were not assigned to one of the committees.

# Admissions Committee Feedback

### **Admissions Committee Feedback**

### **Background**

To provide context for its discussions, the admissions committee reviewed various background data and analyses for both medical schools, including:

- Applicant, matriculant, enrollment, and graduate profiles and trends (refer to appendix A)
- Faculty hiring and turnover (refer to appendix B)
- Summary of combined program offerings and major clinical affiliates (refer to appendix C)
- Comparisons of admissions processes, tuition, and fees (refer to appendix D)
- Residency match trends (refer to appendix E)
- Case studies for select medical schools with admissions processes for multiple campuses (appendix F)
- Sections from LCME Data Collection Instrument (DCI) related to student selection

In addition to the above information, the committee also considered feedback on admissions-related topics provided through the online survey and the Conversation with Our Communities event.

#### **Potential Framework and Milestones**

Fundamental to the committee's discussions and development of responses were the following tenets:

- In its recommendations and responses, the committee must prioritize New Jersey Medical School (NJMS) and Robert Wood Johnson Medical School's (RWJMS's) commitment to excellence and selecting candidates who align with the schools' mission and values.
- Potential impacts to LCME accreditation must be accounted for in any admissions process changes.
- Measures of success must consider both schools' cultures and track records of diversity and service to local communities.
- In contemplating a more integrated model, both schools should consider external economic factors and minimize competition between campuses.
- The committee needs to closely examine key differences in admissions processes and approaches where there may not be any overlap.

To complement its responses to the assigned questions and emphasize the points above, the committee developed a potential framework and timeline of admissions-related activities for achieving single LCME accreditation, which is provided as exhibit III.

### **Responses to Assigned Questions**

### #1 – How would an integrated medical school handle student applications, admissions, tuition, and fees?

Development of a unified admissions process under a single accreditation model will require detailed planning over a multiyear period, as well as close coordination and alignment with decisions and outcomes from the curriculum committee. Please note the proposed framework and timeline (assuming an entering class of 2028 under a single accreditation) presented separately. As part of the detailed planning process, the following key topics must be appropriately evaluated and addressed:

- Development of a single application process for individuals applying to more than one campus
- Determination of when an applicant must indicate which campus(es) they are interested in applying
  to while ensuring that campus preference is identified by the applicant.
- All unique considerations for dual degree, pathway, and other special programs
- Design of an executive committee and maintenance of the campus-specific admissions subcommittees in a structure that meets the LCME standards
- Determination of application fee(s)
- Consistency and appropriateness of tuition levels and student fees for a single medical school with two campuses
- Approach for reviewing the alternate list between the two campuses
- Process for updating policies and procedures to ensure consistency and agility
- Approach for students wishing to switch campuses/tracks following matriculation

#### #2 – Will student enrollment increase?

No. We do not expect an increase in medical school enrollment for either campus stemming from a more integrated model, primarily due to limitations in clinical training slots at our affiliated teaching hospitals. Our existing partners are already at capacity with our current enrollment, and opportunities for developing new clinical affiliations are minimal.

In fact, the proposed integration provides the leadership teams an opportunity to evaluate the current class sizes to ensure they align with available clinical volumes, faculty capacity, and other resources required to provide a high-quality educational experience.

#### #3 – What are the metrics for success in a proposed integration?

- Application metrics
- Number of applicants from communities underrepresented in medicine
- Number of students that applied to both campuses
- Number of out-of-state applicants
- Number and amount of scholarship opportunities and funding
- Matriculation metrics
- Yield of matriculated to accepted
- Class composition (including key demographic metrics)
- Survey data to measure admission process experience

- Metric from admissions office student survey
- MSQ survey
- Other
- Graduation rates
- Match rates
- Graduate questionnaire scores
- Metric to be identified that will evaluate the integration process
- Metric to be identified that will evaluate admission of students who align with schools' missions and values
- Student feedback (via survey or QR code at yearly check point or other established meetings)
- Feedback from potential students who were accepted but chose not to matriculate

### Other Key Considerations

As the committee discussed and developed responses for the assigned questions, it also identified the following additional concerns and considerations related to an integrated medical school model.

- A merged school may lead to fewer overall residency spots in a given GME program for students from Rutgers, especially for the more competitive residencies (as compared to the two schools separately).
- There is an overall university commitment to not increasing tuition and fees, and there is strong sentiment that higher tuition should not be considered for the integrated medical school.
- The merger will have an impact on alumni engagement and philanthropy, with the potential extent to be examined further. Communication with alumni regarding the integration and its implications on financial and other contributions, the institutional name on their degrees, etc., will be of high importance.
- The impact of a single accreditation on scholarships (especially those that are campus specific) will need to be evaluated.
- The total number of applications (and revenues from application fees) may decrease based on the number of students who historically would have separately applied to both RWJMS and NJMS.
- Some scholarships are campus specific; this will likely be difficult to change even with the integration, and its impact should be explored further.
- Student feedback should be solicited regarding school choice to preserve desirable elements for applicants.
- There is a desire to understand the "why" and the potential benefits of the merger.
- There is a high level of concern around resource challenges and the additional strain a merger will place on the admissions process/teams.

Culture and Identity Committee Feedback

### Culture and Identify Committee Feedback

### Background

The committee first proceeded by defining culture as follows:

- In a strong culture, there are many overlapping and cohesive interactions among all members of the organization. As a result, knowledge about the organization's distinctive character—and what it takes to thrive in it—is widely spread and reinforced.
- A good culture arises from messages that promote traits like collaboration, honesty, and hard work.
- In a weak culture, sparse interactions make it difficult for people to learn the organization's culture, so its character is barely noticeable, and the commitment to it is scarce or sporadic.

Culture is shaped by five interwoven elements, each of which has the power to influence:

- Fundamental beliefs and assumptions, or the things that people consider to be true.
- Shared values, or the judgments people make about those beliefs and assumptions—whether they are right or wrong, good or bad, just or unjust.
- Norms, or how members believe they should act and behave, or what they think is expected of them.
- Patterns and behaviors, or the way people actually act and behave.
- Tangible evidence, or the physical, visual, auditory, or other sensory signs that demonstrate people's behaviors.

Source: https://www.gse.harvard.edu/news/uk/18/07/what-makes-good-school-culture.

The committee also requested and reviewed various background data and analyses for both medical schools, including:

- Applicant, matriculant, enrollment, and graduate profiles and trends (refer to appendix A)
- Faculty hiring and turnover (refer to appendix B)
- Summary of combined program offerings and major clinical affiliates (refer to appendix C)
- Overview of strategic plans, including mission, vision, and values (appendix G)
- Key financial resources (see tables 3-5 in next section)
- Previously completed marketing and branding analyses (appendix H)
- Overview of key buildings (appendix I)
- Faculty governance structures (appendix J)
- Relevant LCME accreditation standards (appendix K)
- Summary results from key surveys (appendix L)
- Mentoring program survey
- Translational research barriers survey
- AAMC Standpoint survey (RWJMS only)
- AAMC Graduation Questionnaire

Relevant stakeholder feedback provided through the online survey and the Conversation with Our Communities event was also evaluated and considered.

### Responses to Assigned Questions<sup>1</sup>

- Given the limited time and availability of information requested from university and school entities, the committee prioritized the discussion and analysis of question #1; however, this section includes all committee thoughts and conclusions on questions #2 -5 as well.
- #1 How will the medical schools' integration ensure that the campuses are coequal?
  Full realization of the benefits of a merger (e.g., increased research collaboration, community outreach, and enhancement of clinical capabilities) requires a coequal and equitable status between the campuses, based on open communication, transparency, and collaborative planning.
- We note that the definition of coequality differs from equitability. LCME accreditation prizes coequality. In contrast, the schools' overall function and community support are strengthened by equitable status.
- Administration must clearly define the benefits of a merger for the following reasons. A massive amount of effort will be required on the part of administration, faculty, staff, and students. Uncertainty regarding the school's identity may impact recruitment and retention of faculty, staff, medical students, and residents, and accreditation. Likewise, other stakeholders such as community partners and alumni, may be negatively impacted. Furthermore, the significant political and legislative concerns must be addressed regarding Newark and University Hospital. The merger of the Camden and Newark Law Schools offers a cautionary tale.
- Coequality between the campuses will need to be evaluated and defined within the context of what is being merged and the distinct goals and objectives of each campus. For example, LCME accreditation will require a high degree of parity in resources devoted to admissions, curriculum development/management, faculty teaching commitments, and student experiences and evaluation. As stated by the AAMC consultant "In a single accredited school, LCME values unity in school vision, in core competencies and curricula, and in bylaws regarding faculty promotion. Curricula should be developed jointly and monitored by the faculty. Admission decisions should rest solely in the hands of a unified admissions committee. Faculty should reach understanding and consensus regarding necessary changes and their roles in implementing such changes."
- The campuses have unique attributes related to research, patient care, and community service that should be maintained and will involve equitable resource commitments (see Table 6). The process by which funding is allocated to the campuses must be transparent and equitable. Numeric differences should be based on objective measures that clearly justify funding levels. While it would be a mistake to categorically state that the dollars must be equal, the equitability and needs for large differences should be explained clearly to avoid the appearance of biases (see Table 5). Any disparities in existing

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Some final edits were added by the co-chairs based on meeting notes and follow-up emails that are intended to reflect the committee's thoughts and discussion but, due to time restraints, were not redistributed to the committee for their review.

resources and capital investments need to be evaluated and addressed (e.g., renovation of existing buildings versus new construction) to ensure there are no persistent inequities in meeting the schools' goals for their clinical, research, educational, and service missions. Transparency regarding which funds are discretionary and how they are distributed is essential.

Core aspects of an integrated model with coequal campuses that require detailed examination and planning include:

- Faculty and student governance must include equitable representation from both campuses: centralized
  or executive-level administrative positions required for clinical/research/educational/service
  missions, committees, governance structures, faculty organizations, and student organizations.
- Current student and staff participation in school governance should be enhanced with the specific goals of empowering their contributions to the schools' missions.
- Equitable and aligned student affairs and advising resources to ensure consistency in availability, guidance, and disciplinary measures. LCME criteria and ongoing internal review is paramount.
- Alignment of student to faculty ratios (currently 1.5 at NJMS, 1.0 at RWJMS). This includes a
  reevaluation of both the total number and tracks of faculty positions at each school, which currently
  stands at 487 faculty at NJMS and 714 faculty at RWJMS. See Tables 1 and 2.

 TABLE 1:
 Student/Faculty Ratio

	July 2018	July 2019	July 2020	July 2021	July 2022
NJMS student/faculty ratio	1.52	1.53	1.45	1.55	1.54
RWJMS student/faculty ratio	1.13	1.03	1.01	1.01	1.05
Significantly different per T test:	p = 4.60768E-05				

Source: Document titled "NJMS RWJMS Faculty by track Student Faculty ratio.xlsx" provided by RBHS Faculty Affairs on December 5, 2022.

**TABLE 2.** Head Count of Faculty 0.5 FTEs or Greater by School and Track, 2017–2022

	School/Track	July 2017	July 2018	July 2019	July 2020	July 2021	July 2022
	New Jersey Medical School	466	506	512	529	490	487
Clinical E	ducator	112	118	116	114	111	121
	Clinical Scholar	9	6	8	9	8	7
Professio	nal Practice	142	182	194	202	190	186
	RBHS Instructor	16	15	11	20	19	9

	School/Track	July 2017	July 2018	July 2019	July 2020	July 2021	July 2022
Researc	n	51	51	46	48	41	39
	Teaching	7	7	7	7	7	8
Tenure		106	106	106	104	89	89
	Tenure Track	23	21	24	25	25	28
Robert W	ood Johnson Medical School	669	680	716	745	742	714
	Clinical Educator	169	165	162	167	171	153
Clinical S	cholar	62	60	59	56	55	59
	Professional Practice	141	197	249	277	264	251
RBHS Inst	tructor	99	65	47	47	46	38
	RBHS Lecturer			1	2	2	
Researc	n	19	25	29	31	29	33
	Teaching	24	23	23	24	23	23
Tenure		117	113	116	109	116	116
	Tenure Track	38	32	30	32	36	41

Source: Document titled "NJMS RWJMS Faculty by track Student Faculty ratio.xlsx" provided by RBHS Faculty Affairs on December 5, 2022.

- Alignment of research investment, e.g., infrastructure (new buildings and renovations), core facility support, and faculty support. The capacity and condition of all research facilities should be of adequate quality to support both current and future funded projects. See Tables 3, 4, and 5.
- Accurate assignment of credit for effort on large, multi-PI, collaborative projects to each school, department, and unit. Currently Tableau and RAPSS don't accurately report multi-PI contributions. The Contact principal investigator's unit receives most if not all credit.

**TABLE 3:** NIH Grants/Faculty

School/Track	July 2018	July 2019	July 2020	July 2021	July 2022
NJMS NIH grants	\$50,174,414	\$46,943,222	\$61,027,098	\$60,426,802	\$60,594,935
RWJMS (includes CINJ) NIH grants	\$31,827,369	\$45,082,009	\$56,396,263	\$63,023,800	\$69,391,105
NJMS NIH grants/faculty	\$99,160	\$91,686	\$115,363	\$123,320	\$124,425
RWJMS NIH grants/faculty	\$46,805	\$62,964	\$75,700	\$84,938	\$97,186

Sources: NIH Reporter and document titled "NJMS RWJMS Faculty by track Student Faculty ratio.xlsx" provided by RBHS Faculty Affairs on December 5, 2022 (for faculty counts in denominator).

TABLE 4: RWJBH Support<sup>1</sup>

	2021	2022	2023 Projection
Newark RWJBH support	\$1,383,324	\$2,165,274	\$3,417,821
NB/Piscataway RWJBH support	\$73,097,040	\$50,826,640	\$49,149,121
Newark RWJBH support/faculty	\$2,823	\$4,446	\$7,018
NB/Piscataway RWJBH support/faculty	\$98,514	\$71,186	\$68,836

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The above figures appear to be largely research mission focused and clinical service contribution is unclear.

FY 2020

FY 2021

FY 2022

FY 2023B

**TABLE 5:** Appropriations by School

	1 1 20 10	112013	11 2020	112021	112022	1120200	
NJMS							
Appropriat	State \$38,60° tions¹	1,969 \$37	7,860,402	\$36,589,522	\$30,491,581	\$31,092,350 \$3	30,057,414
State Appropriations for Clinical Subsidy <sup>2</sup>	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Net State Appropriations	s <sup>1</sup> \$38,60°	1,969 \$37	7,860,402	\$36,589,522	\$30,491,581	\$31,092,350 \$3	30,057,414
RWJMS							
Appropriat	State \$32,323 tions <sup>1</sup>	3,615 \$29	9,449,110	\$30,980,907	\$10,423,808	\$10,395,064 \$ <sup>2</sup>	11,279,386
State Appropriations for Clinical Subsidy <sup>2</sup>	-	-	-	\$17,500,0	000 \$17,500,	000 \$17,500,000	
Net State Appropriations	\$32,32	3,615 \$29	9,449,110	\$30,980,907	\$27,923,808	\$27,895,064 \$2	28,779,38

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Allocations of state appropriations occur before the investment in the MAPS Program.

FY 2019

Source: Document entitled "RBHS\_Mission\_Support\_Budget\_FY\_2023\_21A\_21B\_22B\_23B" provided by AAUP-BHSNJ December 16, 2022; Document titled "NJMS RWJMS Faculty by track Student Faculty ratio.xlsx" provided by RBHS Faculty Affairs on December 5, 2022. NJMS administration indicated that under the clinical services agreement (CSA), UH pays NJMS for physician services. The CSA also includes incentive payments and payments for additional clinical services, a lease agreement in the DOC, and contract payments for lab services. NJMS received approximately \$65M for the CSA payment in FY 2022 from UH.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Redirected to be used as mission support.

Source: Document titled "Medical School Appropriations FY17-23.xlsx" provided by RBHS Faculty Affairs on December 6, 2022.

- Equitable allocation of residency positions over all clinical sites
- Allocation of clinical/research/educational staff to provide sufficient administrative and IT support.
- Salary equity for similar performance, expertise, and qualifications.
- #2 Will school departments be integrated under single chairs, or will each campus retain a local chair?
  The committee members have diverse opinions on this topic; however, the need for transparency and clear communication between chairs and faculty was universally noted. Some advocate for a single- chair model (with a vice chair dedicated to each campus) as the more effective approach for achieving true integration (i.e., single point of accountability and strategic guidance, overcoming any artificial geographic limitations). Others view a model with separate departments with separate chairs reporting to a single dean as a more effective means for managing campus-specific nuances and playing an active role in the development of junior faculty members. The two chairs should have a regular and open channel of communication (e.g., regular joint meetings of chairs and vice chairs of the two departments) to ensure that joint opportunities are identified and exploited.

There is little to no interest in maintaining the current mixed model of department leadership given experiences to date, which have been variable and far from universally successfully.

- #3 What will the impact of an integrated medical school be on our relationships with our primary hospital affiliates, University Hospital (UH), and the RWJ Barnabas Health (RWJBH) system?
- In terms of faculty and student access with our clinical partners, no significant changes are envisioned from an integrated model. In fact, it may allow students from each campus to complete elective rotations in specialty areas at the other campus that were previously not available. However, benefits may be tempered by capacity limitations at a given affiliate and lengthy travel times. Also, a more integrated model may provide the opportunity to develop a common vision for the future of healthcare, research, and education that is shared across the medical school, UH, and RWJBH, such as:
- Increased scale that improves the impact of population health initiatives and other collaborative strategies.
- Increased data sharing between the affiliate systems that improves competitiveness in acquiring extramural funding and negotiating with payers/vendors
- Identification of gaps in specialty areas, community services, and educational programs that lead to shared and coordinated strategies for addressing areas of need and enhancing existing programs.

An area of complexity that will require more detailed evaluation, discussion, and decision-making is the current legislation that defines UH as the principal teaching hospital for NJMS. How an integrated model impacts compliance with that requirement must be determined, and a framework for

managing through other predictable issues, such as conflicting clinical programs and hospital representation in university and school governance structures, must be developed. Other areas of concern resulting from an integrated model include:

- Potential impact on the essential rejuvenation of UH.
- Willingness to use funding from RWJBH to invest in faculty and infrastructure at NJMS/UH.
- Availability of services and training programs at UH that benefit the NJMS mission and Newark community

### #4 – How will each campus retain its unique identity and strengths?

The culture of each campus will be changed by the merger; therefore, the key objective is to determine which unique elements must be preserved and how to do so (See Table 6). Each campus has a unique history, traditions, and connections with and commitments to their communities and partners. These must be identified and honored and not diluted. However, development of an integrated model also may serve as the disruptive opportunity for abandoning stale, ossified, and nonproductive ways of doing things and reimagining aspects of the campus cultures to develop new strengths, serve more people, and advance medicine in the state (i.e., establishing a common bar of excellence

while maintaining the unique attributes and identities of the campuses). Extensive evaluation and planning will be required to ensure that appropriate financial and human resources (HR), governance structures, infrastructure, staffing, and policies are in place and sustainable.

The committee recommends that UH and Rutgers leaders not ignore history. They should revisit and study the Newark Agreements, as well as invite and encourage necessary and credible input from strategic community stakeholders. Indeed, they must recognize the value of comprehensive strategic civic engagement at all unit levels throughout the Rutgers' institutions.

Ensuring that any merger plans put the health of New Jersey communities first, particularly the communities in which the medical schools reside, is of utmost importance. For example, it might be hoped that a merger of the schools could address horrific issues, such as the unacceptable disparities in maternal mortality in the state. The question is how best to get there. Is a (yet another) potentially highly disruptive merger, with potential loss of key faculty and staff and without a major infusion of new resources, the best way to get there? Even in the context of two medical schools, or of a minimal merger involving only LCME-associated components, a potential approach is to immediately create a joint initiative/task force across both schools and health care systems to identify areas in which working together can make a difference to the health of our communities. For example, can we mobilize a group across all entities to address the issue of maternal mortality? We don't have to merge the schools right now for that purpose, but we can build trust and working relationships and maybe have a few successes of joint ventures that can help serve as the basis for a merger (or a more comprehensive merger, if only the curricula/LCME are merged now). This is quite consistent with many of the earlier recommendations of the FAM report.

The pathway for each campus to retain its unique identity and strengths is to initially have a very limited "merger," focusing solely on issues related to LCME accreditation and fulfilling criteria related to admissions, curriculum, and educational experience of the students. Other aspects of integration should proceed more gradually from the "bottom up," employing strategies indicated in the Future of Academic Medicine report that would increase collaborations in research, clinical care, and community involvement. This will require increased investment in structures and additional funding to facilitate and incentivize these interactions.

TABLE 6: Specific Committee Feedback on Medical School Culture

	Topic/Mission	NJMS	RWJMS
	Unique attributes	of each school	
one o Enga electi <sup>i</sup> Comi "Faculty t stand	rism embedded" ir f only 43 of 119 AA ged Service Learn ve) course oversee munity Initiatives. take pride in guidin	"Community engagement and neducational experiences, e.g., NJMS is MC reviewed schools with a Communitying (CESL) course. This is a required (not n by the Office of Primary Care and g students to above average scores on espite frequent disadvantages"	service" Rutgers University (RU) campus, including shared graduate programs/students, seminar series, and buildings; connections with undergraduate students; and collaborations with other schools and
"NIH gra	enges (Table 3)	"Faculty are highly productive" despite ces (e.g., Center for Emerging Pathogens, Institute)"	Affiliations with "nationally recognized clinical and research institutions (e.g., CINJ)"
the hi has a Newa Diverse p	ighest level of care significant impact ark. patient population a	UH designation as a level 1 trauma center ising the medical staff who are providing through primary and specialty services on care in the community beyond and communities served ms (e.g., liver transplant program)"	Robust "research collaborations", including a cohesive research structure and links with BHI  Established "mentorship" relationships  Broad network of "affiliate hospitals"  "RWJ is more efficient, so more patients can be seenConsequently, practicing at RWJ hospitals generates more RVUs relative to NJMS"

**Topic/Mission NJMS RWJMS** 

Strong "infectious disease and HIV care programs"

"World class in ENT and orthopedics"

Community "Identity rooted in services provided, educational opportunities, and community commitments" see Broken Promises to the People of Newark: A Historical Review of the Newark Uprising, the Newark Agreements, and Rutgers New Jersey Medical School's Commitments to Newark Franklin et al. RWJMS culture is "enmeshed in the identity Int J Environ Res Public Health. 2021 Feb; 18(4): 2117.

Commitment to the "city of Newark and its underserved population", e.g., NJMS Student Family Health Care Clinic (https://njms.rutgers.edu/community/SF HCC/), the first medical student run clinic of its kind in the US, was established after the 1967 riots to meet the needs of the medically underserved and offers free, quality health care to the Newark community.

Rich "culture and history"

NJMS "Office of Primary Care and Community Initiatives in FY 21-22 reached over 6000 community members, with 30 CESL projects"

"The Newark Agreements, the Board of Concerned Citizens (BCC) and the community programs that followed were given birth by the riots because impoverished and disenfranchised citizens demanded recognition and respect from powerful government/public institutional leaders. The institutional leaders recognized the need to respectfully engage the community as a credible and necessary partner. That commitment waned over the last few years."

Strong "community and global outreach" programs and community connections with socioeconomically and ethnically diverse populations

and culture" of its community

"Health equity advocacy"

Topic/Mission	NJMS	RWJMS
Most importan	t attribute of school culture	
Education/ Research	Faculty "care deeply about their research and educational and service activities" "Protect our work against major outside influences"	"Collaboration and collegiality across the medical schools" and other educational institutes on the RU New Brunswick/ Piscataway campus with some connections easier than others "Dedication to education"
al ence"		"Serving the community through clinical
Community	Strong connection and "history of service to the city of Newark" "Tradition and serving the community"	"Relationships with local health centers and collaboration with local public education centers and political and community agencies" "Rich history and strong connections to the local communities in and around New Brunswick"
What needs to	change	
Research	Increased "collaboration" and "a more collegial environment"  "Better collaboration"  RBHS leadership ignoring "previous committee work that leads to thoughtful reports"  Faculty incentives aligned with stated priorities.  Improved infrastructure that "elevates the campus" and its capabilities Absence of support for CESL student led efforts	Transition from a "curriculum that is heavy on multiple-choice testing" to "one that emphasizes the development of clinical skills, critical thinking, and decision-making"  "Increased mentoring and advising that are tailored for each student's preferred choice of specialty"  "Greater integration with RU and the other professional schools of RBHS" Improved "communication" and "better collaboration"  A "raised bar of excellence that replaces cultural relics from 20+ years ago" and reflect the "new vision behind the school merger"  Absence of support for CESL student led efforts

Clinical Reduce administration's "focus on revenue generating efforts"

Topic/Mission NJMS RWJMS

Recognition that different sites have

different staffing and capacity that impact revenue generation

"At NJMS, 1/3 of patients are no-shows. Staffing limitations decrease efficiency. Consequently, generating RVUs is more difficult than in the RWJ system."

Community Increased appreciation and respect of faculty by NJMS and RBHS leadership

The New Jersey Medical and Health Sciences Education and Restructuring Act (bills: S2063 and A3102) created two advisory boards to take on some of the responsibilities of the Board of Concerned Citizens: the University Hospital Community Oversight Board and the Rutgers-Newark Campus Advisory Board. Top leadership should work with and empower these boards to recreate the respectful and stable relationship developed by the first two UMDNJ presidents, Drs. Bergen and Cook.

"Increased pride" in the NJMS campus, "beginning with facility improvements" Definition of "community" expanded beyond Newark

Increased facility maintenance and resources dedicated to "campus beautification"

Reduce need for RBHS food bank

Improved faculty engagement and participation in forums such as faculty meetings

Increased appreciation of faculty by RBHS leadership and additional engagement of faculty in decisionmaking to overcome increased apathy about the future direction of the school

Boost in faculty trust of RBHS leadership Definition of community expanded beyond New Brunswick

"Top-down leadership"

### #5 – How will faculty governance be implemented?

While campus-specific governance bodies should be preserved, a more integrated model will require enhancement of structures that span the two campuses, e.g., a "super-council" composed of members of each campus-specific council, which would have regular, open, virtual meetings to identify areas of common concerns, meet LCME accreditation requirements, and bring a unified faculty voice to the table. Initiating this process as soon as possible utilizing existing faculty structures would allow a clear articulation of faculty concerns and ideas as the merger process proceeds.

Faculty by-laws will need to be reviewed, revised, and harmonized to account for the integrated model. The roles and responsibilities of the RBHS Faculty Council will need to be strengthened, and an RBHS faculty-wide organization will need to be created. Additional joint governing bodies/committees may be identified and implemented as integration efforts continue. The University Senate also will need to be consulted throughout this process and will play a critical role in the oversight and guidance of an integrated medical school.

#6 – What are the metrics for success in a proposed integration?

### Academic performance metrics

- Improved medical school ranking (caveat: recent discussions and withdrawals of prestigious institutions from US News & World Report medical school rankings highlight the flaws of this metric)
- Faculty to student ratios
- Increased publications
- Development of new modalities for medical student training
- Improved residency-matching statistics
- LCME accreditation status
- Increased number of applicants (e.g., medical school, residency, fellowships, graduate school)
- o Increased support for Community Engaged Service Learning (CESL) efforts by students in the community
- Diversity of faculty, staff, medical students, and residents
- o Increased quality of applicants (e.g., medical school, residency, fellowships, graduate school)
- Reduced student debt

#### Community metrics

- Increased positive health outcomes for the patient population. Community Health Needs Assessment (CHNA) can support future planning for UH and RWJBH
- Increased support for Community Engaged Service Learning (CESL) efforts in the community
- Rutgers/Medical School Community Board that would integrate with the communities that are served by the medical school to centralize the priority of community and the individuals that are served based on the Newark Agreement.
- Expanding community to include overall health of the State of New Jersey, which the medical schools serve, i.e., Health equity, COVID, Childhood Obesity, Cancer screenings, Maternal Heath
- Meeting community outreach and engagement goals as described in efforts such as:
- RWJMS Community outreach Healthier New Brunswick
   (<a href="https://rwjms.rutgers.edu/community">https://rwjms.rutgers.edu/community</a> health/other/healthier-new-brunswick/overview)
- Alliance Shared Measurement Project (<a href="https://rwjms.rutgers.edu/community\_health/other/healthier-new-brunswick/alliance-shared-measurement-project">https://rwjms.rutgers.edu/community\_health/other/healthier-new-brunswick/alliance-shared-measurement-project</a>)
- Newark Community outreach 2022 Community

Health Needs Assessment (https://www.uhnj.org/chna/)

### Engagement and satisfaction metrics

- Improved faculty and staff engagement, satisfaction, and wellness survey scores
- o Increased faculty, resident, and staff recruitment and retention
- Increased student satisfaction (e.g., survey scores on pre-clerkship education and clerkship experiences)
- Alumni satisfaction

#### Financial metrics

- Increased administrative efficiency
- Administrative cost savings (e.g., reduced administrative expense per employee FTE and/or per student)

### Hospital integration metrics

- Population health outcomes
- Residency training program success
- Reduced administrative burden of hospital/education/research interactions

#### Research metrics

- Improved facilities (e.g., average age, condition, and capacity of the buildings and facilities)
- Increased grant funding
- o Increased research collaboration between departments and schools
- Increased core use and capabilities
- Improved research administration functions, e.g., IRB efficiency
- Sufficient reporting mechanisms to accurately apportion credit for multi-PI, collaborative projects between schools, departments, and units.

### Other Key Considerations

As the committee discussed and developed responses for the assigned questions, it also identified the following key concerns and considerations related to an integrated medical school model to forward to RBHS leadership.

- Clearly defining and communicating the rationale for and potential benefits from a merged medical school model.
- Rutgers' legal counsel must review regulatory and legislative implications of the potential merger as soon as possible and prior to any further commitment of faculty and staff time toward planning and implementation.
- Determine the budget for and implementation costs of the proposed medical school merger, including any incremental administrative requirements.
- Consider lessons the University has learned from other mergers (e.g., nursing schools [Newark and New Brunswick] and law schools [Newark and Camden]). A member of the committee interviewed a senior faculty member and administrator at the Law School. (A synopsis is provided as appendix M.) After 7 years, the Law School merger has met few of its stated goals and has overloaded

administrators, faculty, and staff. Faculty, staff, and alumni are unhappy and frustrated. This Law School faculty member strongly recommended:

- Do the most limited merger possible to achieve specific functional goal(s) while preserving the sovereignty and integrity of both schools.
- Limit the merger to specifically operations that will function better as merged.
- Identify additional resource requirements and acknowledge the capacity challenges faced by the current faculty.
- Additional efforts will be required of faculty and staff to provide detailed planning and implementation for a merged medical school.
- The merger has the potential to seriously exacerbate existing faculty retention and recruitment challenges. The recent faculty survey on the merger of departments and medical schools has confirmed that a high percentage of the faculty at both schools have significant concerns about possible major negative impacts to their work life. These concerns need to be recognized and acknowledged for their potential impact, and proactive strategies developed at the highest levels of Rutgers to mitigate them. This will be essential to ensure retention of the outstanding faculty who have dedicated their careers to the success of both schools.
- The merger may impact existing faculty recruitment and retention challenges.
- The merger process should be introduced to and understood by the faculty well before an LCME visit.
- There is a request to understand if there are factors (e.g., financial need, state/political considerations)
  that make a merger inevitable. If such a fact were made known, then faculty and staff would be more
  open to the process.
- Recognize the potential impact of another major institutional change on faculty and staff morale and retention.

# Curriculum Committee Feedback

### Curriculum Committee Feedback

### **Background**

To provide context for its discussions, the curriculum committee reviewed various background data and analyses for both medical schools, including:

- Applicant, matriculant, enrollment, and graduate profiles and trends (refer to appendix A)
- Faculty hiring and turnover (refer to appendix B)
- Summary of combined program offerings and major clinical affiliates (refer to appendix C)
- Overviews of medical student curricula and learning objectives (refer to appendix N)
- Relevant LCME accreditation standards (refer to appendix O)

In addition to the above information, the committee also considered feedback on curriculum-related topics provided through the online survey and the Conversation with Our Communities event.

#### **Potential Framework and Milestones**

Fundamental to the committee's discussions and development of responses were the following tenets:

- Both medical schools will need to focus on their LCME accreditations for the foreseeable future, i.e., we
  need a stable platform before any form of integrated model is developed and implemented.
- A fundamental consideration under an integrated medical school model will be a decision to 1) maintain separate curriculum "tracks" at each campus or 2) design a single curriculum.
- A preemptive LCME site visit may help shape a more successful implementation process of an integrated model.

To complement its responses to the assigned questions and emphasize the points above, the committee developed a potential framework and timeline of curriculum-related activities for achieving single LCME accreditation, which is provided as exhibit IV. This framework and timeline are intended to ensure that there is appropriate time, bandwidth, and focus on:

- Securing a full accreditation status for both NJMS and RWJMS (i.e., both schools need a "clean bill of health" before a more integrated model is implemented).
- Upholding the primacy of education within the institution and quality outcomes for its students and graduates.
- Promoting inclusivity, collaboration, and community building in the development of the model and a more extended and detailed planning process.

Furthermore, the proposed framework and timeline align with a similar document developed by the admissions committee (refer to exhibit III).

### **Responses to Assigned Questions**

### #1 – What is the vision for a transformational undergraduate medical education curriculum/program?

Transformational medical education employs a curriculum that promotes higher-order, integrative, and reflective learning behaviors through problem-solving, collaborative learning, independent learning, and investigation. There is a focus on refining critical thinking, diagnostic accuracy, and clinical learning and opportunities for practice in simulated and real clinical spaces. This will promote the opportunity for personalized learning and precision education for competency- and timed- based medical education strategies. To accomplish this transformation, teaching faculty must be prioritized, supported, and valued, with their contributions to UME in the classroom and in clinical settings recognized in their compensation models.

#2 – How would integration of the two medical schools align, reconcile, or reimagine the curriculum? Three parallel processes by which integration could occur are needed.

- Continue attention to separate accreditation. It is critical that priority be given to the ongoing accreditation
  of NJMS, which involves a limited site visit in February 2023. Additionally, RWJMS is in the middle of curricular
  reform, and its upcoming accreditation activities will include evaluating the outcomes of this new
  curriculum, which should be implemented and evaluated prior to the proposed joint accreditation.
- Align and reconcile between NJMS and RWJMS. These activities should commence following the June 2023
  accreditation decision for NJMS. The schools' faculty and leadership and standing committee leadership will
  determine the appropriate oversight structure, reconciliation of school governance and standing
  committee composition, and policies related to the medical education program.
- Reimagine what a single school would look like and develop a joint committee structure and vision for transformation. The faculty own the curriculum. The process of reimagining will be the result of thoughtful contemplation of the possibilities of a combined medical school.

A key decision will be determining whether each campus will have its own curriculum track or whether a single curriculum will be designed. If the latter is preferred, the two curricula will need to be closely examined and reconciled to develop a unified model. Emphasis will need to be placed on ensuring learning objectives are clearly articulated and understood by students and faculty.

#3 – How will an integrated medical school address clinical placements, pre-clerkship rotations, and clerkships? Given the scarcity of clinical placement spots, geography is given the priority as pre-clerkships, rotations, and clerkships are assigned. Though geography will be respected as much as possible, both NJMS and RWJMS will prioritize what is best for the learner and the development of individualized educational experiences.

#### #4 – Will students be able to enroll in core classes and/or electives across campuses?

There will be opportunities for students to enroll in classes across campuses. Core classes will be offered on a student's assigned campus, and the elective calendars will be aligned to allow for cross-

campus electives. Detailed planning will also need to consider greater consistency in the lengths of required clerkships to support a student's ability to participate in cross-campus electives.

### #5 – Will there be a greater emphasis on distance or remote learning?

No. Multiple learning modalities will continue to be employed; however, the focus will be on in-person learning. Furthermore, the curriculum must emphasize and prioritize active learning for our students, including movement from large-group to small-group formats.

### #6 – Will students be expected to travel between campuses?

There may be some cross-campus travel. While requiring students to travel from one campus to another for required courses and clerkships may cause recruitment challenges, travel for certain specialties may increase opportunities for students focused on those specialties. As described in our response to question four, there may be opportunities for optional cross-campus travel for elective offerings. The university should consider options to support students who may want to travel from one campus to another (e.g., shuttle system, housing, and other identified resources).

### #7 - How would an integrated medical school impact the current MD/PhD program?

To understand the full impact of the MD/PhD program between RWJMS and Princeton University, exploration would need to occur between the two schools. NJMS could consider integration into the program in the longer term; however, in the near term as the integrated model is further evaluated and defined, priority must be placed on preserving the current relationship with Princeton University. Any assessment and planning process for a combined RWJMS/NJMS program also must identify and address existing inequities, especially in compensation levels for MD/PhD students.

### #8 – What are the metrics for success in a proposed integration?

- Medical Education Program Evaluation (the key metrics for each campus should remain the same or improve)
- Match rate and analysis of the number of Rutgers students matching to top-tier programs
- USMLE scores
- Shelf exam scores
- Medical education graduation questionnaire scores
- Student evaluation of educational experience (courses and clerkships)
- LCME accreditation status
- Program Director surveys on graduates' performance
- Satisfaction and Attraction Metrics
- Faculty, student, and staff satisfaction and wellness survey scores
- Faculty and staff retention rates
- Faculty recruitment relative to workforce plan
- Faculty promotion rates
- Matriculation Metrics
- Yield (i.e., the ratio of matriculated to accepted)
- Diversity of class composition

- Increase in out-of-state matriculants (non-New Jersey/New York, no personal linkages to the region) indicating an improved national brand
- Financial Metrics
- Growth in research grants
- Increased philanthropy for scholarships

### Other Key Considerations

Finally, as the committee discussed and developed responses for the assigned questions, it also identified the following additional concerns and considerations related to an integrated medical school model.

- Identifying additional resources that may be required and acknowledgement of current capacity
  challenges faced by current faculty, especially relative to a transition period when multiple curricula
  are running simultaneously.
- Determining the budget for and implementation costs of the proposed medical school merger, including any incremental administrative requirements.
- Gaining approval from faculty for any changes to bylaws that may be necessary under a single accreditation model.
- Understanding the potential impact on revenue if applications and/or enrollment decrease.
- Recognizing the potential impact of another major institutional change on faculty/staff morale and retention.
- If multiple curricula are maintained after the merger, determining a process for campus/curriculum selection and assignment (i.e., the admissions committee must consider this, as well).
- Achieving comparability of educational facilities across the two campuses.
- Investing additional resources to address existing (and future) faculty capacity constraints, given the level of engagement and time commitment in planning and implementing an integrated medical school.
- Addressing stakeholder and community concerns regarding the rationale for the merger.
- Capitalizing on the opportunity for innovation and for identifying and sharing best practices across campuses as a potential outcome/benefit of the merger.

Responses to Other Questions

### Responses to Other Questions

### **Research-Related Questions**

- #1 How will the integration improve administrative and research infrastructure on the two campuses?

  Our intention is to create an infrastructure that will increase efficiency and allow for potential redirection of resources to enhance services provided by the RBHS Office of Research to make us more competitive with peer institutions.
- Importantly, there is no intent to lay off staff. The goal is to train (and retrain) individuals to adapt to research needs and to provide an infrastructure that minimizes the administrative burden on investigators while bolstering cores, space, pre- and post-award support, grant bridging support, and recognition of researchers, among other services.
- #2 What is the appropriate role and reporting relationship between medical school departments and RBHS research-based institutes vis-à-vis the integrated medical school?
- Currently, there are no reporting relationships between medical school departments and centers/institutes, and this would not change with an integrated medical school. An important reason for developing institutes and centers is to have nationally renowned units that focus on a specific research theme (e.g., neuroscience, cancer) in a multi-disciplinary, interschool, and sometimes interchancellor-led unit fashion. The RBHS academic professoriate appointments will remain with the schools (medical and non-medical). However, if the medical school were already integrated, there might be less need for new institutes/centers.
- #3 How will access to research cores be addressed?
- There is no foreseen issue regarding access or costs across the campuses in an integrated model. For core services where distance makes their utilization impractical (or infeasible), satellite core facilities will be established to provide access for faculty and their trainees. There will be one cost for users regardless of location.
- #4 Will integration enhance faculty competition for research funding or inhibit it as limited submission NIH grant applications with only be one school applying versus two?
- In most cases, this is already not an issue due to the DUNS/UEI consolidation from eight numbers under the RBHS umbrella to one number, similar to the other chancellor-led units. The integration is projected by all measures to enhance faculty competition for research funding competing from one stronger institution and not competing against each other. The number of limited submission grants is very small and, regardless, having two schools from the same university apply to the same grant creates internal competition (rather than collaboration) and may even lead to external reviewers questioning why two schools in the same chancellor-led unit are competing against each other for a limited submission mechanism. Independent of grants, integration, by definition, is predicted to enhance research collaboration.

### #5 – What is the impact on federal grants and any limitations on aid for a larger school?

The integration should have a strong positive impact on the success in competing for and securing federal (and non-federal) grants due to the combined resources (which may include larger potential institutional cost-share), being in a position to put forth stronger applications, and (at least perceived) enhanced feasibility to achieve the proposed research project aims given the improved reputation index (since research dollars and research infrastructure becomes attributed to one larger and stronger entity).

### Administration/Leadership Questions

### #1 – How will an integrated medical school impact faculty recruitment?

It is not anticipated that an integrated medical school will adversely impact faculty recruitment. It is recognized that communication with candidates regarding any changes will be important, particularly as an integrated structure is being planned and implemented. However, a single school with combined resources and expanded research opportunities (and more highly ranked) may provide a more attractive option for potential recruits.

### #2 – What will be the name of the new school? The individual campuses?

Developing a name for the integrated medical school will be considered carefully and involve input from numerous stakeholders, including (but not limited to) faculty, staff, students, community members, and alumni. Each campus's rich history and culture will be considered when establishing any new nomenclature. Tentatively, we are considering "Rutgers Medical School" or "Rutgers School of Medicine", while the campuses would be "NJMS Campus" and "RWJMS Campus," but this is certainly open to further evaluation and discussion.

### #3 – What will diplomas say?

Diplomas will be updated as appropriate to reflect any changes to the name of the school <u>and</u> the campus from which a student graduates.

### #4 – Will the integration result in higher medical school rankings?

The impact of an integrated medical school on research rankings is substantial, whether looking at the ranking of individual departments or the medical school overall, and across all types of funding (e.g., federal and state funding among others), and this impacts other ranking systems (e.g., USNWR). For example, our federal fiscal year (FFY) 2021 NIH funding institutional rankings<sup>4</sup> among 143 US medical schools are:

- RWJMS at #62 with \$68 million.
- NJMS at #74 with \$51 million.
- Combined RWJMS/NJMS at #47 with \$119 million.

Among the 14 Big 10 medical schools (counting Rutgers' individual schools separately), Rutgers now ranks only #12 (RWJMS) and #13 (NJMS), above only Michigan State University's medical school. A

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> FFY 2022 rankings will be available in March 2023.

- combined medical school would rise to #9 in the Big 10 and be more closely comparable to the University of Iowa and Ohio State University.
- Other published rankings are driven substantially by research funding. While NJMS and RWJMS are already artificially combined in Blue Ridge's NIH rankings, US News and World Report evaluates schools separately based on their individual accreditations (which also divides and weakens the rankings of our clinical and basic science departments).<sup>5</sup>
- Under an integrated model, there may be some resources or other elements of each school that may operate more efficiently/effectively when combined into a single entity leading to an outcome that further improves rankings (e.g., acquisition of grants that may not have been awarded to the schools separately).

### #5 – What is the anticipated cost of integrating the medical schools?

A key objective in developing an integrated model will be to avoid any unnecessary duplication of administrative infrastructure already being provided by the medical schools, RBHS, or university. As such, we do not expect the costs of the proposed integration to be significant. The only elements of integration with direct costs known to date are the hiring of consultants (ECG and Dr. Janis Orlowski) to facilitate and coordinate the development of this report. Potential future costs may include additional external assistance in certain planning and implementation activities, LCME and other accreditation- related expenses, the possible implementation of transportation options between campuses, and the expense of rebranding once the schools are merged.

### #6 – What is the process to review and approve an integration of the medical schools?

Following submission of this report to the University Senate and responding to any follow-up questions or requests, it will also be shared with the University President and Board for their determination of next steps. An integrated medical school would also require a formal consultation, review, and approval by LCME.

### #7 – Who will be consulted? Students? Faculty? Alumni? Government Officials? Senate? Boards? LCME? Local communities? Hospital affiliates? Donors?

To ensure that internal and external stakeholder voices are heard, there will need to be significant emphasis placed on community engagement through a multi-faceted approach. In the development of this report alone, there has been a website providing details about the process, where it stands, and collecting data via an online survey, other forums for sharing feedback (e.g., Conversation with our Communities event), engagement of government officials, and consultations with alumni. Additionally, each of the three committees included faculty, staff, and students from both NJMS and RWJMS, many representatives from the Senate and other faculty governance organizations, as well as representatives from the community and clinical affiliates.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> It is recognized that many institutions (e.g., Columbia, Harvard, Mt. Sinai, University of Pennsylvania, and Stanford) have decided to discontinue their participation in the USNWR medical school rankings, given concerns about how those rankings are determined. Our expectation is that the rankings will continue, as the public desires them, and we hope that USNWR will revise its formulae to address some of the objections (as it has done for its law school rankings). At the least, the rankings may be based more on publicly available metrics, which would make NIH funding even more important.

### #8 – Will each school/campus budget be held harmless and receive comparable funding once integrated as in prior years?

Yes. There are no anticipated budget changes for each campus post-integration. Each campus would maintain its own budget and accountability for its own operational and financial performance.

#9 – What are the budget, revenue, revenue cycle, and funds flow models for an integrated medical school? Because we do not expect the budgets of NJMS and RWJMS to merge, these processes/models (i.e., budget, revenue, revenue cycle, and funds flow) would also not be expected to change and would remain locally managed at each campus.

### #10 – How will administrative systems be integrated, like IT? Grants management?

Most of the administrative systems within RBHS and its component schools are university-based systems and not specific to either medical school campus. Therefore, the systems are already integrated across Rutgers and not expected to change.

### #11 - What is the proposed administrative structure of an integrated medical school?

The administrative structure of an integrated medical school would require some centralized leadership (e.g., co-deans) and committees (e.g., curriculum) to provide collective oversight and meet accreditation requirements. Local leadership and administrative infrastructure would be kept in place, with campus deans and other infrastructure dedicated to NJMS and RWJMS to support campus-specific goals, relationships, processes, and initiatives. Goals and job descriptions for any new roles would be developed with engagement and input from both NJMS and RWJMS leadership.

### #12 – Will there be more or less faculty and staff in an integrated medical school?

It is anticipated that integrating the two medical schools will present opportunities for growth through new offerings and growth in research and other existing service offerings. It is expected that this growth will be attractive to potential faculty and staff and result in increased recruitment.

### #13 – How will the integration improve administrative infrastructure on the two campuses?

Many university and RBHS administrative services are already centralized, and it is not expected that the integration will lead to significant changes in university and RBHS administrative infrastructure. As described previously, the administrative structure of an integrated medical school would require some centralized leadership and committees to provide collective oversight and meet accreditation requirements. It is anticipated that these centralized leadership structures over time will also provide a means for disseminating best practices between campuses and identifying potential shared service opportunities that improve access for both campuses to administrative expertise and resources.

### #14 – How will the clinical practices be organized in an integrated medical school?

It is not anticipated that the organizational models of the clinical practices will change as a result of an integrated medical school structure.

### #15 – Will clinical services be provided locally, regionally, or both?

Clinical services will continue to be provided locally and regionally as currently structured, with integration offering opportunities for greater levels of coordination and planning between the two schools.

### #16 – What is the role of the dean?

As previously described, it is anticipated that each campus will have a local campus dean to serve as academic and administrative leader and support campus-specific goals, programs, and initiatives. This campus-specific leadership model may evolve as the needs of the medical school and campuses change over time. As planning for the integration progresses, the exact title that is used for these leadership roles may change, although defined responsibilities will not.

### #17 – What is a proposed timeline to accomplish a medical school integration?

The development of this report is one step in the journey for developing an integrated medical school, and a timeline has not been finalized. There are several planning processes and approvals that will need to occur (e.g., review and accreditation by LCME) and may require 4 to 5 years to

accomplish. More immediate next steps include review of and response to this report by the University Senate, followed by sharing the report and feedback from the University Senate with the University President and Board of Governors for their consideration.

### #18 - How will transportation and parking between the two campuses be addressed?

With the increased use of Zoom and other virtual teaching options, transportation between campuses has not been a recent issue. With the renovation and expansion of the New Brunswick train station, train travel between the cities will become even easier as well. If faculty, staff, and students will be traveling more frequently between campuses due to opportunities arising from the integrated structure, however, RBHS leadership can consider options to support related transportation requirements (e.g., a shuttle bus between the two campuses).

### #19 - Will faculty be expected to travel between campuses?

There is no intent to have faculty necessarily travel between campuses due to the integration or to change how faculty members move between the campuses today. It is expected, however, that there will be newly hired sub-specialized clinical faculty, who will split their clinical time between the two campuses.

### #20 – How will faculty promotions and tenure decisions be implemented?

Decisions on faculty promotion and tenure will continue to follow the overarching RBHS and Rutgers process, as negotiated with the union. In contrast to the law schools, both schools are under the same chancellor. In contrast to the nursing school, faculty in both schools are members of the same union.



Biomedical and Health Sciences

t to the Rutgers University Senate – Exhibits and Appendices



### iibits

## oit I - Admissions Committee Members

Name	Title	Institution
Sopeland, PhD (cochair)	Assistant Dean of Admissions	RWJMS
Heinrich, MD (cochair)	Associate Dean of Admissions	NJMS
Sachmann, MD	Associate Dean of Women's Health	RWJMS
Kellam	Student	RWJMS
hah	Student	NJMS
erregino, MD	Senior Associate Dean of Education and Academic Affairs	RWJMS
Kaplan, MD	Associate Professor of Medicine	NJMS
.aumbach, MD	Assistant Dean of Student Affairs	RWJMS
oto-Greene, MD	Executive Vice Dean	NJMS
. Velazquez, MD	Assistant Professor, Pediatrics	NJMS

## oit I - Culture and Identity Committee Members

Name	Title	Institution
Ayers, MD, MPH (cochair)	Associate Professor, Obstetrics, Gynecology and Reproductive Sciences	RWJMS
ogers, PhD (cochair)	Associate Professor, Microbiology, Biochemistry and Molecular Genetics	NJMS
elwahab	Student	RWJMS
	President and Chief Executive Officer (CEO)	Robert Wood Johnson University Hospital
n, PhD	Professor, Neurosurgery	RWJMS
'ke	Program Coordinator	RWJMS
sd	President and CEO	Civic League of Greater New Brunswick
suzman-McLaughlin, MPH	Senior Director, Administration	NJMS
npton	Retired VP	The University of Medicine and Dentistry of New
y, MD	Associate Dean, Graduate Education	RWJMS
MD	Associate Dean, Graduate Medical Education	NJMS
anzini, PhD	Associate Professor, Child Health Institute of New Jersey	RWJMS
s, JD	Interim President and CEO	University Hospital
le-Pereira, MD, MPH	Associate Professor, Department of Medicine	NJMS
Sonnor, PhD	Associate Professor, Orthopedics	NJMS
	Assistant Dean of Information Technology	Rutgers School of Communication and Information
tell	Student	NJMS
sopoulos, MD, PhD	Professor and Chief, Gastroenterology and Hepatology	NJMS
on, MD, PhD	Director, Child Health Institute of New Jersey	RWJMS
nberg, MD	Chief Informatics Officer	RWJMS
ad, PhD	Professor, Microbiology, Biochemistry, and Molecular Genetics	NJMS

## oit I - Curriculum Committee Members

Name	Title	Institution
o-Greene, MD (cochair)	Executive Vice Dean	NJMS
erregino, MD (cochair)	Senior Associate Dean of Education and Academic Affairs	RWJMS
arwal, MD	Vice Chair, Residency Training Director	NJMS
yersh, MD	Assistant Professor, Department of Medicine	NJMS
laggie) Myers Chin, MD	Associate Professor, Emergency Medicine	RWJMS
orge	Student	NJMS
Phillips	Student	RWJMS
<sup>&gt;</sup> radhan, MD	Associate Dean for Clinical Education	RWJMS
oth, PhD	Professor, Pharmacology	RWJMS
. Shapiro, MD	Professor, Surgery	NJMS
arma, MD	Executive Vice Chair, Residency Program Director	RWJMS
raba, MD	Associate Dean for Education	NJMS

## oit II - Chancellor's Charge to the Committees

nyour work to answer questions from the University Senate about the future of academic medicine, I would like to provide you with the follo

### intext of Medical Schools

Medical School and Robert Wood Johnson Medical School were originally set up by Dr. Stan Bergen to compete with each other. That model, to onal growth and development, was apt for its time. We have succeeded in so many areas under this model: Our students are consummate for residency and achieve placements in top programs across the nation. Our research portfolio has been expanding rapidly and in some are national leadership status like infection and inflammation, microbiome, and cancer. Clinical programs like the liver transplant unit, trauma of ighly regarded for providing world-class care equal or superior to regional competitors. For other world-class initiatives we have built institul sour schools successfully, e.g., cancer, infection/immunology, and neuroscience.

### cademic Medicine Today

t model sustainable in today's health care climate? Today, the health care payer and provider markets are consolidating rapidly and across r aths of geography than were contemplated at the inception of medical education in New Jersey. Our competition is not from within, but frc ey hospital systems, newer local medical schools, and aggressive and expansive academic health centers based in New York, Philadelphia, and even farther afield. Patients are leaving NJ to get the most advanced care, as too often it is not available in NJ. This out-of-network care is muc e, and especially hurts patients who cannot afford to go elsewhere for such care. is erasing local licensing restrictions; previously unimaginably large data sets move instantaneously across the world; dissections can be virtual; hronous and can be (and are) played by the students at double speed; and diagnostics, monitoring, and follow ups are no longer exclusively de physical presence of patients at clinical sites. Medical care is shifting from inpatient sites to outpatient sites, with important implications as e of medical education. in the fortunate situation with substantial investment newly available for major capital construction, in both cities, and for broad-based facul nt. Given this, our immediate task is to develop responses to the questions posed by the University Senate in the areas designated for each

# oit II - Chancellor's Charge to the Committees (continued)

### Charges

mmittees will focus on:

is: Would the admissions processes in the schools need to change at all, recognizing that medical school admission processes of course natura

/er time?

n: Would the curriculum in the schools need to change at all, recognizing that medical school curricula of course naturally evolve over time?

nd Identity

contemplate a hypothetical administrative structure where New Jersey Medical School and Robert Wood Johnson Medical School can att

n level of cooperation and coordination, i.e., if they were placed under one LCME accreditation, while still maintaining their unique campus i

few parameters on how I envision this:

nvision a future for the medical schools where one is ever subordinate to the other.

nvision a scenario that results in the loss of jobs (union or otherwise) among the faculty or staff, at either school; rather I see growth and nt in clinical care, research, and educational opportunities.

nvision a scenario where either school will be expanding its student body, since the inpatient clinical capacity could not sustain that.

nat each campus will benefit from the hands-on presence of a local dean working collaboratively with a colleague similarly situated 26 miles a scenario where we can offer new tertiary and quaternary services at Robert Wood Johnson University Hospital in New Brunswick and Univers

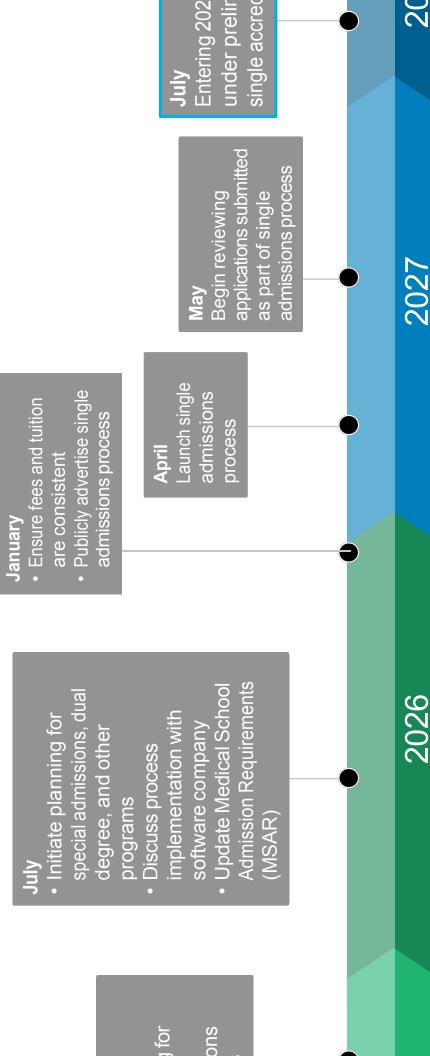
n Newark to meet more of our patients' needs within the State of New Jersey.

# oit II – Chancellor's Charge to the Committees (continued)

nat our medical students will be able to take advantage of the best educational opportunities that each school can offer and pursue their into ions seamlessly across schools without undue impediments. How can we achieve this and maintain our high admissions standards across the and enroll classes that reflect our state's diversity? How can we provide a thorough and comprehensive curriculum to meet the needs of ou s and their patients? How can we retain the unique and valuable contributions and culture that distinguish and enhance the faculty, staff, st nt experience at each school, which is and will continue to be reflective of their principal teaching hospital? ontemplate these questions with the hypothetical construct that NJMS and RWJMS will in some way integrate their operations and activities ıan we do today on, Dean Murtha, and I will also be developing responses to those questions that are administrative in nature, and we will be working with th Research to answer those questions particular to research. In addition, we will be setting up a web-based survey instrument to collect comm ss the medical schools and across the state. ect and distribute all the responses and we will share this document with you, our medical schools, the community, and the University Senat w. We plan some forums in each city to obtain input from our host communities and local leaders. Following the Senate review a formal pr afted for President Holloway and the Boards to review.

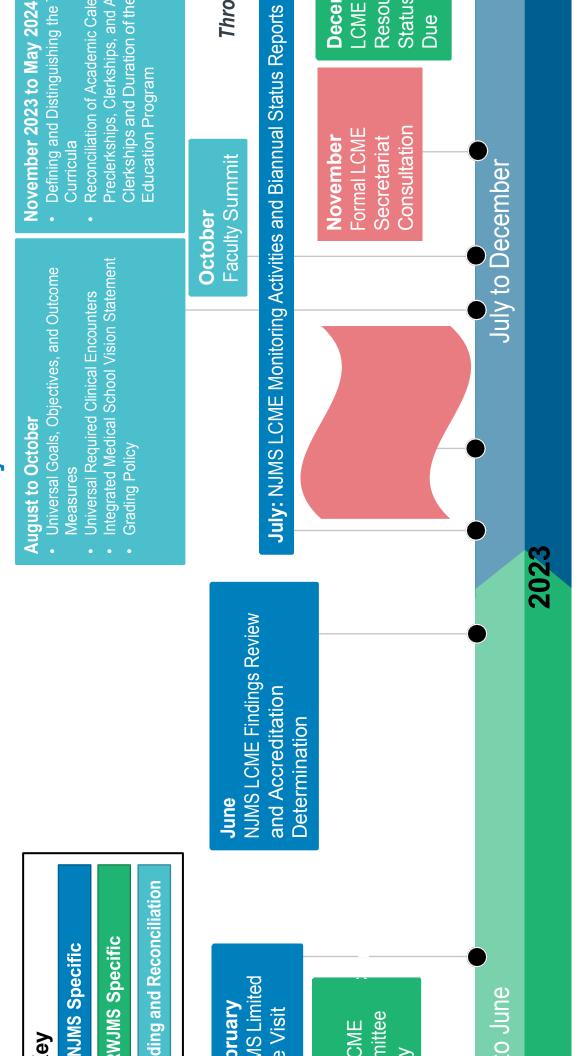
a medical education program that best delivers on the promises made to our communities, the people of New Jersey, our professions, and our e your thoughts, perspectives, experience, and knowledge as we contemplate a structure that will optimally deliver on our missions.

## oit III - Potential Framework and Timeline with Key Milestones for sions Process under Single LCME Accreditation

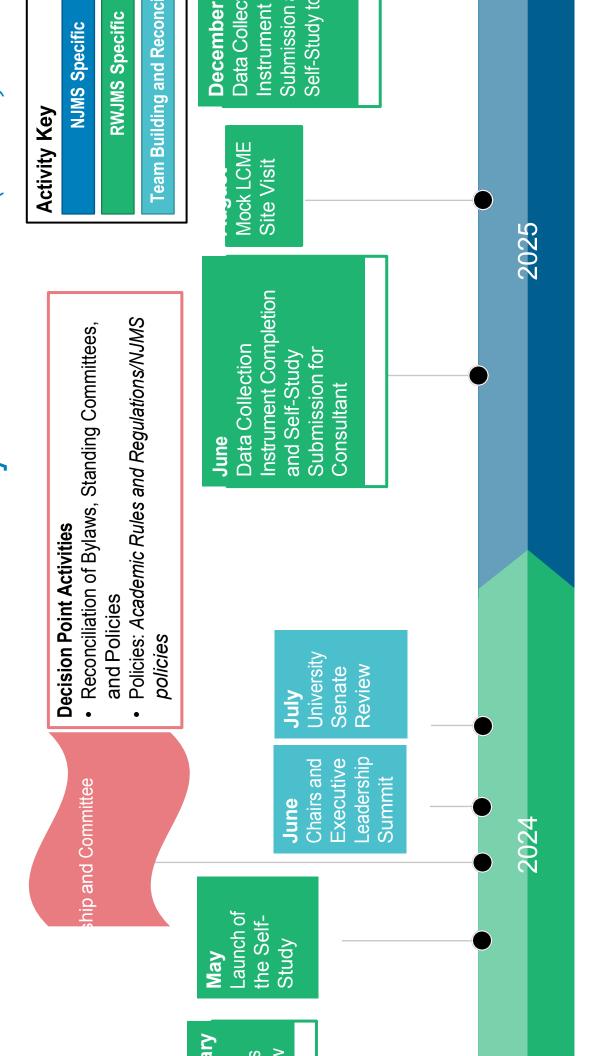


asses of 2025, 2026, and 2027 graduating in 2029, 2030, and 2031 continue under separate RWJMS and NJMS accreditation

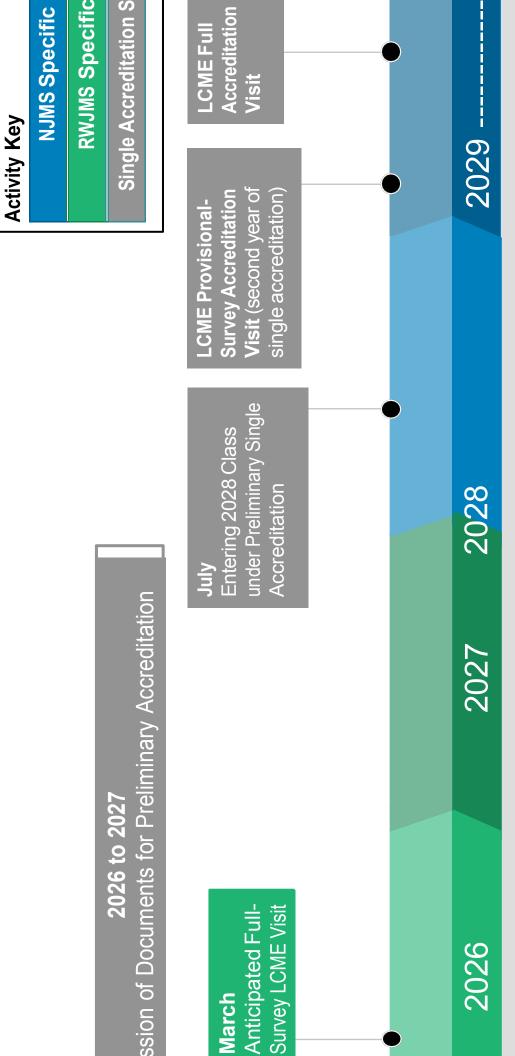
## ntial Framework and Timeline with Key Decision Points



# ntial Framework and Timeline with Key Decision Points (continued)



# ntial Framework and Timeline with Key Decision Points (continued)



isses of 2025, 2026, and 2027 graduating in 2029, 2030, and 2031 continue under separate RWJMS and NJMS accreditations

licant, Matriculant, Enrollment, and Graduate files and Trends endix A

## Comparison across Schools: Applicants and Matriculants

Metric	SMCN	RWJMS
licants (class of 2022–2023)	5,904	5,524
riculants (class of 2022–2023)	176	165
PhD Applicants (class of 2022–2023)	155	218
PhD Matriculants (class of 2022-2023)	2	4
Gender Profile (class of 2025)	42% men/58% women	41% men/59% wo
ate Applicants (class of 2025)	74%	72%
nt Gender Profile (class of 2025)	44% men/56% women	40% men/61% wo
ate Matriculants (class of 2025)	22%	22%
nts Underrepresented in Medicine (class of 2025)	26%	28%

esented in medicine" means those racial and ethnic populations that are underrepresented in the medical profession relative to their numbers in the general population. Refer to Underrepresente finition | AAMC

a Table B-8 U.S. MD-Granting Medical School MD-PhD Applications and Matriculants by School, State of Legal Residence, and Gender, 2022–2023. AAMC FACTS Data ACTS Data Table A-1 U.S. MD-Granting Medical School Applications and Matriculants by School, State of Legal Residence, and Gender, 2022–2023

raduates by U.S. MD-Granting Medical School and Gender, 2017–2018 through 2021–2022. s URIM statistic provided by curriculum committee co-chair

ey Medical School Admissions Guide (available AdmissionsInformation.pdf (rutgers.edu))

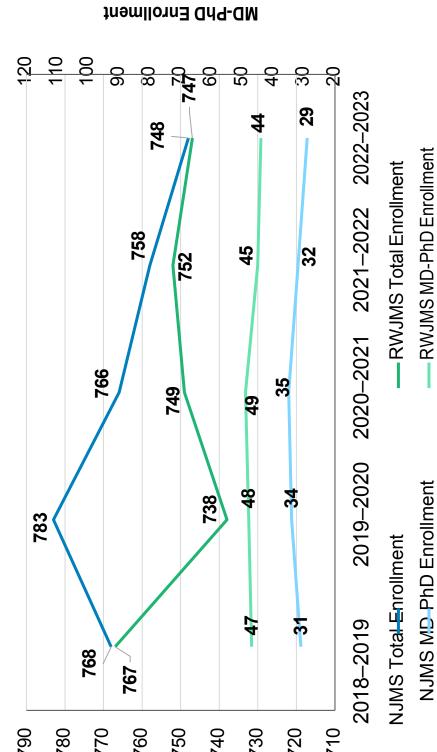
## ographics for NJMS and RWJMS Enrollees (2022-2023)

	SMCN	RWJMS
ient	748	747
Percentage Breakdown by Race/Ethnicity	SMCN	RWJMS
	41.3%	36.4%
African American	10.7%	10.2%
, Latino, or of Spanish Origin	9.5%	7.4%
	24.5%	32.3%
Race/Ethnicity	8.4%	8.8%
	3.9%	3.2%
ר Race/Ethnicity	1.6%	1.1%
المصابح المراه المصرور والمراق والمراق والمراقع والمراقع المراقع المرا		

% of each school's total enrollment identifies as a non-US citizen or non-permanent resident. CTS Data Table B-5.1 Total Enrollment by U.S. MD-Granting Medical School and Race/Ethnicity (Alone), 2022–2023.

### **llment Trends**

### Total Enrollment and MD-PhD Enrollment by Medical School (classes of 2018-2023)



ACTS Data B-1.2 Total Enrollment by U.S. Medical School and Sex, 2018–2019 through 2022–2023.

### Key Takeaways

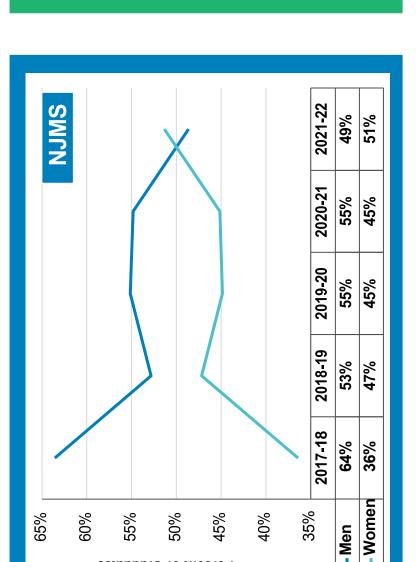
- The enrollment period immediately prior to CO\ (2019–2020) shows the gannual variance in total enrollment for both scho
- NJMS = 2% increase
- RWJMS = 4.8% decreas
- Both NJMS and RWJMS slight (2.5%) decrease ir enrollment since AY 2018
- MD-PhD enrollment has remained stable over the five academic years at b medical schools.

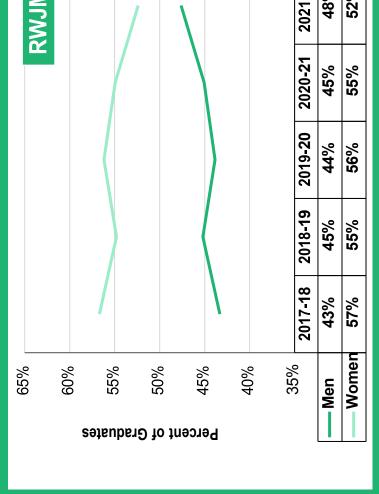
## ographics for NJMS and RWJMS Graduates (2021-2022)

	SMCN	RWJMS
Sei	185	168
Race/Ethnicity	SMCN	RWJMS
	38.4%	33.3%
African American	8.6%	13.1%
, Latino, or of Spanish Origin	8.6%	5.4%
	31.4%	35.7%
Race/Ethnicity	%9.7	%0.9
	5.4%	3.6%
η Race/Ethnicity	%0	1.8%
Citizen and Non-Permanent Resident	%0	1.2%

ACTS Data Table B-6.1 Total Graduates by U.S. MD-Granting Medical School and Race/Ethnicity (Alone), 2021–2022.

## ical School Graduates by Gender





ACTS Data B-2.2: Total Graduates by U.S. MD-Granting Medical School and Gender, 2017–2018 through 2021–2022.

### ılty Hiring and Turnover endix B

# Comparison across Schools: Faculty and Department Chairs

Metric	SMUN	RWJMS
ir Average Faculty New Hires per Year (AY 2017–2018 through AY 2020–2021, N and percentage of total)	and percentage of tot	al)
	28.5 (54%)	48.3 (53
	23.8 (46%)	43.0 (47%)
ir Average Faculty Departures per Year (AY 2017–2018 through AY 2020–2021, N and percentage of total)	N and percentage of to	tal)
	42.5 (62%)	32.0 (57%)
26.3 (38%)		24.0 (43%)
nt Chair Demographics		
nces: Men	2	0
nces: Women	_	ဧ
iences: Men	14	13
iences: Women	2	1

MC Data Table A: Average Full-Time Faculty New Hires and Departures by Medical School and Gender, Academic Years 2017–2018 through 2020–2021. MC Data Table D. Department Chairs by Medical School, Department Type, and Gender, 2021 (reflects both interim and permanent positions).

# Comparison across Schools: Faculty New Hires and Departures

	AY 2015–2016 through AY 2018–2019	AY 2016–2017 through AY 2019–2020	AY 2017–2018 through AY 2020–2021	Percent Char
e-Year Average Faculty New Hires per Year	51.3	54.5	52.3	<del></del>
e-Year Average Faculty Departures per Year	55.8	74.6	68.8	23
e-Year Average Faculty New Hires per Year	89.0	91.3	91.3	2.6
P-Year Average Faculty Departures per Year	67.8	63.0	26.0	-17

ata Table A. Average Full-Time Faculty New Hires and Departures by Medical School and Gender, Academic Years 2017–2018 through 2020–2021. AAMC Average Full-Time Faculty New Hires and Departures by Medical School and Gender, Academic Years 2016–2017 through 2019–2020. AAMC Data Table III-Time Faculty New Hires and Departures by Medical School and Gender, Academic Years 2015–2016 through 2018–2019.

mary of Combined Program Offerings and nical Affiliations endix C

### bined Program Offerings

### SMCN

Collaboration between NJMS and Rutgers ss School

s students with healthcare management

puno

Five-year program in partnership with Rutgers of Public Health

Seven-year interdisciplinary experience with sis on full-time research in years three through five PhD

'hesis Program: Geared toward students with

ambitions in academic medicine

nal year of learning is dedicated to independent

th in area of choice

### **RWJMS**

**MD/MPH:** Five-year program in partnership with Rutge School of Public Health

**MD/PhD:** Joint program with Princeton and Rutgers Business School–New Brunswick

**MD/MBAL:** Collaboration with Rutgers Business Scho Brunswick

MD/JD: Collaboration with Rutgers Law

**MD/MSCTS:** MS degree awarded by Rutgers Graduat School of Biomedical Sciences

PharmD/MDL: Partnership with the Ernest Mario Schon Pharmacy

PharmD students are directly admitted to RWJMS without MCAT requirement.

Source: **Dual Degree Programs**.

Jew Jersey Medical School.

## r Clinical Affiliates by School

### SMCN

### al Hospital: UMDNJ-University tal

nsack University Medical Center rman Barnabas Medical Center

k Beth Israel Medical Center

eph's Regional Medical Center eph's University Medical Center

range VA Medical Center

s New Jersey Medical School

### **RWJMS**

- Principal Hospital: Robert Wood Johnson University Hospital-New Brunswick
- Monmouth Medical Center
- Robert Wood Johnson University Hospital Somerset
- University Medical Center of Princeton at Plainsboro
- Saint Peter's University Hospital
- JFK University Medical Center
- Raritan Bay Medical Center

Source: Affiliated Hospitals and feedback from committee cochair

nparisons of Admissions Process, Tuition, and endix D

### sions Processes

ers of recommendation (prehealth

- e preferred)
- ondary fee
- ation through AMCAS
  - roup meetings with
- iology (two semesters)

- General Chemistry (two semesters)
  - Organic Chemistry (two semesters)
    - General Physics (two semesters)
      - Biochemistry (one semester)
        - English (two semesters)
- Genetics and Mathematics (strongly recommended)

### Requirements

Standard admiss

requirements

- A secondary application
- One-on-one interviews with faculty and/or administrators
- interviews as possible An optional student



### Requirements

- A secondary application and CASPer test
- conference with seven A live MMI video stations

English or Writing Intensive (two Math/Biostats (two semesters)

semesters)

Biochemistry (one semester)

Physics (two semesters)

ores (minimum 498 with section

ers of recommendation

nts

 An optional virtual information session

Standard admiss requirements

ource: The New Jersey Medical School Office Of Admissions (rutgers.edu).

hemistry (one semester)

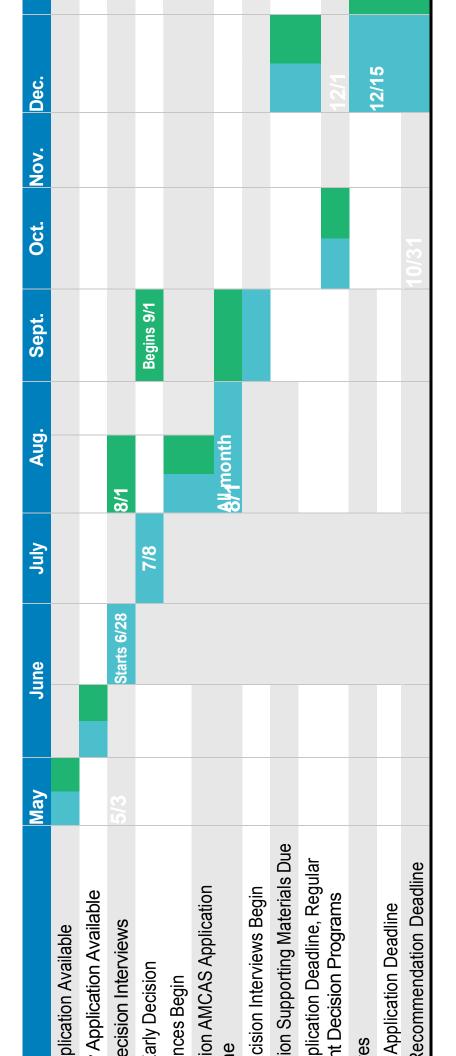
ation through AMCAS

oplication fee

າ 123)

wo semesters)

### sions Processes



burce: Applying to NJMS (rutgers.edu). Applying to RWJMS (rutgers.edu) and feedback from committee cochair.

# 1 Comparisons (academic year [AY] 2022–2023)

			Tuition	ion
	School of Medicine (SOM)	Ownership Type	Resident	Nonres
	NJMS	Public	\$44,435	\$68;
	RWJMS	Public	\$44,435	\$68,
	Cooper Medical School of Rowan University (CMSRW)	Public	\$42,505	\$67,
	Jacobs SOM and Biomedical Sciences (University of Buffalo)	Public	\$43,670	\$65,
	SUNY Upstate Medical University-Norton College of Medicine (COM)	Public	\$43,670	\$65,
	SUNY Downstate Health Sciences University COM	Public	\$43,670	\$65,
icut	University of Connecticut SOM	Public	\$43,156	\$74,3
pu	University of Maryland SOM	Public	\$38,573	\$68,
	Eastern Virginia Medical School	Public	\$34,442	\$22,
	University of Virginia SOM	Public	\$46,044	\$57,
	Virginia Commonwealth University SOM	Public	\$34,427	\$57,7
	Northeast Ohio Medical University	Public	\$41,687	\$83,
	Ohio State University COM	Public	\$30,124	\$55,(
	University of Toledo COM	Public	\$33,966	\$62,
	University of Cincinnati COM	Public	\$32,318	\$51,
	Wright State University Boonshoft SOM	Public	\$37,837	\$22,
	Median	Median Tuition (excluding Rutgers)	\$40,130	\$65,
	Average	Average Tuition (excluding Rutgers)	\$39,006	\$63,

C Tuition and Student Fees Report for first-year students, AY 2022–2023 (AAMC tuition and student fees questionnaire).

## nt Fees Comparisons (AY 2022–2023)

			Studen	Student Fees
	WOS	Ownership Type	Resident	Nonresi
	NJMS	Public	\$3,070	\$3,07
	RWJMS	Public	\$2,202	\$2,20
	Cooper Medical School of Rowan University (CMSRW)	Public	\$2,290	\$2,28
	Jacobs SOM and Biomedical Sciences (University of Buffalo)	Public	\$3,258	\$3,25
	SUNY Upstate Medical University-Norton COM	Public	\$1,543	\$1,54
	SUNY Downstate Health Sciences University COM	Public	\$733	\$73
icut	University of Connecticut SOM	Public	\$2,660	\$2,66
pu	University of Maryland SOM	Public	\$2,925	\$2,92
	Eastern Virginia Medical School	Public	\$3,843	\$5,67
	University of Virginia SOM	Public	\$4,990	\$4,53
	Virginia Commonwealth University SOM	Public	\$3,843	\$4,53
	Northeast Ohio Medical University	Public	\$5,213	\$5,2
	Ohio State University COM	Public	\$957	\$95.
	University of Toledo COM	Public	\$2,938	\$2,93
	University of Cincinnati COM	Public	\$2,064	\$2,06
	Wright State University Boonshoft SOM	Public	\$2,415	\$2,4
(exc <sub>I</sub> n	(excluding Rutgers)		\$2,793	\$2,7
s (exclu	s (excluding Rutgers)		\$2,834	\$2,93

C Tuition and Student Fees Report for first-year students, AY 2022–2023 (AAMC tuition and student fees questionnaire).

### endix E dency Match Trends

# arison of Match Data across Schools

				NJMS and F	WJMS Stude	NJMS and RWJMS Student Matching by Program	ov Program		
	20	2018	20	2019	20	2020	20	2021	20
	NJMS	RWJMS	NJMS	RWJMS	NJMS	RWJMS	SMCN	RWJMS	SMCN
ledical Center-Albert Einstein COM									
ÁBC			2	_			_	2	
1edicine							_	~	
icine					2	<b>~</b>			9
			_	<b>~</b>					
	2	_	7	_					4
sbyterian (NYP) Columbia University Irving Center									
ÁĞC									4
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icine			_	_					
							<b>~</b>	~	
									<del></del>
it Mount Sinai									
/Sc			_	_					<b>~</b>
icine	_	~	7	4	4	7	4	_	7
					_	7			
							_	~	
	τ-	τ-							7
iagnostic					1	1			
se cochairs. ograms with overlap are excluded here.									

				NJMS and	NJMS and KWJMS Student Matching by Program	int Matching k	oy Program		
	20	2018	20	2019	20	2020	20	2021	20
	SMCN	RWJMS	SMCN	RWJMS	SMCN	RWJMS	SMCN	RWJMS	SMCN
ornell Medical Center									
fbc			τ-	-					
icine	7	7	7	7	7	_	_	_	
an SOM									
dgy					7	_			
ledicine							_	~	
urgery					~	~			
					~	7			
t Mount Sinai Morningside-West									
ббс							_	_	_
Medical Center									
ledicine					7	2			
: Luke's-Roosevelt									
ledicine			<b>-</b>	_					
Medical Center									
ledicine			7	_			_	_	
Chicago Medical Center									
ledicine					1	1			
e cochairs.									

e cocnairs. grams with overlap are excluded here.

				N.IMS and E	W.IMS Stude	N.IMS and RW.IMS Student Matching by Program	v Program		
	20	2018	20	2019	2020		2021	21	20
	NJMS	RWJMS	SMCN	RWJMS	SMCN	RWJMS	SMCN	RWJMS	SMCN
n Methodist Hospital									
ledicine							_	_	
rson University									
ine			_	_					
icine			_	5			2	_	7
iagnostic					7	7			
ledical Center									
ine			_	_					_
rsity Medical Center									
ine					_	_			
ersity Medical Campus									
icine			_	2					
ber University Hospital									
icine									2
rsity SOM									
icine					_	_			
ne University of Pennsylvania									
icine	~	2							_
versity Programs									
icine			-	1					

e cochairs. grams with overlap are excluded here.

				NJMS and	NJMS and RWJMS Student Matching by Program	int Matching I	by Program		
	2(	2018	20	2019	20	2020	20	2021	20
	SMCN	RWJMS	SMCN	RWJMS	SMCN	RWJMS	SMCN	RWJMS	SMCN
ersity Hospital									
icine	3	_	<b>~</b>	_			2	_	
							_	<b>~</b>	
l Center									
licine	7	_			_	_			
F Maryland Medical Center									
icine			2	_					_
Southern California									
licine	7	_							
Washington Affiliated Hospitals									
licine									_
Medical Center									
icine							2	_	
Surgery							_	<b>~</b>	
iversity Hospital-Bethlehem Campus									
									~
norial Hospital									
Surgery	1	1							
-									

e cochairs.

ograms with overlap are excluded here.

				NJMS and I	RWJMS Stude	NJMS and RWJMS Student Matching by Program	y Program		
	2(	2018	20	2019	20	2020	20	2021	20
	SMCN	RWJMS	SMCN	RWJMS	SMCN	RWJMS	SMCN	NJMS RWJMS	SMCN
ier's Hospital for Children									
	_	_							
stern Medical Center									
									_
at Hofstra/Northwell–Cohen Children's Medical	ical								
	_	_	2	2	_	_	_	2	
ilitation Hospital									
ehab							7	_	
t Mount Sinai Beth Israel									
							7	_	2
I Hospital-Brown University									
					1	1			

e cochairs. grams with overlap are excluded here.

#### bendix F Case dies

# campus SOM Case Study: Medical College of Wisconsin

#### e Campus

ambus

curriculum program (more elective

rotations, and internships

ariety of education options, including ual degree programs

One Community of Learning" admissions process for Executive Dean of the School of Medicine

Disco curric

"Three Campuses,

utilized a allcam applicants

## Central Wisconsin (Wausau) Campus

- Accelerated three-year curriculum training PCPs a psychiatrists
- Regional campus dean appointed
- No research labs; not suited to train in complex specialties

Focused on training community providers emphasizing the need for physician retention in no Wisconsin post-graduation

#### , Campus

ed three-year curriculum campus dean appointed s preferences are designated on the secondary application. If admission is offered, it is for a specific campus and is not transferrable.

es | Medical School | Medical College of Wisconsin (mcw.edu)

# campus SOM Case Study: University of Minnesota (UMN)

ities Flagship Campus: MD-PhD dual degree offered, dical research experience, and 100+ faculty available for thesis mentorship

**Duluth Campus Mission:** "Be a leader in educating physicia dedicated to family medicine, to serve the needs of rural Mini and Native American communities.

ations, Clinical Immersion, and Specialty-Specific Transitions. The Foundations phase will be identical for all UMN Medical \$ d systems-based, three-phase curriculum is to be introduced in fall 2023 across both campuses. The three phases are its with the goal of unifying the curriculum between both campuses.

### n and Admissions Process

#### Ibmit AMCAS

- students submit primary
  - application prior to a desired campus.

### 2. Select Campus Preference

- Instructions to submit campus preference will automate prior to UMN supplemental application.
- Applicants can apply to either campus for a \$100 nonrefundable fee.
- Twin Cities campus Duluth campus
  - Either campus

#### 1

- 3. Campus Placeme
- Placement for applicants v select "either" is based on capacity and possible prefer ranking (if requested).
- All MD-PhD selected application are placed at the Twin Cities

is | Medical School - University of Minnesota (umn.ed

# campus SOM Case Study: Drexel University

campuses utilize a uniform admissions process.

d students are admitted to Drexel College of Medicine without ration of campus preference preference is requested after final acceptance to the MD program

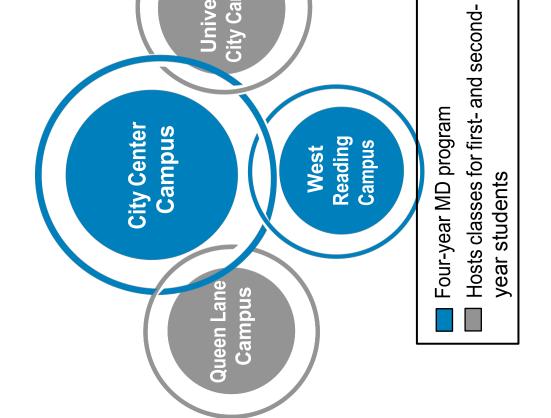
required prior to campus assignment

assignments are shared via the applicant portal after March 30 or on a asis for applicants accepted after March 30

accepted after June 15 receive a campus assignment with their nce letter

reassignment requests can be submitted for consideration until June ssignments are not guaranteed

am Admissions - Drexel University College of Medicine



### rview of Strategic Plans endix G

## n, Vision, and Values

#### SMCN

To prepare humanistic leaders in global healthcare and pioneering science by building upon our strengths of diversity, educational innovation, immersive clinical training, and transformative research

NJMS aspires to optimize health and social well-being by:

- Providing cutting-edge tertiary and quaternary medical care of distinction and serving all patients.
- Enhancing our position as the top biomedical research institution in the state of New Jersey.
- Creating a culture of intellectual curiosity and lifelong learning in a welcoming and inclusive environment.
- Advancing the health, education, and care of all people whom we serve, including underserved and vulnerable populations, by preparing an educated and diverse

In pursuit of our mission and vision, we value:

- Integrity and professionalism.
- Diversity and inclusion.
- Humanism and equity.
- Leadership and collaboration.
- Innovation and intellectual rigor.
  - Wellness and balance.

Robert Wood Johnson Medical School is dedicated to transformir healthcare for New Jersey and the nation through innovation excellence in education, research, patient- and family-centered and addressing the health of our diverse community.

Robert Wood Johnson Medical School will become the academic driving a new healthcare paradigm in New Jersey—the state's fir largest academic high-value healthcare system.

R: Respect, dignity, and humanism for the diverse population we serv

W: Wellness and resilience

J: Joining learners hand-in-hand with care delivery

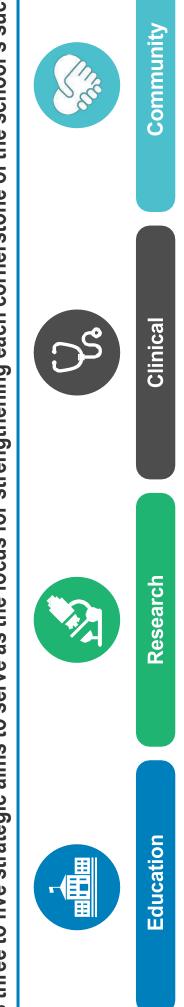
M: Making patients first with safe, compassionate, high-quality care

**S**: Science to advance human health

### **MS Strategic Plan**

3] will become the academic engine driving a new healthcare paradigm in New Jersey and the state's gest academic, patient-centered, high-value healthcare system."

es three to five strategic aims to serve as the focus for strengthening each cornerstone of the school's succes re of RWJMS's strategic plan is composed of four pillars and supported by three cornerstones. Each pillar



People	Finance	Innovation

healthcare needs

community

Serving our

Advancing and translating Promoting high-quality

healthcare

discoveries into health

ng study of medicine

ring learners for the

MS Strategic Plan 2016–2021.

# **MS Strategic Aims Associated with Each Pillar**







#### **Education**

el approaches to teaching ential learning.

enets of Triple Aim into the educational id fully integrate learners in e.

e academic learning

#### Research

- Increase federal, state, foundation, philanthropic, and institutional investment in research with a focus on our environment and innovation.
- Increase academic stature through programmatic development, team science, and scholarly activity.
- Advance basic, clinical, and translational research through improved infrastructure and research resources, as evidenced by an increase in our research activity and investment in support for grants and contracts

#### Clinical

- Increase patient satisfaction.
- Improve quality.
- Increase practice efficiency.

#### Community

- Expand access to culturally efferealthcare.
  Support the community health health education of health proand the community, both nation internationally.
- Expand programming to improvoverall health of communities
- Expand RWJMS community and health capacity to engage in p health initiatives around patie centered outcomes, practice-t dissemination, and implemen and translational research.
- Expand the reach of global healt activities.

MS Strategic Plan 2016–2021.

### Strategic Priorities



#### Education

be a nationally recognized ducation program that diverse students and

ent and collaborative oners of medicine

o pe:

ants in lifelong learning

evidence-based medicine as to clinical practice d educational leaders with an tanding of the health of erved and vulnerable



#### Research

in biomedical research to promote Goal: To build on our prominence and translational science through progress and innovation in basic core research services and infrastructure



University Hospital, and others to members of the local community provide high-quality, cost-effective, expand services and promote Goal: To improve access and health equity, diversity, and and to partner with RWJBH, high-value medical care to nclusion and wellness



#### Community

**Goal:** To provide educati service to Newark, the surr communities, and global focus on diverse populat ncluding vulnerable anc marginalized people, thro ntegrated approach to e career awareness, devel ecruitment and retentic primary care providers, a nterdisciplinary efforts a programs to increase wo

ers New Jersey Medical School Strategic Plan 2019–2024.

# Strategic Initiatives to Support the Strategic Priorities



#### Education

e novel approaches to ing and experiential

op, and advance diverse iote methods to attract,

y in order to maintain an nclusive trainees and

al learning environment.



#### Research

- Improve CORE research services and infrastructure for basic, clinical, and translational research.
- Optimize regulatory processes for research work.

 $\alpha$ i

က

sponsored programs and grants collaborative clinical, basic administration services to science, and translational Optimize research and ncrease revenue from



- Continually improve the quality of services provided by our clinical programs.
- Improve patient satisfaction. Si
- Optimize patient access to medical services ഗ





Cultivate community se

engagement.

Improve the health or community through p care initiatives and wo

 $\alpha$ i

- Increase philanthropic and branding of our pr က

diversity.

ers New Jersey Medical School Strategic Plan 2019–2024.

## keting and Branding Analyses endix H

## ting and Branding Analyses

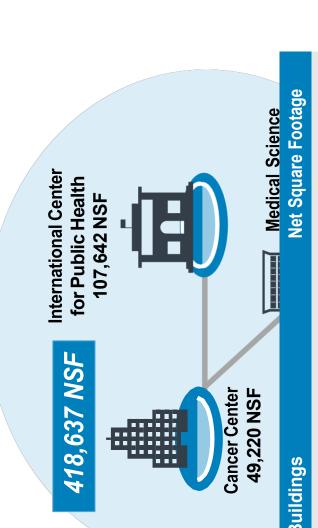


Rutgers-New Brunswick & Rutgers Health Brand & Marketing Research, January 2020

"Familiarity with academic health systems (73%) and with Rutgers Health (65%) is strong, but only one in three general public respondents have used this type of facility or know someone who has used this type of facility "While one in four general public respondents consider the 'conducts extensive research, including clinical tr develop new ways to prevent, detect, and treat illness,' statement a strength of Rutgers Health, nearly one ir don't know." Respondents ages 20 to 39 are more likely to say Rutgers Health "provides all levels of care to patients" and "us cutting-edge technologies, resources, and therapies."

### rview of Key Buildings endix I

## iew of Key Buildings



261,775 ional Center for Public Health 107,642

Total 418,637

49,220

Center

not be exact due to rounding. Includes buildings on each campus greater than  $\sim 50,000$  square feet. t-provided data.

CAB 72,700 NSF 72,700	ő 1
NSF	Kessler Teaching 78,229 NS
Research Tower	
RWJMS Buildings	Net Square Foo
Clinical Academic Building (CAB)	) 72,700
Medical Education Building (MEB)	B) 70,819
Kessler Teaching Labs	78,229
Research Tower	64,462
	<i>Total</i> 286,210

## alty Governance Structures endix J

## Faculty Governance



This refers to the president of Rutgers, the State University of New Jersey (unless otherwise specified).



A representative body of the faculty that serves as the executive council o NJMS. It is the vehicle by which the faculty ordinarily exercise their duties and powers as dictated by the principles of shared governance. A Faculty Organization member who is 50% or more full-time equivalent at N.

and paid by NJMS and is of full academic rank may be considered a votin



faculty Organization

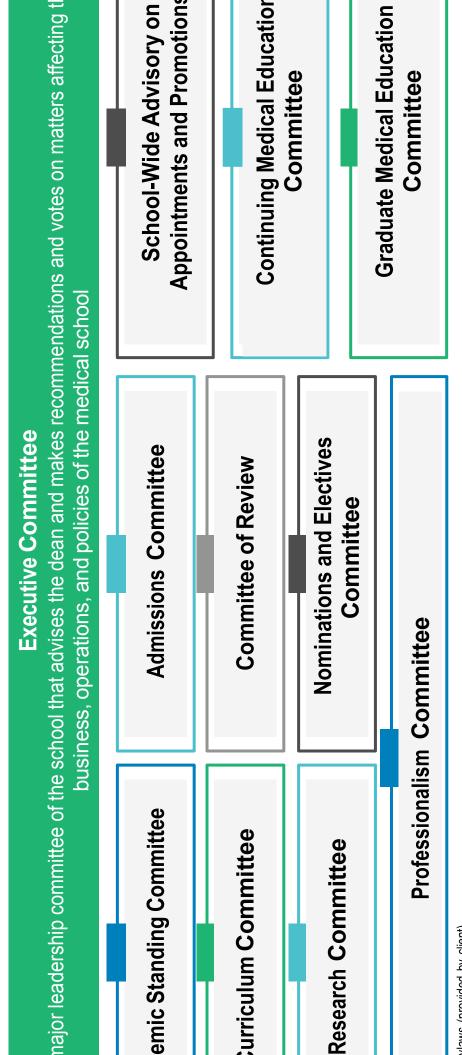
ulty Organization

Faculty

All faculty are de facto members of the Faculty Organization. The NJMS Fa Organization officers, in consultation with the Dean, sets committees task school functions such as curriculum and promotions.

Refers to all persons holding an active faculty appointment.

## **MS Faculty Governance**



ylaws (provided by client).

vant LCME Accreditation Standards – Cultur 1 Identity Committee endix K

## le LCME Accreditation Requirements

## ic Planning and Continuous Quality Improvement

l school engages in ongoing strategic planning and continuous quality-improvement processes that establish its short- and long-term programmatic go: iievement of measurable outcomes that are used to improve educational program quality, and ensure effective monitoring of the medical education pr ce with accreditation standards.

### onal Integration of the Faculty

ical school with one or more regional campuses, the faculty at the departmental and medical school levels at each campus are functionally integrated ite administrative mechanisms (e.g., regular meetings and/or communication, periodic visits, participation in shared governance, data sharing)

## g Environments and Professionalism

nal behaviors in its medical students, faculty, and staff at all locations. The medical school and its clinical affiliates share the responsibility for periodic e rning environment in order to identify positive and negative influences on the maintenance of professional standards, develop and conduct appropri Il school ensures that the learning environment of its medical education program is conducive to the ongoing development of explicit and appropriate s to enhance positive and mitigate negative influences, and identify and promptly correct violations of professional standards.

editation standards, 2023–2024.

## mary Results from Key Surveys endix L

## oring Program Survey

#### SMCN

- N = 93 (2016), 24 (2022)
- ship rate has increased from 11% in 2016 to 59% in
- ction with mentoring arrangements and availability of rs have decreased
- want protected time to do research, more experienced 's, grant-writing skill development, and research ucture
- tments and promotion guidelines, up from 69% in 2016 of NJMS respondents said they are familiar with
- isfaction has decreased overall, from 77% moderately, , or extremely satisfied in 2016 to 54% in 2022
- Scholar and Clinical Educator tracks are less satisfied

than other tracks

g Program Survey for RBHS Faculty, 2022 - NJMS Report; Mentoring Program Survey for RBHS Faculty, 2022 - RWJMS Report

#### **RWJMS**

Response N = 100 (2016), 66 (2022)

- Mentorship rate has increased from 23% in 2016 to 47%
- There is a need for more experienced mentors and opportunity for mid-level and senior faculty to mento
- Mentors want more recognition, credit, incentive, and dedicated FTE time
- Job satisfaction has decreased overall, from 75% mode slightly, or extremely satisfied in 2016 to 45% in 202
- Clinical Scholar and Clinical Educator tracks are less sa overall than other tracks

# Translational Research Barriers Survey: Key Findings

Obtaining timely IRB approval of the protocol and study materials was ranked as a moderate to major by 65% of respondents.

Recruiting adequately trained research staff was ranked as a moderate to major barrier by 77% of respondents. Lack of institutional infrastructure to assist with required reports and administrative tasks was ranked a moderate to major barrier by 77% of respondents.

Barriers in Translational Research Survey Collated Data

## C Standpoint Survey: RWJMS

	Appointment Status Department Type	ent Status	Departme	ent Type	Ra	Rank	Gender		Race/Ethnicity	hnicity	Administr
Score	Full-Time Part-Time		Basic Science	Clinical	Senior	Junior	Male	Female	Majority	Minority	Admin 刊相e
	%0.69	%9.69	%9.98	%6.99	%8'.29	%2'69	68.4%	%8'69	69.4%	71.5%	71.1%
1edical School	27.8%	66.1%	65.4%	57.4%	52.0%	64.0%	%2'29	61.4%	28.0%	63.1%	%6'29
Culture	48.8%	24.9%	%9.05	48.9%	41.8%	25.8%	48.3%	20.0%	49.1%	25.6%	47.2%
t Governance	29.0%	%6.99	81.4%	26.6%	27.3%	61.4%	%2.09	27.8%	29.8%	23.5%	59.1%
hool ance	31.2%	35.3%	25.7%	32.2%	25.1%	38.9%	30.6%	32.5%	30.8%	39.9%	32.6%
ip with sor	71.4%	84.4%	%9.68	%8.69	%2.69	74.3%	%2.69	75.8%	72.5%	71.2%	72.7%
portunities	23.9%	23.7%	52.3%	24.0%	52.3%	54.3%	54.3%	53.3%	23.5%	%2.09	21.7%
and Tenure ments	43.1%	53.3%	46.6%	43.3%	43.6%	43.9%	42.0%	45.6%	42.9%	51.5%	43.7%
Equality	60.4%	48.5%	%2.79	28.8%	%9'89	61.0%	64.2%	24.2%	60.2%	29.7%	61.3%
and ration	68.7%	72.7%	74.1%	68.2%	%9.99	71.1%	%9.89	%6.69	%2'69	69.1%	71.3%
tion and	%2'.29	29.3%	57.4%	27.8%	%2'99	58.1%	54.0%	62.7%	26.3%	74.5%	28.9%
cruitment and	39.9%	48.8%	34.8%	41.1%	34.1%	47.1%	37.7%	43.8%	39.7%	52.3%	43.1%
ersity and n	62.9%	%8'69	43.4%	65.8%	%2'.29	69.1%	%0.59	61.0%	63.1%	65.9%	64.5%
actice	48.9%	28.5%	N<5	49.4%	43.5%	54.6%	49.3%	49.6%	47.8%	%9:59	49.4%

MC StandPoint Survey: Faculty Executive Summary Report, Rutgers, Robert Wood Johnson Medical School

## C Standpoint Survey: RWJMS

two response options (e.g., strongly agree or agree)

## Graduation Questionnaire: NJMS

#### Strengths

- Science relevance and integration were 50th-75th percentile
- Pediatrics clerkship experiences were primarily rated 50<sup>th</sup>-75<sup>th</sup> or 75<sup>th</sup>-90<sup>th</sup> percentile
- "The diversity within my medical school class enhanced my training and skills to work with individuals from different backgrounds" was 90th percentile
- Office of the Dean for Educational Programs/Curricular Affairs rated >90<sup>th</sup> percentile for awareness of and responsiveness to student problems

## .MC Graduation Questionnaire Summary of Major Findings, NJMS Report

### Areas of Opportunity

- Basic sciences:
- Gross anatomy was 10th-25th percentile
- Many other sciences were 25th-50th percentile
- Family Medicine and Surgery clerkship experiences mostly rated 10th-25th percentile
- Psychiatry clerkship experiences mostly rated 25th-50th percentile
- Elective participation rated 25th-50th percentile for many options
- Most faculty professionalism categories ranked 25th-50th percenti
- Student satisfaction with library resources ranked <10<sup>th</sup> percentile

## Graduation Questionnaire: RWIMS

### Strengths

- nce education was >90th percentile
- inces as preparation for clinical clerkships and electives was 75th-90th+ percentile
- educational experiences in clinical clerkships
- tions were 75th-90th+ percentile
- esident teaching
- tions were 75th-90th+ percentile
- nd skills to work with individuals from different sity within my medical school class enhanced my inds" was >90th percentile
- aculty interaction was >90th percentile
- ning environment questions were 75th-90th+ percentile

### Areas of Opportunity

- Psychiatry quality of educational experiences was 50th percentile
- OB/Gyn, pediatrics, psychiatry, and surgery observed history and physical were between <10th and 10th-25th percentile
- Facilities and other student services satisfaction scores were below the national average
- Computer resource center/IT resources was 80% compared to 86% nationally
- Student relaxation space 61% was compared to 65% nationally
- Some behavior occurred more frequently than the national
- Never subjected to unwanted sexual advances was 95% vs 96% nationally (25th percentile)
- Never received lower evaluations based solely on race or ethnicity was 94% vs 96% (25th-50th percentile)
- Those who did not report incidents due to a fear of reprisal was 43% compared to 33% nationally

.MC Graduation Questionnaire Summary of Major Findings, RWJMS Report

## pendix M Interview lopsis

## osis of Interview between Committee Member and Senior Faculty oer/Administrator at Rutgers Law School

school merger is 7 years in and is still very controversial. It has met almost none of its stated goals and has preoccupied administrators, faculty and staff over the who sense that if it could be done over, a majority of the faculty would want to unwind it."

ndation based on their experience is to do the most limited merger possible to achieve specific functional goal(s), preserving the sovereignty and integrity of both mit the merger just to the operations that will function better as merged

ues/outcomes of the law school merger include:

perate the two schools as a single unit has proven to be extraordinary time consuming and "conflict intensive.

ed benefits were illusory. The merger was billed to help improve ratings and the quality of students and administrative efficiency, but, in reality, it has done none of tors are more overloaded, and there is an inefficient reporting structure. The co-dean structure is problematic as deans have different needs for their schools and

each other in order to move things forward. The administrations at each school need independence to move the school forward.

the merger have been "resentment, competition and inefficiencies."

ailed to anticipate how damaging the resentment would be.

e competition for resources has been brutal, generating resentment on both campuses.

emance has suffered significantly. It is very hard for faculty to have a voice when hundreds of faculty from these disparate campuses are all trying to work through a

ustrated having to travel back and forth 80 miles between the two campuses.

very unhappy.

## osis of Interview between Committee Member and Senior Faculty oer/Administrator at Rutgers Law School (continued)

### .: S

dation to speak with John Farmer, a former Dean who became General Counsel for the university, to share his view of what happened.

at two chancellors were involved has little bearing on these problems with the merger. There are issues about the budgets and competition, but the major issues an the schools spanning two chancellors. in has not been an issue. The accreditation visits have been quite straightforward and a chance to highlight problems to administration. The accreditation process se nedical schools for which the LCME's demands for equality at both campuses may be a significant constraint imposed by an external pressure that we can only gue

### we move forward with medical school integration:

lysis of what are the functions that should be shared and will be advantageous to share, for which economics of scale are convincing and all will see.

ve an eye on how to attract and retain talent, both faculty and administration. Law schools have lost a lot of staff who were overwhelmed.

t minimal merger and focus on the most obvious functions that leads to greater efficiency. Preserve as much sovereignty, faculty governance, and discretion.

imittee member) described issues with hospitals, the response was: "The questions won't be resolved later! The chasm will only grow. Questions that are not addre i obsession and will annoy everyone and there will be attrition, as people think 'this is not what I signed up for'

## osis of Interview between Committee Member and Senior Faculty oer/Administrator at Rutgers Law School (continued)

### mendations:

eve the maximum gain of goals with minimum integration, and a presumption of sovereignty.

functions that justify integration should be integrated, which will avoid some conflicts.

few fundamental aspects as possible. You can always add more later.

ively about fail-safe mechanisms in the event problems can and do arise. Put these in place ahead of time. How will conflicts between the schools be managed? Dor after the conflicts arise. Build in crisis avoidance mechanisms ahead of time, e.g., requiring a super majority for some changes, or having an empowered Task For

is to do more and have fail safe mechanisms."

## rview of Medical Student Curricula and arning Objectives endix N

## and RWJMS Year One Curriculum

Phase I: Core Biomedical Curriculum

lations of Body Systems (19	Musculoskeletal	Cardiovascular (6	Pulmonary (5 weeks)	Renal (3	Year One
eeks)	and	weeks)		weeks)	
	Integumentary				
	(6 weeks)				

Patient-Centered Medicine Thread and Longitudinal Health Equity and Social Justice Course

Service Learning, Humanism, Culturally Competent Quality Care, Interprofessional Education, Healthcare Systems and Prevention Threads

Physicianship/ Physician Developmen Sciences (16 t and
Structure Principles of Pharmacology, Disease, and Defense

provided by committee cochairs.

## and RWJMS Year Two Curriculum

				Phase I: Core Bio	Phase I: Core Biomedical Curriculum	ıum			
stive (5 weeks)		Genitourinary/Endocrinology (8 weeks)	crinology (8	Neuro/Psych weeks)	Neuro/Psych/Biostats (14 weeks)				
it-Centered Me	t-Centered Medicine Thread and Longitudinal Health Equity and Social Justice Course	Longitudinal Hea	alth Equity and Soo	cial Justice Cours		Year Two EPA OSCE	USMLE Study Time	Trans	Fransition to C
e Learning, Hu ealthcare Syst	e Learning, Humanism, Culturally Competent Quality Care, Interprofessional Education, and ealthcare Systems and Prevention Threads	Competent Qua	lity Care, Interprol	fessional Educati	on, and				
			Transitio the y	Transition block at the end of the year is continuous.	e end of uous.		Clerkships start at the end of the second year.	t at the d year.	Cleri
M2 Block	Integrated Systems and Disease 2 (5 weeks)	Intersession (2 weeks)	Integrated Systems and Disease 2	Intersession (2 weeks)	Clinical Neurology and Behavioral Science (10 weeks)	ogy Intersession (2 oral weeks)	End of Preclerkshi p Curriculu	Slerkship Transiti on (1 week)	Wome Childr (13
Course	Endocrinology and Reproduction	PDP	E	PDP	Head & Neck Clinical Neuro Behavioral Science	О	Preparatio n for USMLE Step 1 (6 weeks)		OB/G Pedia W&C Interce

icula provided by committee cochairs.

## and RWJMS Year Three Curriculum

Phase II: Core Clinical Clerkships and Clinical Electives

latory Primary Care (5	Medicine (10	Pediatrics (6	Surgery (8	OB/GYN	Neurology (4	<b>Psychiatry</b>
eeks)	weeks)	weeks)	weeks)	(6 weeks)	weeks)	weeks)

Six weeks of electives; two integrative weeks with year three EPA OSCEs (midyear and end of year)

Service Learning, Humanism, Culturally Competent Quality Care, Interprofessional Education, and Healthcare Systems and Prevention Threads

							Elective s
Inpat Di	Adult or Pediatric	Step Two CK	Electives	<ul><li>Emergency</li><li>Medicine</li><li>Neurology</li></ul>	<ul><li>Surgery</li><li>Medicine</li></ul>	Family Medicine Psychiatry FBH Intersession	Selectives .
				weeks)		(12 weeks)	
	weeks)			Learning (12		Disease 2	
	e (4	(4 weeks)	n (4 weeks)	and Critical		Integrated Systems and	
	Selectiv	Experiences	Personalizatio	Differentials,		Intersession and	
3	Care	Advanced Clinical	Exploration	Challenging	weeks)	(FBH)	
Subin	Critical	Transition to	Career	Rapid Diagnosis,	ehavioral Health Hospital Med. (12	ehavioral Health	

icula provided by committee cochairs.

## and RWJMS Year Four Curriculum

		Phase III: Acting Internships and Cli	Internships and Clinical Immersion Electives
rgency Medicine (4 weeks)	ine Acting Internship (20 weeks)	Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation (2 weeks)	Electives (20 weeks) Resident
		Year Four Graduation OSCE	ion OSCE
arning,	Humanism, Culturally Competent	Quality Care, Interprofessional Education, an	arning, Humanism, Culturally Competent Quality Care, Interprofessional Education, and Healthcare Systems and Prevention Threads
_			
Block Carr	Career Exploration, Enrichment, and Personalization (40 weeks)	Personalization (40 weeks)	Transition to Residency (4 weeks)
ectives/ Electiv es/ Boot Camp	ш	Electives	Specialty-Specific Boot Camps

icula provided by committee cochairs.

### -Year Curricula Options

three-year PACCE program places students in affiliated Family Medicine residency programs or the Pediatrics m, while NJMS's MD PC students are offered conditional acceptance into an affiliated Internal Medicine, ds, or Pediatrics residency following completion of their three-year curriculum.

		Pha	Phase I: Core Biomedical Curriculum	urriculum		
One Clinical mersion and pulation Health	Foundations of Body Systems	Musculoskeletal and Cardiovascular Integumentary	Cardiovascular	Pulmonary	Renal	Year One
(52 weeks)			Longitud	Longitudinal Preceptorship		
		Patient-Centered	Medicine Thread and L	Patient-Centered Medicine Thread and Longitudinal Health Equity and Social Justice Course	stice Course	
	Service Learning, Humanism, Culturally Competent	m, Culturally Competen	it Quality Care, Interprof	Quality Care, Interprofessional Education, and Healthcare Systems and Prevention Threads	stems and Prevention	Threads
Two Ambulatory Primary	Digestive	Genitourinary/ Endocrinology	Neuro/Psych/ Biostats			
Care/Clinical ective/Population	Longi	Longitudinal Preceptorship		Year Two EPA OSCE	USMLE Study Time	Transition Clerk
Health (44 weeks)	Patient-Centered Medicine Thread and Longitudinal Social Justice Course	Thread and Longitudina	al Health Equity and			
	Service Learning, Humanis	m, Culturally Competen	ıt Quality Care, Interprof	Service Learning, Humanism, Culturally Competent Quality Care, Interprofessional Education, and Healthcare Systems and Prevention Threads	stems and Prevention	Threads

icula provided by committee cochairs.

### -Year Curricula (continued)

	Emerg Me	
	Acting Internship Emerg	
ctives (55 weeks)	Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation	
ernships, and Clinical Electives (55 weeks)	Psychiatry	
ships, Acting Interns	Neurology	:
: Core Clinical Clerk	OB/GYN	
Phases II and III	Surgery	
	Pediatrics	
	ergency Medicine	

Longitudinal Preceptorship

Two weeks of elective; year three EPA OSCEs and graduation OSCE

vice Learning, Humanism, Culturally Competent Quality Care, Interprofessional Education, and Healthcare Systems and Prevention Threads

oduction	in Internal	Surgery	PACCE	Neurology	PACCE	OB/GYN	Elective	Pediatrics	Pediatrics Psychiatry PACCE	PACCE
Clinical	<b>Nedicine</b>	Clerkship (6	Orientation (1	Clerkship (3	Clinical	Clerkship (4 (2 weeks) (	(2 weeks)	Clerkship (3 Clerkship (	Clerkship (3	Clinical
Experienc		weeks)	week)	weeks)	Experien	weeks)		weeks)	weeks)	Experien
e (1	(6 weeks)				ce (7					ce (12
week)					weeks)					weeks)

urricula provided by committee cochair; RWJMS: FAM Report

### IE Accreditation Requirements Related to rriculum endix O

## le LCME Accreditation Requirements

### im and Learning Objectives

ty of a medical school define medical education program objectives in outcome-based terms that enable the assessment of medical students' progres g the competencies the profession and the public expect of a physician. The medical school makes these objectives known to all medical students and n, the medical school ensures the objectives for each required leaming experience (e.g., course, clerkship) are made known to all medical students ar esidents, and others with teaching and assessment responsibilities in those required experiences.

### e Opportunities

ty of a medical school ensure the curriculum includes elective opportunities that supplement required learning experiences and permit medical studen to and expand their understanding of medical specialties and to pursue their individual academic interests.

### mic Environments

ty of a medical school ensure that medical students have opportunities to learn in academic environments that permit interaction with students enro Ith professions, in graduate and professional degree programs, and in clinical environments where there are opportunities for interaction with physici medical education and continuing medical education programs.

E accreditation standards, 2023–2024.

# ble LCME Accreditation Requirements (continued)

### ar Management

school has an institutional body (i.e., a faculty committee) that oversees the medical education program as a whole and has responsibility for the overs inagement, integration, evaluation, and enhancement of a coherent and coordinated medical curriculum.

### Medical Educational Program Objectives

ty of a medical school, through the faculty committee responsible for the medical curriculum, ensure the medical curriculum uses formally adopted me n program objectives to guide the selection of curriculum content and to review and revise the curriculum. The faculty leadership responsible for each nd clerkship link the learning objectives of that course or clerkship to the medical education program objectives.

### ular Design, Review, and on/Content Monitoring

ty of a medical school, through the faculty committee responsible for the medical curriculum, are responsible for the detailed development, design, a ntation of all components of the medical education program, including the program objectives, the learning objectives for each required curricular se nal and assessment methods appropriate for the achievement of those objectives, content and content sequencing, ongoing review and updating of c lation of course, clerkship, and teacher quality. These medical education program objectives, learning objectives, content, and instructional and assessme are subject to ongoing monitoring, review, and revision by the responsible committee.

E accreditation standards, 2023–2024.

# ble LCME Accreditation Requirements (continued)

### on of Educational Program Outcomes

school collects and uses a variety of outcome data, including national norms of accomplishment, to demonstrate the extent to which medical students medical education program objectives and to enhance the quality of the medical education program as a whole. This data is collected during program t and after program completion.

### arability of Education/Assessment

school ensures the medical curriculum includes comparable educational experiences and equivalent methods of assessment across all locations within a nd clerkship to ensure that all medical students achieve the same medical education program objectives.

creditation standards, 2023–2024.





### LEADING HEALTHCARE FORWARD

September 21, 2022

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Steven Andreassen, JD Vice Chancellor and Chief of Staff Rutgers Biomedical and Health Sciences 89 French Street New Brunswick, New Jersey 08901-1935

### Dear Steve:

We are pleased to present this statement of work for ECG to provide Rutgers Biomedical and Health Sciences ("RBHS") with project management and advisory support associated with exploring and answering questions about the potential further integration of New Jersey Medical School (NIMS) and Robert Wood Johnson Medical School (RWJMS). We understand that the University Senate has issued a series of questions regarding this initiative, and that RBHS leadership has charged a series of committees with responding to the questions to inform the optimal structure for NJMS and RWJMS, examine key issues, and ultimately develop a proposal for what further integration may entail. RBHS is seeking consulting support to provide project management oversight and to facilitate meetings for these committees with the goal of bringing back recommendations to the University Senate in late January. We appreciate this opportunity to partner with RBHS again, and we believe you will find that in addition to our familiarity with Rutgers from past engagements, we have unmatched experience and expertise to assist you on this critical project. The remainder of this document outlines our project approach and scope of work, relevant ECG experience, project team, budget and timeline.

### Approach and Scope of Work

ECG will work closely with RBHS executive leadership and committee chairs to develop a detailed work plan to expeditiously address questions from the University Senate, gather input from a range of stakeholders, and support development of a proposal that can be brought forward for review in January. We understand that a number of work streams and corresponding committees have already been identified, including but not limited to:

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- Curriculum
- Admissions
- Culture and campus environment
- Others, as needed

ECG will support each work stream lead/committee chair to develop meeting agendas, prepare meeting materials, facilitate discussion with stakeholders, summarize takeaways and next steps, and develop report-outs to RBHS leadership and the University Senate. ECG will help to ensure that this is an objective process and will work with RBHS leadership to make opportunities available for a cross-sec-tional group of stakeholders to be represented and to be heard throughout the process – faculty, staff, clinical partners, community members, and others. In addition, ECG will support appropriate communi- cation throughout the process to keep stakeholders informed on progress and key issues.

### **Deliverables**

- Detailed project work plans for each committee
- Meeting materials for each committee meeting (e.g., agendas, meeting documents, recaps)
- Facilitate all committee meetings in coordination with committee chairs
- Recommendation/proposal for University Senate
- Ad hoc communications materials and support, as requested

This engagement is anticipated to conclude with the presentation of a recommendation or proposal to the University Senate in January. Should RBHS desire ongoing advisory or implementation support to move forward with the resultant recommendations, we will be available to do so and will work with you to develop a detailed work plan at that time.

### Relevant ECG Experience

ECG is appreciative to have had a long working relationship with RBHS, and we are confident that our experience and familiarity will reduce the need for a drawn-out fact finding process or getting up to speed on organizational structures and the nature and impacts of the integration and affiliations that have been accomplished in the past decade. ECG has familiarity with many senior administrators and faculty leaders in RBHS and a strong foundational knowledge of the current organizational model that



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will allow us to begin providing value-added support immediately. Over the past decade, ECG has partnered closely with RBHS on the following initiatives:

- Rutgers Health Group design and implementation (2014-2018)
- Managed care contracting support (2015-present)
- Faculty compensation planning (2016-2017)
- RHG interim leadership support (2016-2018)
- RWJB affiliation planning (2016-2017)
- Epic implementation support (2016-2018)
- Clinical incentive program (2017-2020)
- CINJ performance improvement (2017-2019)
- Fair market value analysis of faculty compensation (2017-current)
- RWJMS finance/budget support (2017-2018)
- RHG patient access (2018-2020)
- GME integration support (2018-2020)
- NJMS/UPA integration (2018-2020)
- RBHS strategic planning (2021-2022)

### Project Team

We recognize the importance of this initiative and have identified a project team with an exceptional depth and breadth of experience in and knowledge of this type of project as well as deep familiarity with RBHS and its medical schools and faculty. This team will be supported by additional consultants and subject matter experts as needed.



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Leah Gassett Project
Officer Principal



Leah heads ECG's Boston office and leads the firm's Academic Healthcare Division. She has spent the past 20 years helping academic healthcare organizations fulfill their missions through her expertise in university—health system affiliations; strategic planning; retreat facilitation; medical education programming across the continuum, including undergraduate, graduate, and continuing medical education; and organizational design that supports the integration of learning, discovery, and care delivery. Clients appreciate how Leah takes a genuine interest in getting to know them and their organi-

zations in order to develop partnerships grounded in mutual understanding and respect. She is a self- aware communicator who appreciates the importance of both how she listens and what she contrib- utes.

Since joining ECG's Academic Healthcare Division in 2006, Leah has facilitated complex projects for AMCs and their component entities. Recent examples of projects led by Leah include assisting one of the largest nonprofit health systems in the Southwest in selecting a top-ranked medical school partner and negotiating a major academic-clinical affiliation; designing the necessary organizational structure to successfully integrate a major health system and university within a newly established AHS; and ad- vising on the transformation of a large community hospital into a major teaching hospital. In addition, Leah has renegotiated multiple long-standing university—health system affiliations and developed stra- tegic plans for numerous highly ranked medical schools across the country. Leah led strategic planning efforts for RBHS in 2020.

For this engagement, Leah will serve as the project officer. In this role, she will participate in key meetings, be available as needed to RBHS leadership, and ultimately ensure the ECG project team's work meets or exceeds the high expectations of RBHS and our firm.



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### **Clay Tellers**

Senior Adviser *Principal* 



For more than 20 years, Clay has worked closely with the leadership of AMCs and health sciences centers (HSCs) to assess and improve the operational and financial performance of their organizations and align the investment of institutional resources with strategic objectives. Clay's clients rely on his deep expertise to guide them through some of their most highly complex initiatives, such as the development and implementation of contemporary affiliation and funds flow arrangements, resource

allocation methodol- ogies for supporting the tripartite mission,

plans, revised administrative organizational models, and strategic and business plans, including start-up requirements and projections for new SOMs and regional medical campuses. He has also served in interim financial and operational leadership positions for multiple SOMs and HSCs, providing stability and guidance in times of institutional transition. Clay is a regular speaker at national conferences for specialty-specific professional societies related to academic healthcare, as well as for the AAMC and MGMA.

For this engagement, Clay will serve in an advisory role and provide expertise for all things related to medical school organizational design.

turnaround and sustainability

### **Evan Lynch-Throne**

Senior Adviser

Associate

Principal



Evan is a senior member of ECG's Academic Healthcare Division and leads

ECG's Children's service line. Over his 15-plus years in healthcare, Evan has worked closely with AMCs, children's hospitals, and community health sys- tems on a wide variety of strategic and business planning initiatives. His di- verse healthcare experience in and outside of consulting enables him to win the trust and confidence of health system and university executives and physician leaders, and Evan regularly assists organizations with complex and politically charged initiatives. His primary areas of expertise include

hospital-physician integration, partnerships and affiliations, and strategic financial planning. He has led



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engagements focused on developing hospital-to-hospital partnerships, strategic plans, and faculty compensation plans; crafting academic affiliation agreements; designing and implementing integrated physician organizations; and negotiating multispecialty professional services agreements. Evan led a range of work streams with RBHS from 2015 through 2019 and has in-depth working knowledge of the organizational structure, and is currently supporting RBHS with work related to valuation of faculty compensation.

For this engagement, Evan will serve in an advisory role and provide recommendations and expertise on the implications of potential recommendations within the RBHS organizational environment.

ECG will assign a dedicated seasoned project management who will be primarily focused on this work to ensure timeline expectations are met.

### Budget and Timing

We are prepared to begin work on this engagement immediately upon receiving your authorization to proceed. We charge for our services based on the professional fees and project-related expenses incurred. In developing project budgets, we estimate hours required by each team member multiplied by our standard hourly rates. Our standard hourly rates are summarized in table 1. Based on the proposed scope of work and timeline of approximately three and half months, we estimate that the monthly professional fees associated with this engagement will be between \$80,00 and \$100,000 per month and will not exceed \$350,000 in total without your prior authorization.

TABLE 1: ECG Standard Hourly Rates

Description	Rate
Partner	Competitive Disadventage
Principal	
Associate Principal	
Senior Manager	
Manager	
Senior Consultant	



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Project-related expenses are billed in addition to professional fees. These expenses include (1) direct out-of-pocket expenses such as travel, meals, and lodging and (2) a charge of 5% of professional fees for all other expenses, including document production and indirect administrative expenses such as technology, research and benchmarking databases, and communications. In total, project-related ex- penses are estimated to be approximately 8% to 12% of professional fees. If the majority of this en- gagement is conducted virtually, travel expenses will be minimal, and project-related expenses will be accordingly lower (however, ECG is prepared to be on site as frequently as necessary).

During this engagement, we will bill Rutgers monthly for our services based on the actual fees and project-related expenses incurred, including the actual number of hours spent. Monthly payments are expected within 15 business days of receipt of invoice.

Invoices will be sent to:

### Kathleen Bramwell, MBA

Senior Vice Chancellor, Finance and Administration Rutgers
Biomedical and Health Sciences
Child Health Institute of New Jersey, Room 4103 89
French Street
New Brunswick, New Jersey 08901-1935

### Terms and Conditions

This agreement ("Agreement") outlines the services to be provided by ECG ("Services") and shall be subject to ECG's standard terms and conditions, as set forth below.

- Any changes to the Agreement must be confirmed in writing by ECG and the client. Notwithstanding the foregoing, ECG's hourly rates are subject to adjustment annually on October 1 and upon a particular consultant's promotion in rank.
- The Services are not a work for hire. ECG retains full ownership of its data and information, including, without limitation, playbooks, pricing information and commercial strategies, technical know-how and trade secrets, supplier information, notes, analyses, compilations, forecasts, studies, work product, data, and other materials prepared by ECG ("ECG Data"). ECG grants the client a limited, revocable, nonexclusive, nontransferable, nonsublicensable license to use any of the ECG Data provided by ECG to the client as part of the Services.



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- The Services are intended solely for the client's internal use and may not be used externally nor
  included in or referred to in any offering statement, purchase or financing agreement, or other
  document without ECG's written approval. Depending on the proposed use, such approval may require
  additional work and associated expenses.
- The client acknowledges that, in the course of this engagement, ECG may provide third-party data
  that is used under license by ECG. No sublicense is created by the inclusion of this data in ECG
  documents, and the client agrees that this data is for the client's internal use only, in connection
  with the Services, and may not be used for any other purposes or shared with third parties.
- ECG will maintain as confidential all data and other information, either written or verbal, the client provides to ECG in connection with the Services ("Client Data") and will not disclose it to any third party without the client's prior approval, except in response to a subpoena or court order.
- If ECG is required to respond to any subpoena, reply to any request for production of docu-ments
  or interrogatories, or appear for deposition in any hearing or civil proceeding arising from matters
  pertaining to the Agreement, the client shall reimburse ECG for all expenses and professional time at
  ECG's standard rates.
- ECG may use Client Data for research and internal business purposes, including as a source for or
  contribution to benchmarking tools or reports developed by ECG. Certain benchmarking tools and
  reports developed by ECG may be shared with third parties, including other clients of ECG. If any
  Client Data is utilized in a benchmarking tool or report shared with third parties, it will be
  deidentified or aggregated with data from other sources (including, but not limited to, other ECG
  clients, surveys, and third-party products and tools purchased by ECG) such that the confidentiality of
  the Client Data will be maintained.
- To the extent the Services require the Disclosure of Protected Health Information (as those terms
  are defined in HIPAA) to ECG, the client shall limit such Disclosures to the minimum amount of
  Protected Health Information necessary for the Services. In addition, the client shall ensure any
  electronic Protected Health Information it discloses to ECG has been encrypted.
- For the term of the Agreement and one year after its expiration or termination, the client agrees that it will not hire any employee of ECG who worked on this engagement. In the event the client hires an ECG employee who participated in this engagement, the client agrees to pay ECG an amount equal to the employee's first-year base salary, provided that the client may



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generally advertise available positions and hire ECG employees who either respond to such ad- vertisements or who come to the client on their own initiative without direct or indirect en- couragement from the client.

- Any disputes that may arise in connection with the Agreement that cannot be mutually re-solved shall be submitted to binding arbitration under the rules and procedures of the Ameri-can Arbitration Association.
- ECG's liability for damages relating to or arising from the Services provided under this Agree- ment will be limited to gross negligence, fraud, or willful misconduct and shall not exceed the total amount paid for the Services described herein. Furthermore, the client agrees that ECG will not be liable for any lost revenue or for any claims or demands against the client by any other party. In no event will ECG be liable under any legal theory for any indirect, incidental, punitive, or consequential damages, even if ECG has been advised of the possibility of such damages. No action, regardless of form, arising out of the Services may be brought by either party more than three years after the date of the last Services provided under the Agreement.

\* \* \* \* \* \*

We appreciate the opportunity to work with you on this important project. We will follow up with you after you have had a chance to review this document. Please contact us if you have any questions in the meantime.

Very truly yours,
ECG MANAGEMENT CONSULTANTS

Sent M. Gassett Leah Gassett

Principal and Academic Healthcare Division Leader

0100.109\637549



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Please sign and return a copy indicating your acceptance of this proposal.

Acknowledged and Accepted By:

RUTGERS BION	MEDICAL AND	HEALTH	SCIENCES
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10/20/2022 41087141PM EDT	
Signature Signature	Date
Nimish Patel	AVP Proc rement and CPO
Name (print)	Title
Acknowledged and Accepted By:	
ECG MANAGEMENT CONSULTANTS	
September 2/ 2020 Date Sassett	
Signature	
Leah Gassett	Principal
Name (print)	Title





### STATEMENT OF WORK

### THIS FORM SHOULD BE COMPLETED BY THE DEPARTMENT AND SUBMITTED WITH AN RU MARKETPLACE SERVICE REQUEST FORM AS AN EXTERNAL ATTACHMENT

Provide the details regarding the proposed Statement of Work (SCW). If all or part of the details are provided on Supplier's letterhead, indicate "see attached" in each appropriate section below, and effect the documentation hereto, which shall be incorporated herein.

Name(s) and contact information for the Rutgers' personnel responsible for accepting the deliverables:	Name(s) and contact information for the Supplier's personnel responsible for performing the services:
RUTGERS BUSINESS UNIT: RBICS CONTACT NAME: Ragas Corston PHONE: (752) 235-9117 EMAIL: darnhara@fibhs.rutgers.adu	SUPPLIER NAME: Jans Orlowski CONTACT NAME: Jans Orlowski PHONE: (202) 207-6149 EMAIL
Start Date of Engagement: 10/19/2022	End Date of Engagement; 91/31/2023

### Detailed description of the services to be performed, including location (sitisch additional sheets, if recovery):

In a September 21, 2022, message to the RBHS community, Chancellor Strom outlined a process to envision the future of academic medicine at Rutgers University and assess and make recommendations related to the optimal structure for Rutgers' two medical schools. By real-fall, a series of committees will be appointed and charged to develop responses to questions posed by the University Senate and

by mo-lat, a series of committees we be appointed and charged to develop responses to questions posed by the University Senate and explore the possibilities for enliquation in at least three key areas: admissions, curriculum, and campus identity/culture. The target for completion, to meet the Senate's schedule; in the end of CY22.

To complete this review REHS requires an expert consultant with expensions and in the structures and functions of medical schools and their core missions throughout the United States, LCME accreditation standards, and medical education curriculum design.

### Detailed list of deliverables (e.g., report, presentation, data analysis, drawings, etc.), including any milestones:

The content expert list of deliverables foliationer Altered all meetings of the admission and curriculum committees. Respond to technical questions, Advise the medical school deans and chancellor on the state of the art in medical school edimenstrative structure, cutting edge medical school curriculum technology and design, admissions fromts. Research and respond to technical questions from committee members, project facilitation, deans, and chancelor, Provide expert advice on admissions, curriculum design, mission fulfillment, and current admissions structures; and Access with development and edding of committee work product and deliverables.

### **FEES & EXPENSES**

Pulgors agrees to pay Supplier a fee, detailed below, the total amount due upon completion of all Services and acceptance of all deliverables, unless the Praties agree to a payment schedule detailed below. If all or part of the details are provided on Supplier's letterhead, indicate "see attached" in each appropriate section below, and attach the documentation hereto, which shall be incorporated herein.

TOTAL FEE TO BE PAID:	\$ 58,800 DD		
	Payment:	chedule (if applicable)	
Paymont t	Due Date:	1	
Payment 2	(Nan Chalar	1 8	
Paymont 3	Due Date:	\$	

Rutgers DOES NOT AGREE to separately remburse Supplier for any expen	D	IN DIDES NOT AGREE to se	paralisly remburse Supplier for an	/ нирепече
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OF

Rutgers agrees to remiture Supplier for the reasonable expenses. If Sutgers agrees to pay for reasonable expenses, Supplier shall provide Rutgers with the expense dotal, including original accepts for reimbursiers of actual expenses incurred, in accordance with applicable Rutgers travel and business expense policies. Detail expense type(x) (e.g., transportation, hotel, meah, etc.) and estimated amount(s) Detail.

Travet and expenses retated to the project.

### RESOLUTION OF A VOTE OF NO CONFIDENCE IN THE LEADERSHIP OF RUTGERS PRESIDENT JONATHAN HOLLOWAY

WHEREAS: Rutgers University President Jonathan Holloway has taken actions towards the Rutgers community that reflect a dismissal of norms for shared governance, a disregard for labor rights, and a disdain for the diverse community of students, staff, and faculty across all Rutgers campuses; these actions have included the following significant breaches of trust:

- 1. Threatening to file an injunction and potentially have academic workers arrested for exercising their right to withhold their labor, and subsequently encouraging the students of those employees to report them to University Human Resources;
- 2. Refusing to complete labor contracts without significant external pressures until almost one full year of adversarial negotiations had passed, and subsequently refusing to support good-faith implementation of those contracts;
- 3. Permitting the approval of a merger of the Robert Wood Johnson Medical School and the New Jersey Medical School despite significant opposition from the medical school community and while rejecting Rutgers University policy requiring University Senate approval of academic unit mergers;
- 4. Refusing to respond to subsequent Senate efforts recommending a pause in the merger process and requesting reconciliation of the fracture in shared governance caused by his actions;
- 5. Overseeing a 6% increase in tuition, 5% for housing rates and 7% increase in dining fees for Rutgers students announced after the deadline for student matriculation, and blaming the increase on faculty salaries despite receiving substantial direct aid from the state government expressly to be used for contractual salary raises;
- 6. Dismissing with no explanation a highly-effective, popular, widely-respected, and nationally recognized campus chancellor, counter to the recommendations of a campus committee tasked with conducting a year-long, comprehensive review of her performance, an action that directly hampers campus efforts towards higher education access and inclusion; and
- 7. Limiting his engagement with the University Senate to a single planned address at the February 2024 meeting, following months of contentious relations with the Senate and Rutgers community more broadly, and by so doing curtailing a standard and central practice of shared governance one in which he participated multiple times each year of his presidency to date (including 7 Senate meetings in 2022-23).

WHEREAS: The University Senate has, on multiple occasions, passed resolutions and otherwise communicated with President Holloway the positions of the University community on shared governance and academic labor issues that he has ignored or rejected, including:

- a Senate resolution asking him to promote efficient and collegial negotiations that serve the best interests of the community (https://senate.rutgers.edu/report/resolution-on-labor-relations/; 9/2022)
- a Senate resolution asking him to affirm the right of academic workers to refuse to cross picket lines, and commit to taking no retaliatory actions against striking workers (https://senate.rutgers.edu/report/resolution-on-honoring-picket-lines/; 3/2023);

- a Senate resolution asking him to refrain from filing injunctions against striking workers, along with granting Senate and academic labor union access to university-wide email lists for information sharing (https://senate.rutgers.edu/report/resolution-on-promoting-a-beloved-community-through-fair-and-equitable-contract-negotiations-and-refraining-from-injunctions/; 4/2023);
- a Senate resolution asking him to postpone the Board of Governors' vote on the medical schools merger in order for the Senate to complete its role in the shared governance process with respect to unit mergers (https://senate.rutgers.edu/report/resolution-on-postponing-the-board-of-governors-vote-on-the-medical-schools-merger/; 7/2023); and
- a Senate resolution asking him to take measures to remediate the impacts of University Policy violations related to the proposed medical schools merger vote (https://senate.rutgers.edu/report/resolution-on-remediating-university-policy-violations-related-to-the-proposed-medical-school-merger/; 7/2023);

### and

WHEREAS: The Rutgers University Senate represents faculty, students, staff, and alumni, and is charged with ensuring the best interests of the University community;

BE IT RESOLVED that the University Senate finds President Holloway's performance as detailed above to be so far from promoting the best interests of the University community and sustaining historical practice that it has lost confidence in his ability to effectively lead this institution.